REGD. NO. B. 1065 REGD. NO. B. 1065

PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XXIII NO. 159 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

Ominous Situation Develops in Far East Again

Jap Ambassador's "Series Of Demands" On China

Shanghai Weekly Article Alleged To Be Derogatory To Emperor.

JAPANESE FLAGSHIP POSTPONES DEPARTURE

NANKING, July 4.

The dangerous Sino-Jap situation is being discussed at Chengtu where General Hwang Chaoh Siung, the Governor of Chekiang, and Chu Chia Hua, Minister for Communications arrived by air to confer with General Chiang Kai Shek.

"SERIES OF DEMANDS"

The trouble is a sequel to the publication of an article in Shanghai Chinese Weekly alleged to be derogatory to the Japanese Emperor. The Japanese Ambassador presented the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs a series of demands including the dismissal of Chinese Director of Social Affairs in the Municipality of Greater Shanghai and the abolition of the Kuomintang headquarters in Shanghai and the suppression of Blue Shirts, the "Sino-Fascist Party" of Shanghai.

The Chinese authorities have agreed to suspend the offending weekly and punish the editor and writer of the article.—Reuter.

INFLAMMATORY HANDBILLS

SHANGHAI (Later).

Ominous situation is developing here as a result of the Japanese demands.

The Japanese flagship, cruiser "Iwate" postponed its scheduled departure indefinitely and inflammatory handbills are being distributed among the Japanese community by unruly elements some of whom are spoiling for trouble.—Reuter.

IMPERIALISTS IN CONFERENCE

Baldwin's Unctuous Talk About That "Great Adventure" In India

LONDON, July 4.

The first important function in the programme of events arranged for 55 prominent empire legislators assembled in London was held in the historic Westminster Hall.

The visitors are state premiers and members of Dominion and Colonial parliaments from all parts who are attending the conference of empire parliamentary association at which matters of common British concern will be discussed.

The Speaker of the House of Commons presided.

Supported by Messrs. Baldwin and MacDonald and most members of the Cabinet, Mr. Baldwin proposed the toast of Overseas colleagues and said the failures of parliamentary government in countries wherein it is not traditional and not hereditary, did not prove the failure of the system. When it had failed the empire, it will be time to acknowledge the failure.

Welcoming overseas visitors Mr. Baldwin offered special welcome to the delegates from India "Where they are now about to take a long step forward in that great adventure with which we have been occupied so long. We wish them all happiness and success in the great experiment and trust they profit by our mistakes, shun our vices and copy our virtues, if any!—Reuter.

HAPSBURGS' RETURN

Archduke Otto Wants Approval Of All Parties

BRUSSELS, July 4.

Archduke Otto in an interview with Reuter admitted that negotiations were progressing for the return of the Hapsburg dynasty.

The Archduke added he will not return to Austria without the full approval of all the parties concerned.

He had a meeting with Mr. Karwinsky, the Austrian Undersecretary for the Department of Justice now in Brussels, who, according to some quarters is offering the return of the confiscated Hapsburg property if the Archduke promises not to return at present.—Reuter's Special.

(Earlier Telegrams on page 7.)

Speaker Comes To Malcolm's Rescue

Stops Hecklers On Eden's 'Offer' To Mussolini

Suggestion Hedged In With Conditions, Pleads MacDonald

LONDON, July 4.

The feeling widely aroused in the House of Commons on July 1, when Capt. Eden announced the proposed offer of British territory to Italy to assist the settlement of the Italo-Abyssinian dispute found a further outlet this afternoon in a spate of questions by Mr. Dickie who recalled the treaties of 1884 and 1886 whereunder, on the withdrawal of Egyptian protection from Somali territory the leading Mahommedan chiefs and inhabitants voluntarily expressed their desire to place their territories under the jurisdiction of Queen Victoria.

NO NEGOTIATIONS.

The questioner asked if any negotiations were held between the Governor and inhabitants of these areas which was proposed transfer to another government.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald said, in view of the tentative nature of Capt. Eden's suggestion to Sgr. Mussolini there have been no negotiations. Tribes' interests would have been consulted if the suggestion had gone any further.

In the course of reply to other hecklers, he pointed out that the principal port of British Somaliland was Berbera and not Zeila which place had been given prominence in connection with the offer.

Capt. Wise reminded Mr. MacDonald of the intense feeling aroused on the previous occasion of their transfer of Somalis to Italians.

ASSURANCES TO COMMONS.

Replying to the later question, Capt. Eden recapitulated the circumstances often offer and said, "had Sgr. Mussolini favourably received the suggestion we should have immediately consulted France." He assured the House that no offer of territory had become effective before the House of Commons were informed.

The whole subject was likely to be thoroughly ventilated in the Foreign Office debate next Thursday.

THE OFFERED TERRITORY.

At a later stage during question time Mr. Malcolm Macdonald said the territory embraced in Capt. Eden's tentative suggestion was Port Zeila with corridor roughly fifty miles long, and twelve wide to link up with Ethiopia. The population of Zeila fluctuated seasonally from 3,000 in summer to 7,000 in winter.

The Hinterland is not permanently populated but visited by nomadic tribesmen in certain seasons.

There were cheers from all parts of the House when Capt. Peter Macdonald asked whether Government, before making further tentative suggestions consider very seriously the disquieting effect this may have on the native tribes throughout the empire.

Mr. Malcolm Macdonald recalled Capt. Eden's suggestion hedged with the condition as regards the grazing rights mentioned on July 1.

The speaker put a stop to further attempts at questions in the matter.—Reuter.

BRITAIN & ABYSSINIA

No Action Will Be Taken Without Consulting Dominions

LONDON, July 4.

Reuter understands the centre of gravity in the Abyssinian problem has presently shifted to Paris where Britain is making soundings on the basis of British collective obligations as member of the League.

British policy seems to be not to shirk obligations but cannot be expected to bear the whole burden of action alone if other countries decline to take share. There is no reason to believe that Britain will take the initiative for the imposition of economic sanctions bending her energies to prevent the outbreak of hostilities on the governing condition that she cannot be expected to undertake alone any risks likely to arise in the process. No action will be taken without the consultation to dominions.

One of the questions being, carefully considered is the possible effect of hostilities with Abyssinia on the other parts of Africa where natives are closely watching the progress of the dispute.—Reuter's Special.

FOR AUSTRIA'S INDEPENDENCE

Rome Welcomes Hapsburgs' Proposed Return

ROME, July 4.

The Austrian Government's decision to legalise the return of the Hapsburgs was welcomed here. It is felt that the eventual return of the Hapsburgs will be a strong factor in the maintenance of the country's independence.—Reuter's Special.

GERMANY WATCHES AUSTRIAN EVENTS

But Has No Intention Of Interfering

BERLIN, July 4.

Newspapers do not comment on the Hapsburg move. The official commentator said that the Government is watching the events in Austria with the greatest attention but had no intention of interfering. It is more a matter for the states which once formed the Austro-Hungarian monarchy.—Reuter's Special.

PRINCESS OF WALES STAKES

Fairbairn Wins By Three Lengths

LONDON, July 4.

The Princess of Wales stakes run at Newmarket over a distance of one mile four furlongs resulted as follows:—

FAIRBAIRN	1
ADEPT	2
BLACK DEVIL	3

Nine ran: The race was won by three lengths. Four lengths separated the second and third.

Starting prices: 5—2 Fairbairn, 8—1 Adept, 10—1 Black Devil.—Reuter's Special.

EX-ARCHDUKE DEAD

BERLIN, July 4.

Death has occurred of Leopold Woelfling ex-Archduke Leopold Ferdinand of Austria who renounced the title in 1902 when he married the Vienna actress.

He lived in Switzerland on an allowance from his uncle Emperor Franz Josef until the latter's death after which he was alternately an insurance agent, green grocer and general agent at Vienna. He appeared on the Berlin stage in the role of the decadent Archduke and married for the third time in Berlin two years ago.—Reuter's Special.

STOP PRESS

10 INJURED IN LORRY ACCIDENT.

FEROZEPUR CANTT. July 4.

A lorry carrying passengers collided with the 377 up mixed train at the level crossing in the Vihari Railway Station limits on the Lodhran-Kasur Section and about 10 persons were injured, the majority receiving simple hurt, says a message received from the Divisional Superintendent, Ferozepore Cantonment, N. W. Railway.—A. P.

TWO KILLED IN RIOT.

LUCKNOW, July 4.

A message from Bareilly says that serious rioting between two parties of Kisans and Ahirs resulting in two deaths and injuries to four occurred in the village of Sarati, Police circle Bhamora.

It is reported that the occurrence was a sequel to a dispute in connection with the sowing of tobacco in a field. Two persons were killed on the spot and four were seriously injured, two of whom are lying in a precarious condition. Police have arrested two.—A. P.

HAPSBURGS' BANISHMENT ANNULLED

(Special Cable.)

VIENNA, July 4.

The State Council approved the Governments' measure repealing the Law of Banishment against the Hapsburgs and restoring the family estates and fortune. The Cabinet has sent two of its members on a sudden, mysterious flights. Prince Starhemberg, Vice-Chancellor, and M. Fey, Commissioner of Defence left by air for Rome and Budapest respectively. It is believed that the former is going to Signor Mussolini with regard to the latest Hapsburg developments while M. Fey is communicating with the Hungarian Legitist leaders.

TWO YEARS FOR SEDITION

Dr. Indra Narayan Sen Gupta Convicted

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Dr. Indra Narayan Sen Gupta, president of the Bengal Congress Nationalist Party who presided over the last Bengal Political Conference, was sentenced this afternoon to two years' rigorous by the Additional District Magistrate, Alipore, on a charge of sedition in connection with a speech delivered at the Deshbandhu Park, North Calcutta, on the occasion of the National Week Celebrations on 6th April.

Sen Gupta was arrested at Magura, Jessore, while on tour several weeks later.—A. P.

COTTON SPINNING INDUSTRY BILL

Will Be Taken Up This Session If Commons Agree

LONDON, July 4.

The Cotton Spinning Industry Bill will be proceeded with this session only if general agreement throughout the House can be obtained, said Premier Baldwin at question time replying to Mr. A. C. Crossley.—Reuter's Special.

Walter Stanley Talbot Dead

LONDON, July 4.

The death has occurred of Mr. Walter Stanley Talbot.—Reuter's Special.

(Mr. Walter Talbot, I.C.S., was Settlement Commissioner, Kashmir from 1903 to 1917 in which year he retired).

BANK OF FRANCE REDUCES DISCOUNT RATE

PARIS, July 4.

The Bank of France discount rate has been reduced from 5 to 4 per cent.—Reuter's Special.

RAJEN BABU'S TOUR PROGRAMME

Andrews To Meet Congress President At Patna

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, July 4.

Babu Rajendra Prasad who will arrive at Chapra on July 7 will be present at the opening of the Mahendra Mandir there on the same date. In accordance with the present programme he will be at the Ziradei Village Home on the 8th and 9th July arriving at Patna either on the 9th night or the 10th morning. He is expected to be at Patna on the 10th and 11th July and at Manjhaulia (Darbhanga) on the 12th July to visit the Mahila Vidyapith there.

Mr. C. F. Andrews is also expected here on the 10th to meet Rajendra Babu on his way to Bolpore.

Quetta Child Refugee Arrives At Plymouth

LONDON, July 4.

Miss Joan Robinson five-year old survivor of the Quetta earthquake arrived at Plymouth to-day and was met by her aunt Mrs. E. B. Redman.

Miss Joan is not yet aware that her parents were killed on the earthquake.—Reuter's Special.

An epidemic of cholera on a small scale has occurred in Kashmir province, in which five villages have been effected and 20 cases of attacks and 12 deaths have resulted.

Jamnalal Bajaj At Karachi

KARACHI, July 4.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj who arrived here yesterday, will stay here for the week during which he will discuss relief measures with the Quetta refugees.—A. P.

MUSLIM LEAGUE BESTIRS ITSELF

Meeting Of July 21 Will Consider Collections For Quetta Victims

DELHI (By Mail).

A joint meeting of the All-India Muslim League and the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim Conference will be held in Delhi on July 21, at 4 p.m., at the office of the League at Balli Maran.

The agenda includes the raising of funds for the Quetta sufferers and consideration of Section 304 of the Government of India Bill and any action that may be thought fit to be taken.—A. P.

CALCUTTA MAN'S LUCK

AGARTALA (BENGAL), July 4.

Luck has favoured Mr. Abdul Ahad of Calcutta, who has secured the first prize in the Tripura Charity Lottery this year fetching the sum of Rs. 34,008.—United Press.

INDIA BEAT TARANAKI

WELLINGTON, July 4.

India beat Taranaki by three goals to nil.—Reuter.

Observe Quetta Day To-day

The Honorary Secretaries of the Bombay-Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee have issued the following appeal:—

Once again we have to remind the citizens of Bombay that today, the 5th of July, has been fixed by the Committee as "Quetta Collection Day" for collecting relief for those sufferers who have been rendered destitutes as a result of the unfortunate earthquake catastrophe.

ONE RUPEE COUPONS

The Committee has issued thousands of coupons of the uniform token value of one rupee. These will be available at the Congress House to such of our workers as desire to move among their friends and do collections. Besides these coupons, collections will be made in sealed boxes which will be moved mostly in business localities.

The task which the Committee has undertaken is stupendous and unless hundreds of selfless workers spontaneously come forward to assist the Committee, we are afraid, precious little will be done. We have every confidence in the public of Bombay that they will undertake their responsibility in right earnest and make the mass collections a big success.

APPEAL TO OFFICE PEOPLE

Coupons are principally meant for office people who cannot make big donations. If we can secure the services of one willing worker in every office, we can reasonably expect a good collection in the offices.

College and school students have often requested our Committee to allow them to make collections in schools and colleges. Here is an opportunity for them to contribute their mite to this great humanitarian cause. The Committee expects them to play their part in these collections.

The coupons and boxes will be distributed at the Congress House during office hours, to-day.

TABULATED ADLETS

ONE Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Canvassers to canvass shares of a sugar concern—convincingly safe and most paying. For particulars apply to or see Mr. M. K. Paranjape, C|o Empire Hotel, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay. Time 12 a.m. to 3 p.m. (4478).

Are you unemployed? Better be registered with Royal Service Agency, Employment Specialists rendering valuable assistance to all seeking employments. Clerical, Educational and Technical lines. Apply 369-371, Third floor, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (4482).

Wanted Non-Matriculates and Highly Educated Persons at Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 p.m. Cash Security Rs. 100. Five years contract increment Rs. 5. Send stamped cover to Trilok Life and Fire Insurance Co., Kallar. (4475).

Wanted Advocate (O. S.) to coach LL.B. Student thrice a week, 1-1|2 hour each. State lowest, terms. Apply Box No. 4468, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Graduate with English and Sanskrit or English and Gujarati to work as a High School teacher. Apply stating age, qualifications, minimum salary expected, etc., to the Head Master, S. H. High School, Dholka Dist. Ahmedabad. (1298).

Wanted Agents and Organisers to push on our Novel Marriage Insurance Scheme on pay and commission or both. Apply, the National Industrial Assurance Co., Ltd., Jullundhur City. (4422).

Wanted—Intelligent, Matriculated, diligent youths under twenty for Electric apparatus manufacture. Partial investment essential. One year's unpaid training free. Apply Box No. 4425, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Branch Secretaries, Superintendents, lady superintendents and agents upto Rs. 250 p. m. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore. (4423)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Learn Shorthand by post in six weeks. Booklet free. International Correspondence College, Post Box 412, Calcutta. (4460).

Senior Cambridge Institute has got an up-to-date staff to coach you for Cambridge examinations. Last date of enrollment for December examination 10th July. Apply immediately Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises near Pathe Cinema, Lamington Road. (1176).

American Dental College—Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. 4307

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

To lend Rupees Three Lakhs on Bombay properties. No brokers to write. Please write to Box No. 4472, "Bombay Chronicle."

Anand & Co., Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, negotiate confidentially Loans on personal security to Civil and Military officers, mortgage of property, etc., on most reasonable terms. Enquiries invited. (1262).

Ten Monthly Eight-Rupee-Instalments. Liquidate 75-Rupee-Loan-and-Interest. Consult the Dwarkabai Memorial Savings and Loans Office, Nowroji Street, Thakurdwar. (4379).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Appreciable extraordinary delicious Bombay, Langra, Krishen Bhog mangoes Rs. 5 per 100 net. Safe arrival guarranteed season poor. Advance immediately Grafts Catalogue Free. Supdt. Raja Nursery, Darbhanga, No. 21, (Behar). (4420)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Marriage Financial Aid. Given up to Rs. 100 by purchasing marriage gift certificates of rupee one each. Admission as. 4. Chief Agents and Organisers wanted. Lakshmi Bonds Corp. Ltd., 35 Nisbat Road, Lahore. (4424).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALI NEMAZI, AZIZ DEHDASHTI, KHALIL DEHDASHTI and FERDOSE, daughter of Mahomed Husain Dehdashti and wife of Ahmed Nemazi have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Quit and Ground Rent tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Meadow Street and Rope Walk Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,353 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9491 and Cadastral Survey No. 123 of the Fort Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward, Nos. 1122-23 and 1180 and Street Nos. 11 and 19, 136-140 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Nehan Joshua Abraham, on or towards the South partly by the property of Godrej Meherban Irani and partly by the property of N. M. Petit, on or towards the East by Meadows Street and on or towards the West by Rope Walk Lane.

Bombay dated this 3rd day of July, 1935.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1313

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PARVATIBAI VASANTRAO RAOTE has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon the said lands, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required within 14 days from the date hereof to make the same known in writing to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay or to the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay or to the undersigned at their Office within the Fort at 41, Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay and that otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to such claim, if any and the same will be considered as having been waived and void.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Pension and Tax tenure situate at Khotas Oart near Girgaum Back Road in the City of Bombay together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 261 square yards or thereabouts and situated within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 204, New No. 619, Old Survey No. 545, New Survey No. 7860 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1311 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes and Taxes under D Ward No. 1129, Street No. 76, New Street No. 18 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Trimbak Jagannathji, on or towards the West by the property of Krishnarao Antoba Chemburker, on or towards the North by the Public Passage called Khotachiwadi, on or towards the South by the property of Harischandra Ramji.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1935.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1312

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

Does it trouble you? If so, please get a free particulars to know about the safe, sure, guaranteed specific of the day—Mooktae Healing Home, Kaliyaganj, E.B., India.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of three Pupil Nurses in the Municipal Maternity Homes. The applicants should have sufficient knowledge of English to follow the lectures given in that language, should be between 20 and 30 years of age and should submit two satisfactory references as to their conduct, one of which should be from a respectable lady. The selected candidates will have to work in the Maternity Homes for nine months and will then be transferred for a period of three months for training in one of the larger Hospitals. After the completion of the course, they can appear for the examination held by the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association. A stipend of Rs. 20 P.M. will be paid to the selected candidates for a period of twelve months.

Applications with School Leaving Certificates should reach the undersigned not later than the 15th July, 1935.

J. S. NERURKER,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt.,
Bombay, 3rd July 1935.
1315

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

SALE WILL BE HELD AT BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES AT JULLUNDER.

By order of the Official Assignee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 9th July 1935, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at our Rooms the Right, Title and Interest of Billamal Vishnudas and Raghunathdas Billamal traded as Billamal Raghunathdas in the properties:

(1) Situate at Gate Kot Pushkian and

(2) At Galli Nimwalli Jullunder City respectively.

For further particulars apply to

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers,
122, Apollo St., Fort,
Bombay.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

DAILY EDITION

ONE YEAR

Local.	Mofussil.
Rs. 20-0 ...	Rs. 25-0

SIX MONTHS

Rs. 11-0 ...	Rs. 13-0

THREE MONTHS

Rs. 6-0 ...	Rs. 7-0

ONE MONTH

Rs. 2-4 ...	Rs. 2-8

Subscription To Foreign Countries

Rs. 45 per Year.
Rs. 25 for Six Months.

SUNDAY EDITION

SINGLE COPY
2 Annas.

YEARLY

Local.	Mofussil.
Rs. 6-0 ..	Rs. 7-0

HALF-YEARLY

Rs. 3-8 ..	Rs. 4-0

FOREIGN

YEARLY .. Rs. 15
HALF-YEARLY .. Rs. 8

Payment Strictly in Advance

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.

Shankaracharya's Itinerary

(From A Correspondent.)
MAHUVA, July 3.

His Holiness Shree Shankeracharya or Sharda Pith will camp cut from Mahuva on Friday, the 5th instant, by the Up mixed at 11 a.m. via Dhola, Wadhwan and Viramgam and will arrive at Ahmedabad the next morning. His Holiness will then start by the 10-30 local train for Boriaul. Leaving Boriavi the same day His Holiness will put up at the Sharda Pith Charutar Brahmacharyashram and Gaushala at Chakashi for "Chaturmas."

MONSOON ACTIVE ON WEST COAST

Heavy Rain Expected In Malabar And Konkan

POONA, July 4.

The monsoon remains generally active in Upper Burma and north-east India, and has been further strengthened in Central Provinces, West coast of the Peninsula and Pegu and Tenasserim. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Orissa, east Central India, Central Provinces Konkan, Malabar, and local in Burma, Chota Nagpur, east United Provinces west Central India, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, north Madras coast and a few falls have occurred in Bihar, west United Provinces, east and north Punjab, Gujrat and south-east Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall. Port Blair 1/2", Tavoy and Diamond Islands 5" each, Mergui and Bassein 3" each Victoria Point, Amherst and Bhamo 2" each, Maymyo 1 1/2", Sambalpur 3", Silchar, Cox's bazar, Dinajpur and Jessore 2" each, Dibrugarh and Hazaribagh 1 1/2" each, Sandhead 1 1/2", Balasore and Darjeeling 1" each, Akola 4", Khandwa 2", Jubbulpore, Chanda, and Jagdalpur 1 1/2" each, Nagpur and Kankar 1" each, Karwar and Calicut 4" each, Bombay 3", Ratnagiri, Mahabaleshwar, Mangalore and Cochin 2" each, Masulipatam, Coconada and Mercara 1 1/2" each, Gulbarga and Marmagao 1" each.

Forecast.—The monsoon will be vigorous in Lower Burma, Malabar, and Konkan and strong in central parts of the country, Assam and Upper Burma Rainfall will increase and extend in east and north Bengal, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, east United Provinces, Deccan and Mysore.

Heavy Rainfall Warning.—Heavy rain will continue in Lower Burma, Malabar and Konkan, and extend in Assam, east and north Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, east Central Provinces and sub-montane districts of east United Provinces during the next 36 hours.—A. P.

RAINFALL REPORT

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following table shows the rainfall during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

	For the last 24 hours	From June to date	Total during same period last year
	in.	in.	in.
Colaba ..	3.47	32.36	31.23
St. George's Hospital ..	3.60	47.13	40.25
J. J. Hospital	1.95	41.58	36.41
Matunga ..	3.06	40.55	35.98

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-7-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past hours —041 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.8 degrees 2.7° (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.5 degrees 2.4 (below normal)

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 94 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 196 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10), 10

Rain in 24 hours 3.47 inches

Total rainfall during the month 4.67 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 32.38

Weather Remarks Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-7-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m.) Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.74 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.54 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Sholapur Workers' Meeting

(From A Correspondent.)
SHOLAPUR, July 2.

On the June 29, crowds of workers gathered on the "Mazur Maidan" to give a reception to their popular leaders Comrade Sane and Comrade Batliwalla. Long before the workers began to gather, about 50 policemen came parading and stood in one line on the boundary of the maidan. All of a sudden Mr. Joshi, the Municipal Chief Officer, came on the scene and asked Comrade Karhadkar, the secretary, of the Union not to hold the meeting on the "Mazur Maidan". The leaders asked the workers to go to the ditch of the fortress and the workers followed the leaders to the ditch. Comrade Meenakshi Karhadkar was elected to the chair and the meeting began, a bout 1,500 workers attending.

Comrades Sane and Batliwalla addressed the meeting, and emphasised the need of a sound organisation. Comrade Batliwalla lucidly explained the danger of "Company Unionism", concretely giving instances from Ahmedabad where he had been quite recently.

JOINT CONDEMNATION

Another meeting under the auspices of "Lal Bawata G. K. U.", "G. I. P. Ry., Labour Union", "Press Kamgar Sangh", "Taluka Congress Committee," "Congress Socialist Party", "Democratic Swaraj Party", "Hindu Maha Sabha", "Peoples Municipal Party" was held on the 1st inst., under the presidentship of Mr. Barve, Secretary of Hindu Maha Sabha. A resolution condemning the Chief Officer's action in banning the labour meeting on "Mazur Maidan" was passed unanimously. The meeting was addressed by Comrade Karhadkar, Mr. Dange, Sheth Jajuji, and several others. About 500 citizens attended the meeting. The meeting terminated with the slogan of "Open the Mazur Maidan".

Rajkot News

KATHIAWAR HARIJAN SANGH'S WORK

Congress Socialist Leaders Explain Aim Of Party

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, July 2.

The half-yearly report of All-India Kathiawar Harijan Sevak Sangha makes interesting reading. Mention has been specially made of free medical relief. It owes its indebtedness to Dr. Narsinhdas Mehta, the retired Chief Medical Officer of Junagadh State and his son Dr. Keshavlal who successfully performed more than 70 cataract operations on Harijans and thus earned their blessings by relieving them of their blindness Besides, other operations were performed and cases were freely treated at Palitana, Amreli and other places. The Sangha spent Rs. 456-2-3 out of the total receipts of Rs. 557-4 earmarked for the purpose.

The recent exchange of estates between D. S. Muluvala and D. S. Ravatwala has resulted in the sole ownership of Mendarada for the former and Bilka State for the latter who, over and above this exchange, had to Rs. 75,000 in cash to the former.

ALLEGED DACOITS ARRESTED

Two alleged dacoits one Sindhi and the other a Kali, each aged 30, who are alleged to have committed three cold blooded murders at Bhayawadar, Gondal State, decamped with some valuables to Jetpur. They were traced to Jetpur where they were arrested. A prima-facie case having been made against them, the Gondal State police took them to Gondal, last week, when they are to stand their trial.

Cases of thefts and forcible removal of gold bangles are on the increase here. The Rajkot State police are making a vigorous inquiry into these cases. So far, no clue to their trace is available.

Dhrangadra State authorities have set free the cashier Bhimji N. Parekh who was undergoing his 5 years' term of imprisonment in the State jail in respect of a charge of embezzlement of Rs. 13,000 from the State treasury, after recovering the fine of Rs. 5,000 from him, over and above the forfeiture of his two years' salary and ornaments worth Rs. 850 last week.

SOCIALIST LEADERS

Acharya Narendra Dev and Mr. Meheralli, the socialist leaders, during their recent tour last week addressed a youths' meeting in the local Rashtriya Shala and a public meeting at which they explained the principles of socialism and showed how they could be worked in the present atmosphere.

Finding a rapid increase in the number of medical practitioners both qualified and unqualified in the State limits, Rajkot State has specially issued an order enjoining on them the enforcement of new regulation termed "Rajkot State Nursing law". In case of breach of rule, the offender is liable to a fine of Rs. 50 and the withdrawal of State Sanad.

The cotton mills at Morvi had to close work for want of sufficient funds. It is reported the State has taken control of this mill, which is likely o begin work under State supervision very soon.

Harijans' Political Organisation

BOMBAY July 4.

Mr. Deorukhkar writes:—

"The Nationalist Harijans of Bombay have formed a political organisation called the "Harijan Franchise Committee." The object of the formation of this committee is to contest the seats given to the Harijans under the Poona Pact and the Reformed Council.

"The Head Office of the Committee will be in Bombay and branches will be opened in all places whereever possible, and where seats are reserved for Harijans.

"The Committee will attempt at imparting education to such Harijans as are illiterate and over 21 years old in order to enable them to be eligible for voting.

"Harijans are divided into 3 groups the Liberals, the Hindu Sabha followers and the followers of the Congress."—United Press.

Four persons were injured in a riot over some labour contract in the Sun Jute Press at Chitpore.

"LEARN TO READ AND WRITE"

Dr. Clifford Manshardt's Sound Advice To Workmen

"Learn to read and write and you will soon begin to enjoy the treasures of the Marathi literature", was the advice that Dr. Clifford Manshardt gave to workmen, presiding at one of their meetings.

The occasion was the opening ceremony of two literacy classes for workmen at the Crown Mill in the Parel area, to be conducted under the auspices of the Bombay Adult Education Association.

At the outset, Mr. S. G. Warty introduced Dr. Manshardt to the workers telling them that like a true servant of Jesus Christ, he had come from America to India to give his best to the service of Indians. Dr. Manshardt took very deep interest in spreading literacy among workmen and in their well-being, and he had come there to know them and to mix with them. It was Dr. Manshardt's earnest desire, said Mr. Warty, to see India becoming a great and advanced nation like his own country the United States and he was himself contributing his mite to her growth.

Advantages of Literacy

Dr. Manshardt began with a few words in Marathi by way of introduction to his presidential speech as if to encourage the workmen and then proceeded in English. He explained to the workmen the advantages of literacy, and advised them that though in the beginning they might find learning letters somewhat difficult, they would soon acquire taste for it and then they would be able to read and enjoy the fine treasures of the Marathi literature.

But it was necessary, said he, that the workmen should not rest satisfied by showing enthusiasm merely at start but should keep it up. It was found in many instances that classes in the beginning were large but afterwards dwindled in strength. He advised the workmen to attend classes regularly, and they would soon find that they would become literates withing a few months. Dr. Manshardt also thanked the mill authorities for their very active co-operation and wished full success to the classes opened. The speech was duly interpreted to the workers.

After a vote of thanks to the Chair the meeting terminated.

V. H. CHINDWIN EXPEDITION

Incidents Revealed In Bombay Lecture

A meeting of the members of the Bombay Natural History Society was held at the Prince of Wales' Museum, Bombay, on Wednesday evening. Rt: Revd. R. D. Acland, Lord Bishop of Bombay, presided.

Fr. P. M. D. Sanderson, the Honorary Secretary, announced the election of 13 members since the last meeting held on the 3rd April 1935 making a total of 1206 todate (including 200 Life Members):—

Mr. C. McCann, the Assistant Curator, gave an interesting lecture of his experiences with the Vernay-Hopwood Chindwin Expedition, in Upper Burma. The expedition was organised and led by Mr. A. S. Vernay. The material collected on the trip was to go to the American Museum of Natural History, New York and a set of duplicates would be presented to the Society when the material has been worked out. The greater part of the country traversed was unexplored from a natural history point of view and had never been visited by white men.

After an account of the route followed by the expedition and the means of transport, the lecturer gave an account of the animal life met with, drawing particular attention to the distribution and variation in the squirrels of the genus "Callosciurus."

The lecturer indicated that the Chindwin river formed an efficient barrier to certain forms of mammalian life whereas it did not affect others.

Referring to the Rhesus Macaque ('Macaca mulata') (monkey) which was found on both sides of and all the way down the river, the lecturer said that these animals exhibited but little or no variation which he accounted for by the fact that this monkey was a good swimmer and was fond of water, whereas, the other monkeys, such as the Gibbons and Langurs which were far more arboreal and less fond of water, showed distinct variation on the east and west banks and down the river.

The lecture was illustrated by lantern slides and with specimens from the Society's collections.

Mr. McCann's services were lent to the expedition.

The lecturer narrated how they travelled on Chindwin in crude boats and collected specimens with the aid of torch light in the nights. The people of the region were hospitable to them and bought several specimens which were bought by the expeditioners.

A sum of Rs. 600/- has been collected from the public or Tavoy Town towards the Quetta Earth Quake and has been remitted to Mr. Hosste Kason Dada, Treas[illegible]

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

AFTER A
8 Weeks
TRIUMPH
IN
POONA - !!!

It is on its way (to your pleasure) to BOMBAY.

MARATHI
USHA

Shalini Cinetone's

Musical Mythological Talkie

Directed by:
Baburao Painter.

Music Director:
Govindrao Tembe

Ushadevi
Ratnaprabha
K. Wasudeo
Dudhale
in the lead

From To-morrow
Majestic
CINEMA: Girgaum
Take a note!!

Fate Of B Ward Election In Balance

Advocate-General Gives Undertaking Not To Proceed

Judge To Consider Legal Issues And Give Judgment At 2-45 To-day

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court on Thursday heard the notice of motion taken out by Hormusji Manekji Chawna for a rule against the Municipal Corporation.

The rule was to show cause why the Corporation should not be restrained by an injunction from filling up one vacancy in B (Mandvi) Ward by co-option at their meeting this afternoon and also for an order on the Municipal Commissioner to fill the vacancy by a bye-election.

His Lordship reserved judgment till to-morrow and the Advocate-General on behalf of the Corporation, gave an injunction not to proceed with the election in the meanwhile.

History Of Case

The case is a sequel to the situation arising from the recent judgment of the Chief Judge of Small Causes Court setting aside the election of 16 members from the B Ward.

As a result of this judgment, under the provisions of section 34 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, the retiring Councillors who had been elected in 1932, were deemed to be re-elected for the new term.

Out of the 16 members from B ward elected in 1932 one Ramji Bharmal had resigned in November 1934 and his vacancy had remained unfilled and therefore the 15 sitting members became Councillors for the new term. Out of these 15 re-elected members, one Harlal Vora was unwilling to serve, and his seat also thus fell vacant. The Corporation had decided to fill the two vacancies by co-option at their meeting on Thursday afternoon.

The petitioner objected to his procedure being applied to the vacancy of Ramji Bharmal. He contended that this vacancy ought to have been filled by a by-election in the previous term under the provisions of the Act, and as this was not done, the position remained the same even to-day.

In the circumstances the petitioner made the present application under the Specific Relief Act.

Mr. Homi D. Banaji, instructed by Messrs. Lala and Co., appeared for the petitioner. Mr. Kenneth McI. Kemp, Advocate-General, instructed by Crawford Bayley and Co., appeared for the respondents.

Must Be Filled by Election

Mr. Banaji, in his arguments, stated that when Ramji Bharmal resigned in November 1934, the Commissioner did not hold a by-election on the ground of convenience, as the general elections were to be held a few months later. But the general elections having been set aside, the situation remained the same.

The filling of casual vacancies was provided for by Section 9 of the Act. He submitted that if there was a vacancy of an elected member, it must be filled by election only.

The Advocate-General, arguing for the respondents, contended that no casual vacancy could be said to exist now. The casual vacancy of Ramji Bharmal not having been filled, it was washed out by the general elections held to fill all the 16 seats.

Situation Covered by Act

Section 34 (sub-section 4) of the Act applied to filling the vacancies when an election was set aside by the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court. The Section related to a situation where there were an insufficient number of members. In the present case, 14 retiring members were deemed re-elected, and the remaining two seats had to be filled.

There were, therefore, now an insufficient number of members, and the situation was covered by Section 34 (4) and the two vacancies should be filled by the procedure of co-option laid down by that Section. The Corporation's proposed action was, therefore, quite legal.

Mr. Banaji, in his reply, stated that one could not get away from the fact that the vacancy of Ramji Bharmal remained unfilled on March 31 last, and as it was for an elected member, it should be filled only by election. The right of the public to elect a representative for this seat could not be taken away, simply because the general elections were set aside by the judgment of the Chief Judge.

Judgement To-day

His Lordship after hearing arguments, observed that he wanted time to consider the legal issues involved, and would deliver judgment on Friday, if the respondents undertook not to proceed with the bye-election on Thursday afternoon, as they proposed to do.

The Advocate-General having given the required undertaking on behalf of his clients, His Lordship reserved judgment till 2-45 p.m. on Friday.

UNABLE TO RESIST LURE OF BOMBAY CITY

Woman Deportee Persists In Returning And Is Jailed For 15 Months

A South Indian woman who had thrice committed a breach of the orders of deportation served on her, was sentenced to 15 months' R. I. by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay on Thursday.

For the prosecution it was stated that Annamakka Ushanappa was convicted on charges of begging and the Commissioner of Police served on her an order deporting her to Madras.

The accused however, returned to the city and was seen begging. She was convicted and again deported after she had served her term of imprisonment.

She once again returned and was arrested by the Colaba Police while begging in that area.

She pleaded guilty to the charge and the Magistrate passed orders as stated above.

FURNITURE MANAGER ARRESTED

Alleged To Have Cleared Out Inmates Of Room And Locked It

When payment for hired out furniture was refused, an enraged furniture manager is alleged to have ordered the inmates of the room at Byculla to clear out, and locked it on Wednesday evening.

Ghulam Hussein, the manager, of the furniture shop, it appears, demanded payment for furniture from a servant of the man to whom he had hired out the furniture. The servant refused as he had not been instructed by his master to do so.

Enraged at this, he is alleged to have ordered the inmates of the room to clear out and picking up a lock and key from a table he is stated to have locked the room.

He was arrested the same night. At the Mazagaon Court, he was bailed out for a week.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO STEAL UMBRELLA FROM TRAM.

Seeing an umbrella suspended on the window-sill of a tram car, a passenger is alleged to have attempted to carry it away while getting down from the tram car.

Unfortunately for him, it turned out to be that of a tram ticket inspector who too had got out at the same time. He was immediately apprehended.

Bala Sakharam Dawood, the suspect, was placed before Mr. Oscar Brown at the Mazagaon Court, and was remanded in custody for a week.

SCHOOL-CHILDREN KIDNAPPED?

Lured By Sweets They Follow Hawker But Passer-By Intervenes

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three school children, a girl aged 8 and two boys aged 7 and 6 respectively walking behind a hawker and weeping over their lot attracted the attention of a passer-by in Suklaji Street last evening.

The hawker was handed over to the police.

Kamruddin Kamji, who was selling sweets in front of a primary school, is alleged to have led astray these children by offering them sweets and air-balloons with a view to kidnap them. This attempt was, however, frustrated by the intervention of the passer-by.

Kamruddin was later taken into custody by the Maharbowri police and charged with kidnapping.

Pending enquiries he was remanded to custody till the 18th of this month by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon Police Court, to-day.

"GALLOPER" STRUCK WITH IRON BAR

Dog-Boy Gets One Day And Rs. 50 Fine For Sensational Act

For knocking "Galloper" on the head with an iron pipe when remonstrating with the accused for having allowed two dogs to bark at him, Ramprasad Jagnath was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 50. In default he was ordered to undergo 50 days' rigorous imprisonment.

The complainant Bhikhaji Nusserwanji Dhalla alias "Galloper" stated that he was standing on his verandah on June 29 last when the accused came along with two dogs in his charge.

On seeing the complainant the dogs began to bark and jumped upon him. He told the accused to take the dogs away and remonstrated with him for his negligence. The accused thereupon picked up an iron pipe and hit the complainant on the head causing a deep wound. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital where his wounds were dressed.

Dastur Minocher Dastur Kaikhushroo, Head Priest of the Parsi Anjuman Fire Temple, called as a witness for the prosecution, stated that he was returning from a photographer's studio in Empire Building when he saw the accused strike the complainant with an iron pipe.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge and stated that he was struck by the complainant and in self-defence he used an iron pipe.

The Magistrate disbelieved the defence story and convicted the accused. He was sentenced as stated above.

CHANGE SUGGESTED IN WAKF ACT BILL

"The Bombay Government Gazette published on Wednesday states that Mr A. K. Resaldar has since the publication of the Report of the Select Committee on Bill No. V of 1935 (A Bill to amend the Mussalman Wakf Act, 1923, in its application to the Presidency of Bombay), sent the following minute of dissent:—

"The provisoes to clauses 6H and 6I provide that "the Local Government may, by rules made in this behalf, exempt from the provisions of this section any particular wakf or class of wakfs'. "I am of opinion that the above provisoes may be so amended as to read as under:—

'Provided that the Local Government may, by rules made in this behalf, exempt from the provisions of this section wakfs or class of wakfs only having an income of Rs. 50 or less.'"

The "Gazette" further notifies that Mr. Syed Miran Mahomed Shah, M.L.C., and Mir Bandehali Khan Talpur, M.L.C., have signed the Report of the Select Committee.

GIRL'S FATAL FALL IN LOHAR CHAWL.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The mother of a child which fell from the fourth floor of Krishna Building, Lohar Chawl, yesterday, giving evidence before the City Coroner to-day, said that she ran down the stairs the moment she heard some noise.

She saw the child on the first floor, picked it up and with the assistance of a neighbour carried her to the G. T. Hospital.

"If the child had climbed the window-sill," said witness, in answer to a question, "having got" on the box of coal, and if it had tried to keep there was possibility of its losing balance and falling down."

The jury returned the following verdict.

"France of skull due to accidental fall from a window on the fourth floor of Krishna Bhuvan, Lohar Chawl, Princess Street."

Read this! Before you Insure Elsewhere

NO Company in Canada, the U. S. A., or in England, is rated more highly by any Insurance authority in Canada, the U. S. A., or England than THE CROWN LIFE.

IT is the largest Life Company of its age in Canada.
ITS premiums are exceptionally low.
THE liberality of its policy is unique.

The Cash surrender values, loan values, paid up insurance values and extended insurance option, which are all guaranteed provisions of CROWN LIFE policies, are SURPRISINGLY LIBERAL.

The net cost of its insurance premiums, less bonus or dividends, is notably low.

CROWN LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA

Head Office for India: 12, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

GAMBLING CONVICTION

Tenant Of Room At Falkland Road Fined Rs. 150

BOMBAY, Thursday.

As a sequel to a police raid on June 6 last at rooms No. 2-3, Kalyan Building, Falkland Road, where marked coins and Sutta slips were seized by Sub-Inspector Hanover of the Lamington Road Police, Jai Kishore Bhoolabhai, the tenant of the room was convicted of keeping a common gaming house by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day, and was sentenced to one week's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 150.

The accused pleaded "Not Guilty" and stated that the marked coins and Sutta slips were planted by the Police.

The Magistrate rejected the defence plea and held that the offence was conclusively proved. Considering that the accused had a wife and five children to look after, the Magistrate passed the above sentence.

ALLEGED MOLESTATION OF GIRL

Youth Arrested On Assault Charge Following Complaint To Father

BOMBAY, Thursday.

That he used to follow the girl for the last one month or so while she was returning home from school and molest her in spite of her protest, while insisting on walking with her, was the allegation made by the Police today at Dadar Court when applying for the remand of Ganpat Dhondoo who was arrested yesterday on a charge of assaulting a school girl with intent to outrage her modesty.

When the girl at last informed her father of the incident, the latter kept a watch on him and handed him over to the Mahim Police yesterday.

He was released on bail till the 10th.

Programme has now been drawn up for the meetings of the various Committees of the Assembly. The Military Accounts Committee meets on August 7, the Public Accounts Commitee from August 12 to August 30 Cantonment Bill Select Committee from August 26 onwards.

Little's Oriental Balm In Three Sizes
Annas Four As. Eight Re. One

To gain lasting relief from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Backache, Neuralgia, Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm; this time-proved remedy will not fail you.

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century
LITTLE'S Oriental BALM
the World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

PRISONER'S DARING ESCAPE

Taken Out For Enquiries Gives Slip To Three Constables

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A daring escape from the custody of three police constables, who had escorted him to 8th Lane, Kamatipura, in connection with some enquiries regarding a theft committed at Poona, was made by a prisoner, Chitari Varadraj, at about ten-thirty this morning.

Chitari Varadraj had been arrested in connection with a theft committed at Poona a few days back, and he was taken out to-day morning by two local constables and one Poona policeman for enquiries. The prisoner was taken to the place where he lived at Kamatipura, Bombay.

When the party reached the place, it is stated, Varadraj went to a latrine leaving the policeman outside. Later on they found that the prisoner was missing and discovered that they had been duped.

It is believed that the prisoner effected an escape by climbing from the second floor of the building by means of the water-pipe.

Varadraj is stated to be a man of 28 years of age, of medium height, dark complexion and strong build. He has long hair, small moustache, and at the time of the escape was wearing black-stripped white "banian" and a dhoti.

The Nagpada police, under whose jurisdiction the prisoner was kept, are making enquiries.

WIFE'S NAME ON SEASON TICKET

Booking Clerk's Mistake Brings Passenger In Trouble

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, July 4.

How the mistake of a booking clerk in recording the name of a female instead of a male on a railway season ticket brought into trouble a passenger by name Motibhai Tulshibhai Patel, was revealed in the Court of Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, when the accused pleaded not guilty to the charge of fraud under the Indian Railways Act.

The accused stated that the season ticket was taken out by him for himself. He did not know English and therefore he could not notice the mistake by the booking clerk in writing Mrs. Motibai instead of Mr. Motibhai. His wife went to his native place about four months ago and had not returned. He had never taken a season ticket in her name, who is known as Ambabai.

Produces Account Books.

He produced entries in account books showing that he had taken out season tickets several times.

The Magistrate, believing the defence story, acquitted the accused. The fact that the accused made an application to the Chief Traffic Manager as soon as he came to know of the mistake went in his favour, added the Magistrate.

MOTORS COLLIDE IN MINT ROAD

BOMBAY, Thursday.

There was a slight motor collision at about 2-30 this afternoon, when a Ford car No. T. 1710 collided with a Fiat, No. Y. 4166 on Mint Road near the Ballard Pier.

Both the cars were evidently proceeding in the same direction towards the General Post Office and were facing the north at the collision.

None of the occupants were injured.

DURING MONSOON ONLY!

Rs. 3 **EGGS** Rs. 3
FOR HATCHING
AT
HALF RATES
THREE RUPEES A DOZEN
LEGHORNS, MINORCAS & R. I. REDS
THE ASIAN POULTRY FARM
11c, Connaught Road, POONA.

Suburban Force Inadequately Manned And Inadequately Housed

Population Has Increased By Leaps And Bounds But Force Remains What It Was In 1920

Enquiries made by a "Chronicle" representative regarding the proposed construction of new police quarters in the Suburbs, notably at Khar and Santa Cruz, brought to light some striking facts.

Chief among them is that despite the huge increase in the population of the Suburban Districts the police force remains what it was 15 years ago. It consists of 100 armed and 50 ordinary police, who have to do traffic duty as well as protect a large and scattered population against thieves and marauders.

AS IN 1920.

One chilly morning two days ago, two men, their hats pulled over their eyes, were talking on the Khar platform. One of them pointing towards a piece of low-lying land, observed that the authorities intended building new police quarters over that area.

Over that bit of land rain water has collected and it presented the appearance of village tank. There the "dudh" bhayyas wash their cattle and mosquitoes breed when the weather is favourable.

The news that such a black-spot at Khar would be reclaimed and up-to-date residential quarters would be built on it, would come as a surprise to any one. It led to enquiries which elicited a different tale.

Schemes for a better organisation and improvement in the establishment of the suburban police force, have been under consideration for the last six years!

"Though we are living in 1935, as far as the suburban police force is concerned, we are still living in 1920:" observed an officer humorously, in the course of a talk with our representative.

Sites Selected But . . . .

Excellent sites have been selected where police stations could be built at Khar, Santa Cruz and Vile Parle. But for years the schemes have been put off on the plea of lack of funds.

If there is anything that would impress any one who has a slight knowledge of the working of the police system in the suburbs, it is the hopeless inadequacy of the present force.

There are about 100 men in the armed force. The Vakola barracks, about a mile east of Santa Cruz, have been deserted and are empty as the armed forces needed better accommodation. Another curious aspect is that while the District Headquarters are at Santa Cruz, the District Superintendent's Office is located at Bandra. Even now the facilities afforded to the armed forces are considered not adequate especially in matters of recreation.

The ordinary police force consists of about 50 men in all, spread over Bandra to Andheri and traffic control also forms part of their duty.

Inadequate Protection

This has resulted in inadequate protection to the residents of the suburbs. A section of the residents blame this state of affairs, for the crop of thefts in Khar and Santa Cruz some time back exclusively brought to light in the columns of the "Bombay Chronicle" notwithstanding the fact that the authorities have not relaxed their vigil and are putting down any miscreancy with a stern hand.

A few months ago, "mawalis" used to parade up and down the suburban highways, with such ugly things as disused hockey bats for their walking sticks! To-day such personalities have become rare and peace reigns in those areas, where formerly not a minute was spent without some violent argument.

The inadequacy of the present force, has been engaging the attention of the Gods at Poona, but so far nothing tangible has been done.

Unless Public Move

"The middle class residents in suburbs who pay taxes are entitled to police protection fully, which they are not getting at present. Well-equipped, up-to-date police stations in every suburb are an absolute necessity." This is the unequivocal view expressed in informed circles by persons who have inside knowledge of the working of the suburban police force.

And perhaps nobody dare challenge the statement emanating from an authentic source.

"During the last 15 years the suburbs have developed by leaps and bounds. The population has increased by thousands. Hundreds of new buildings have risen. The needs of the citizens have become immensely greater."

"But,—

"Not a single man has been added to the suburban police force of 15 years ago.

"Since 1920, no fresh attempt has been so far made to review the working of the force with a view to bring about new modifications in keeping with the changing times, except perhaps those made by District Officials from time to time."

And unless the public move in the matter, the present lethargic state of affairs is bound to continue for the next two or three or perhaps five years.

It is expected the matter will engage the attention of the Legislative Council when the next session meets at Poona on Monday, July 8.

"Free Press" Defendants Get Time Till Tuesday

Affidavits To Be Prepared And Presented To Other Side By Saturday

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The notice of motion taken out by Mr. Mathuradas Vassanji and two others against the Free Press of India Ltd., Mr. S. Sadanand, Mrs. Sadanand and Mr. A. B. Nair (representative of Torkieff Ahbsen Ltd.) came on for hearing before Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia to-day.

Defendants 2, 3 and 4 are the trustees for the debenture holders of the first defendant company. The plaintiffs, by this notice of motion, asked for an injunction against the defendants from selling or transferring the assets of the company to any party, for a receiver to be appointed, and for other reliefs.

On Monday his lordship had granted an interim injunction, and the motion came for hearing on Thursday.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary, instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Co. appeared for the plaintiffs. Mr. G. N. Joshi, instructed by Messrs. M. B. Chothia and Co. appeared for the defendants.

Mr. Joshi applied for an adjournment till Tuesday on the ground that the defendants wanted time to prepare their affidavits.

Mr. Daphtary said he had no objection to the adjournment, but in the meantime the plaintiffs should be allowed to inspect the defendants' books in order to make sure that they will be the same when produced in court later on.

Mr. Joshi opposed this application.

After some arguments, his Lordship adjourned the case to Tuesday and directed that the defendants' affidavit should be supplied to the plaintiffs by 1 p.m. on Saturday, and the latter's affidavit in rejoinder should be supplied to the defendants by 4 p.m. on Monday.

MEDIUM WAVE STATION AT MADRAS

MADRAS, July 3.

Mr. P. J. Edmunds, Director of Wireless has arrived at Madras in connection with the establishment of a medium wave station at Madras. He will inspect suitable sites and select one in consultation with the Local Government for the erection of the station which it is understood will be similar to the one proposed to be established at Delhi.

The whole plan with estimates will be placed before the Assembly before actual work is taken up.—A. P.

Mr. P. R. Rao, Financial Commissioner for Railways has arrived at Bangalore in connection with the meeting of the Standing Finance Committee for Railways, which will be held at Bangalore on 4th and 5th July.

BRING CHILDREN TO SCHOOL

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi's Move To Increase School-Going Population

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi has given notice to move the following resolutions in the Municipal Corporation this month:

That a Committee consisting of the Councillors (to be named at the Meeting) be appointed to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and report on the following points:—

(1) Steps to be taken to increase the number of pupils attending Municipal Schools so as to bring every child of school-going age to school within a period of 5 years at the latest.

(2) Ways and means for providing accommodation, teachers, equipment, etc., for the increased number of pupils so brought to school, within the funds that may from time to time be made available by the Corporation for the purpose.

That the Committee be also requested to suggest any other suitable measures that may appeal to them for attaining the object in view.

That the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee be requested to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and report on the following:—

(1) That the provisions of Section 368 regarding the provision of receptacles for the receipt of refuse on their premises should be enforced strictly on all the landlords in the City;

(ii) that the provisions of Section 372 (e) prohibiting throwing any kutchra, household refuse, etc., on public roads from windows of houses abutting on them should be strictly enforced on all those who are concerned,

(iii) that the penalties prescribed for the purpose be increased and that an increasing fine be laid down for every repeated offence."

"That the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee be requested to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and report as to the measures, including any amendments of the Municipal Act, that may be necessary to enforce the arrangements by landlords for the cleansing of privies, water-closets, bathing places and any Chowks or open spaces on their premises, treating them with sanitary disinfectants at least twice a day.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker, will move:

That the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee be requested to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and report upon the desirability of not allowing lady doctors engaged in Maternity Hospitals on temporary appointments to carry on private practice or engage in any outside work.

A TRIUMPH FOR SWADESHI

Katrak Hosiery Works Win Another Gold Medal

In the Poona Industrial Exhibition lately held under the auspices of the Lord Reay Industrial Museum, samples of socks, stockings, 'ganjis' and hosiery were exhibited by the Katrak Hosiery Works of Tardeo (Lamington Road), Bombay. They have been awarded a certificate of merit and a Gold Medal, due to the excellence of the goods exhibited.

Mr. Katrak, the proprietor has so far won 17 gold medals from different exhibitions in India, which is indeed a triumph for Swadeshi, for his goods have been acknowledged even by critics to be as good as, if not better than, the goods imported from foreign countries.

MILL EMPLOYEE ARRESTED FOR THEFT.

Alleged To Have Hidden Himself in Room to Carry out Crime.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

For removing cash amounting to Rs. 140, kept in a box in the Store Department of the Khatau Makanji Mill, Raghunath Bhiku, an employee of the mill, was stated to have hid himself in a room in the mill after the time for dispersal.

When all employees had repaired home, he is alleged to have broken open the lock of the box containing the cash and stealthily removed it.

A complaint was lodged with the Agripada police who, on arresting him recovered Rs. 140 from his person.

He was produced before Mr. Oscar Brown at the Mazagaon Court to-day and was ordered to be remanded in custody till July 15.

STADIUM FOR BOMBAY

Lease Of Plot Confirmed By Government

WORK TO BEGIN AFTER MONSOON

It is understood that the lease to the Cricket Club of India of Block No. 2 of the Back Bay reclamation has been confirmed by a formal resolution of the Government of Bombay. The work on the new cricket stadium will commence after the monsoon.

HAMMOND REACHES HIS BEST FORM

Holmes Scores Double Century For Surrey

Hammond who was very subdued at the start then ran right into his best form, making 50 in 90 minutes and 100 in 155 minutes, his 150 taking 230 minutes. He batted without blemish, his driving being the finest seen in Worcester this season. Perfect timing in the execution of this stroke brought him 75 per cent of his boundaries, which numbered seventeen and also one 5.

An exhilarating partnership with Dacre produced 117 runs in 55 minutes, Dacre's share being 49 which included one 6 and eight 4's.

Holmes who excelled in cover drives, was missed at first slip when 51. He reached his century in 150 minutes, of which 64 came through boundary hits. Finally his 206 made in four hours included two 6's and thirty one 4's. His is the first double century for the county. He was caught from a skier at mid-wicket.

Surrey lost the first 3 wickets for 12 runs in half an hour.

CLOSING SCORES:

The following are the closing scores in the first class cricket matches which commenced to-day:—

M.C.C. VS. OXFORD
(At Lords)

Oxford 184 (Kimpton 54, Barring 4 for 40). M.C.C. 194 for 9.

KENT VS. SUSSEX
(At Tunbridge Wells).

Sussex 282 (Cook 75, H. Parks 83). Kent 133 for 1 (Fagg, not out, 51, Woolley not out, 58).

WORCESTER VS. GLOUCESTER
(At Worcester)

Gloucester 434 for 8 (Sinfield 52, Page 63, Hammond 160).

LEICESTER VS. NOTTINGHAM
(At Leicester)

Notts 234 (Hardstaff, not out, 123, Lilley 54). Leicester 58 for 4.

DERBY VS. SURREY
(At Chesterfield)

Surrey 430 (Fishlock 80, Holmes 206). Derby 21 for 1.

LANCASHIRE VS. NORTHANTS
(At Manchester)

Lancashire 287 for 8 (Paynter 97, Washbrook 74).

SOMERSET VS. SOUTH AFRICANS
(At Bath)

South Africans 173 (Wellard 4 for 61). Somerset 120 for 4 (F. Lee, not out, 74).

GLAMORGAN VS. HAMPSHIRE
(At Cardiff)

Glamorgan 426 for 4 (E. Davies 58, Turnbull 61, Duckfield, not out, 107, Smart not out, 109).

ESSEX VS. YORKSHIRE
(At Colchester)

Yorkshire 253 (Sellers 69, Nichols 4 for 64). Essex 42 for 3.—Reuter's Special.

CHINESE FOOTBALL TEAM'S VISIT

Will Play In Bombay If Invited

CALCUTTA, July 1.

Mr. K. C. Chang, Secretary of the Chinese Athletic Association who is in Calcutta interviewed in regard to the visit of a Chinese football team stated that the Chinese team would not be able to make the trip in time for the shield competition due to the inability of the majority of their players, who are college students, to get necessary leave.

He stated that the Chinese team would arrive at Calcutta towards the end of this month and play exhibition matches here, probably in Bombay and in other parts of India if invited. They are coming from Penang via Straits Settlements to India "en route" to Rangoon.

EPIDEMIC OF BURGLARIES

A crop of burglary cases have lately been reported in the city.

On Tuesday night, burglars broke into the house of one Mr. Nayadu at Kumberwada, Dadar, and dexterously removed gold bangles and one necklace from the person of Mrs. Nayadu, who was sound asleep at the time. They also removed some cash from the shelf, and quietly decamped with the booty which collectively amounted to Rs. 450.

HENLEY REGATTA OPENS IN FINE WEATHER

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, July 3.

Henley Regatta opened today in warm and sunny weather. Radley College, with 7 minutes 25 seconds, made the fastest time of the day in a thrilling race with another school crew, Monkton Combe in a heat for the Ladies' Plate.

In the same event, Eton beat Keble College, and Oxford and Westminster beat Balliol College, Oxford. Only Trinity College, Christ Church and New College (all Oxford) survived the first round of the Ladies' Plate, six others being defeated.

In the Diamond Sculls, E. Rufil (Zurich Rowing Club) won his heat, his timing being the fastest (8 mins. 45 secs.). E. C. Branco, a Brazilian competitor, was beaten by Tyler (Thames Rowing Club).

Thames Challenge Cup: R. M. C., Sandhurst, beat Reading University; Caius College, Cambridge, and Oriel College, Oxford, won their heats and will meet tomorrow.

POOR VISIBILITY ON CRICKET FIELD

Experiment With New Device At Lord's

LONDON, (By Mail).

A device to relieve umpire of the responsibility of deciding when the light is too poor for play is being tested at Lord's. A sellenium cell switches on a current to two electric bulbs, as visibility declines. Umpires have been instructed to ignore the signal as at present it is only an experiment. During a thunderstorm recently a warning lamp glowed and went out as the sun emerged from the clouds.

Another burglary was committed at Mahim the same night when some bar-bending experts made use of their craft to gain entrance into the residence of one Choylkar, in Rajab building, and carried away Rs. 250 worth of ornaments.

The most daring burglary was committed at Bholwada on Wednesday, when it is believed a Pathan entered the residence of a woman at Sewree at about five in the morning and, stole Rs. 800 worth of property.

To Protect You From Rains

Your Oldest and Reliable Friends

MOSES, GHAZI, READING,
AND
JAIBHAWANI, JAIKUMAR

have arrived from England and Germany
Per S.S. "City of Melbourne" and "Clan Mackbride"
Meet them at

K. C. Marrott

India's Premier House for New Water-Proof Coats

Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Or at their Agents—
G. S. Mahaskar, Esqr., Kandewadi Naka, Girgaum.
Messrs. Shahade Athavle & Co., Dadar.
The Poona Cloth Stores, Budhwar Peth, Poona City.

When You Want BALM — ASK FOR Indo-Balm — From Your Chemists

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY
ANÆMIA
use Deschiens' Syrup
Already 30,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.
INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France).

Good Health means Happiness
Dr. De JONGH'S
LIGHT BROWN
COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & ALL WASTING DISEASES

Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 5, 1991
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 3, 1354
Parsi: Behman 2, 1304
Sunrise: 6h 6m
Sunset: 7h 20m
High Tide: 2-17; 14-46
Low Tide: 7-56; 21-01
Results of B Hy., M.D., M.S., and LL.M. examinations, University Buildings. 2 p.m.
Mayor's Quetta Committee, urgent meeting, Congress House, 6-45 p.m.
Meeting of the Ladies' sub-committee of the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee, Town Hall, 5 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Naughty Marietta" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Wedding Night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Ruggles of Red Gap" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Ah-E-Mazluman" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Bharatki Beti" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Daksha Yagna" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Judgment of Allah" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
GLOBE—"Magic Wand" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"College Girl" Time as usual.
WELLINGTON—"Gay Divorcee" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ghar Jamai" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"Blossom" Time as usual
EMPIRE—"The Good Fairy." Time as usual.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

There will be No Meeting of the Improvements Committee on Tuesday, July 9.

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

The opening ceremony of the new hall of the above league will be performed by Mr. Hatim Shums to-day (Friday) at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Tango Maru' left Kobe for Bombay on August 3 and is expected to arrive here on or about August 30.

KARNATAK FREE NIGHT SCHOOL

The following have been elected office-bearers for the year 1935-36.
Mr. S. S. Shetty: President; Mr. T. M. Uchil: Head Master; Mr. D. R. Anchan: Asstt. Head Master; Mr. M. B. Suvarna: Hon. Secretary; Mr. A. B. Shettigara: Hon. Treasurer.

CHIKITSAK SAMOOHA

At the 12th general meeting of the members of the Chikitsak Samooha, Bombay, held on the 23rd ultimo, under the presidency of Mr. S. A. Sabnis the Annual Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st March 1935 were adopted and the members were elected to the Committee of Management.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Chief Officer of the Bombay National Guard writes:
At the urgent General Body meeting of the Bombay National Guards held on Wednesday night, Mr. N. N. Pradhan was unanimously elected the General Secretary of the Guards in place of Dr. P. S. Nair, who has resigned in view of his decision to go out of Bombay for prosecuting his studies.

THE REGAL
THE LAST DAY
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
M.-G.-M.'s GRAND MUSICAL
"NAUGHTY MARIETTA"
with
JEANETTE MacDONALD
NELSON EDDY
Free List Suspended
TO-MORROW
"SHADOW OF DOUBT"
with
RICARDO CORTEZ
VIRGINIA BRUCE
A thrilling mystery drama.

THE CAPITOL
THE LAST DAY
at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
ANNA GARY
STEN COOPER
in United Artists'
"THE WEDDING NIGHT"
TO-MORROW
"CARDINAL RICHELIEU"
with the one and only
GEORGE ARLISS

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Time signal. Selection of Indian music. 1 p.m. Available market rates European Lunch Hour Selections. 6-30 p.m. Indian programme. Light music by Mrs. Dastoor. 7 p.m. Mandoline Solos. by Ramakant Mungre. 7-30 p.m. Sanai Solos by Shankarrao. 7-45 p.m. Harmonium-Saxo-Obe Solos. 8-15 p.m. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 8-45 p.m. European programme. Weather Report and News Bulletin. 9-10 p.m. Musical Interlude. Talk "Journalism as a Career" by Adolph Myers. No. 1. 'The Open Door.' 9-30 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

(Programmes may be broken into to-day for a running commentary by Col. Brand and Captain H. B. T. Wakelam on the Championship Tennis Matches, relayed from Wimbledon.)
7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The Harrogate Municipal Orchestra, directed by Louis Cohen. Relayed from the Valley Gardens, Harrogate. 8-15 p.m. Talk: "Speed Records." Sir Malcolm Campbell. 8-30 p.m. A Symphony Concert. The B B C Midland Orchestra; leader, Alfred Cave; conducted by Leslie Howard. 9-15 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra; leader, A. Fossi; under the direction of Emilio Colombo. Relayed from the Hotel Metropole, London. 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. 'Ellora' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 10th instant.
Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Professor M. H. Gandhi will meet his students in Economics to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.
Professor Rev. Fr. J. Duhr will meet his students in Italian to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. in the St. Xavier's College.
Miss Amy B. H. J. Rustomji will meet her students in Education to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the premises of the Association at Ravelin Street, Fort, Bombay.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' MEETING

A meeting of the Municipal Workers of Bombay, under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union, Bombay, will be held to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. at the Foras Road Maidan, when Mr. Jhabvala will preside and Coms. Maniben Kara, Nimbkar, Karnik, Deshpande and others will speak.
In the meeting, Mr. S. A. Dange, will be welcomed, and the grievances of the Municipal Workers will be ventilated.

LITERARY ACTIVITIES OF GUJARAT

Under the auspices of Shree Vile Parle Sahitya Sabha, a public lecture will be delivered on the 7th Sunday morning at 9 a.m. (S.T.) in Gokalbhai P. P. High School Hall, by Thakkur Narayan Visanji on "Literary Activities of Gujarat and its dismal aspect." Prof. B. K. Thakore will preside.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office, to-day (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).
As announced by His Worship the Mayor on Thursday, the Corporation will consider the question of proceeding with the suspended election of 2 Councillors in accordance with the decision of the High Court and will proceed with the election of either one or two Councillors in accordance with the decision arrived at.

WHERE THE MOSQUITO STAYS

The following is a list of places in Bombay City where Anopheles Stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito, was detected breeding during the week ending June 29.
(1) Kasara Basin Road near the Old Power House at the Tub.
(2) Shepherd Road at premises Nos. 6-8 around the Kuchha channel.

Quetta 'Quake Ladies Sub-Committee

A meeting of the Ladies' Sub-Committee of the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee will be held at the Town Hall to-morrow (Friday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

Hindi Prachar Sabha

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, writes:—
It is proposed to conduct a Hindi class for the benefit of teachers exclusively. The class will be held at the S. N. D. T. Kanyashala, Girgaum Back Road, on Tuesdays and Fridays between 5 and 6 p.m. Those desirous of joining this class are requested to meet at the Kanyashala on Tuesday, (9th July), at 5 p.m.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS

Mr. Justice Davar presided over the third criminal sessions of the current year which commenced yesterday at the High Court.
Out of 36 cases on the calendar of this sessions, 12 are of murder, two of kidnapping and the rest of miscellaneous offences.

REJUVENATION OF NATIONAL LIFE

Mission Of Bharat Sevasram Sangha Explained

The party deputed to Kathiawar under the leadership of Swami Birajananda has reached Wadhwan Camp.
A public meeting was held on June 30, in the Seth N. T. M. High English School under the presidency of Mr. V. S. Trivedi, the Deputy Political Agent. Many prominent persons of the place were present.
Swami Bikashanandaji delivered an impressive lecture on the "Rejuvenation of Indian national life" dwelling on the necessity of calling forth divine force in the individual without which no problem of India could be solved.
He laid stress on the observance of Bramhacharya on which the structure of manhood is to be founded. Swamiji said that the mission of the Sangha was to bring this truth home to each and everybody in India.
Lastly Swamiji explained the multifarious activities of the Sangha and the success it has achieved in the regeneration of Indian social and individual life, with lantern slides.
The president then made a few remarks, in appreciation of the Sangha's work.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. Muhammad Abdul Karim Shaikh, LL.B., on return from leave, to be District and Sessions Judge, Larkana, vice Mr. G. G. Malkani.
Mr. Gopaldas G. Malkani, on relief, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Larkana, vice Mr. Gehimal Uttamchand Alimchandani.
Mr. M. R. Meher, I. C. S., Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Thana, to be Additional Sessions Judge, Thana.
Mr. V. G. Kanetkar is confirmed as Assistant Suprintendent of Police.
Mr. C. L. Madvi, LL.B., Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, to be Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.
Mr. Balkrishna Vishvanath Trivedi to continue to do duty as City Magistrate, Surat vice Rao Bahadur D. A. Patel, pending further orders.
Rao Bahadur Dahyabhai A. Patel, on return from leave, to be District Deputy Collector, Kaira, vice Mr. Y. A. Faruki.
Mr. Yasinmia Amirmia Faruki, on relief, to do duty as Assistant Commissioner, Northern Division, vice Rao Bahadur Motibhai O. Patel, on deputation, pending further orders.
With effect from 14th February 1935, vice Mr. J. W. Smyth, reverted to the regular line. Mr. H. T. Sorley, I.C.S., to revert as Assistant Collector.
With effect from 22nd February 1935, vice Mr. A. M. Macmillan. Mr. H. T. Sorley, I.C.S., to be Collector
With effect from 9th March 1935, vice Mr R. M. Maxwell reverted to the regular line. Mr. H. T. Sorley, I.C.S., to revert as Assistant Collector
With effect from 23rd March 1935, vice Mr. H. Montgomery, retired. Mr. H. T. Sorley, I.C.S. to be collector
With effect from 1st April 1935, vice Mr. J. Monteath, seconded. Mr. V. S. Bhide, I.C.S., to be Collector.
With effect from 10th June 1935, vice Mr. G. Wiles seconded. Mr. H. M. Willis, I.C.S., to be Collector.
Mr. B. J. Israel, M.A., Junior Assistant in the General and Educational Departments, Secretariat Bombay, to be Officiating Lecturer in Philosophy at Elphinstone College, Bombay, from 29th June 1936, vice Mr. J. G. P. D'Andrade
Dr. R. A. Cooper, M.B.B.S., M.S. (Bombay), as Junior Honorary Aural Surgeon at the J. J. Hospital, Bombay, for three years.

UNIVERSAL ARTS LEAGUE

Musical Soire'e

Universal Arts League: A Musical Soire'e of the above League will be held at the Youth League Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty on Saturday the 6th instant at 6 p.m. (S. T.) when Mr B. K. Ghose will entertain the audience with "Songs of Tagore."
Mrs. Sunalini Devi has kindly consented to preside. The function is only open to the members of the League.

SATARA LIFE OFFICE GIVES RS. 500

(From A Correspondent)
SATARA, July 4
The Western India Life Insurance Co. of Satara contributes Rs. 500 to Rajendra Babu's Quetta Relief Fund and announces special concession to the Company's Policyholders, in that region in payment of their premium.

CO-OPTION TO CORPORATION

'B' Ward Election Postponed Pending High Court Order To-day

There was a great disappointment among the candidates for co-option to the Municipal Corporation from B Ward when they heard that the election which was fixed by the Mayor for Thursday had to be postponed owing to the last hour order of the High Court. The Mayor, therefore, adjourned the Corporation meeting till to-day (Friday) 4-30 p.m. when the result of the High Court decision in Mr. H. M. Chowna's petition would be out and then he would fix a day for election.
The Corporation hall, however, presented a brisk appearance on account of the election of a candidate to represent the Corporation in the University Senate. There were four candidates, viz: Prof. A. Soares, Sir J. B. Boman-Behram, Dr. P. H. Meisheri and Dr. M. C. Javle. The canvassing was brisk. The Mayor announced amidst applause Prof. A. Soares duly elected as he had secured the largest number of votes.
MD. ALI ROAD FIRE ECHO.
The Corporation considered a resolution of Mr. K. H. Goregaoker who moved that the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to the statement made by Mr. Abubaker Haji Ahmed, a witness examined on the 31st May 1935, at the inquest of the Coroner in connection with the fire at Mahomedali Road which occurred on the 17th of May, to the effect that he could not operate a fire alarm nearby, as when he inserted his hand after breaking the glass he received a shock, and that the Commissioner be requested to enquire into and report on the incident at his early convenience and also to report what measures he proposes to take to prevent recurrence of the same.
Mr. Goregaoker wanted to know if one gets electric shock operating on the fire alarms. re are a number of fire alarms the city, he said, and if they gave shock to those who turned the handles then it was a serious thing, and the matter required investigation.
Mr. I. S. Patel seconded the proposition which was carried unanimously.
The Corporation then adjourned till to-day (Friday.).

MAYOR'S QUETTA 'QUAKE COMMITTEE

Urgent Meeting To-morrow

An urgent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

Bank Of India

The transactions of the past six months, writes the Manager of the Bank of India, have resulted in a profit of Rs. 9,63,238-0-2 from which sum has to be deducted Rs. 1,00,000 for Income Tax and Super Tax, leaving a net profit of Rs. 8,63,238-0-2 for the half year ended June 30. To this amount has to be added Rs. 5,20,674-3-2 brought forward from the last account, making a total of Rs. 13,83,912-3-4.
This sum the Directors have disposed of as follows:—In payment of an ad-interim dividend at the rate of ten per cent per annum (Rs. 2/8 per share) free of Income Tax on the paid up Capital of Rupees One Crore for the half year ended 30th June 1935, which will absorb Rs. 5,00,000; carried forward to the next account Rs. 8,83,912-3-4.

BOMBAY'S RESPONSE TO QUETTA'S CALL

Committee's Fund Exceeds Rs. 65,000

The Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee has issued their 14th list of contributions towards their fund:
Through Gandhi Seva Sena: 'Anonymous' Rs. 500; Through 'A Sympathiser' Rs. 100; Through 'A Memon Friend' Rs. 51; M/S. Haridas Chaturbhuj Rs. 51; Sjt. Chandrakant Thakore Rs. 51; Mr and Mrs J. H. Bhabha Rs. 50; Through Smt. Manekben Jagirdar Rs. 35; Smt Ratanben Tricumdas Purshotamdas Rs. 25; Smt Ratanben Valji Rs. 25; Seth Keshavji Pragji Rs. 21; Through Smt Kantaben Master Rs. 29; Through Smt Manchhaben Desai Rs. 22; Smt Kamlaben Rs. 11; Smt Kankuben Rs. 5; Rs. 976: Seth Shoorji Vallabhdas Rs. 500; Electrical Contractors Association Rs. 60; Sjt. Chhotubhai P. Parekh Rs. 40; M/S The Industrial and Agricultural Engineering Co Rs. 10; A Lady Sympathiser Rs. 5; 'Procedure' 0-9-11½; total Rs. 1,591-9-11½; Previously acknowledged Rs. 63,524-6½; Grand total Rs. 65,116-0-0.

MAYOR'S FUND REACHES Rs. 89,461

Contributions received on 3-7-1935 towards The Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund, Bombay: Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 89,087-4-3.
ACCOUNT NO. 1.
From the Staff of the Empress Iron and Brass Works Rs. 55; Mr. V. D Ghate, Educational Inspector and his staff Rs. 20; The Hindu Boys and Girls of Bai Avabai High School, Bulsar Rs. 16. Mr. J. Khurshedji Rs. 15; The staff of the Union Bank of India Ltd. Rs. 56-4-0; Staff of the Chartered Bank of India Australia and China Rs. 14; Mr. Justice C. P. Blackwell Rs. 100.
ACCOUNT No. 2.
The staff of Messrs Geo. Service & Co. Rs. 17; Mr. N. H. Anklesaria Rs. 5; The staff of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd Rs. 75-12-0.
Total Rs. 89,461-4-3.

WHERE COURTS HAVE NO JURISDICTION!

Judge Dismisses Appeal Against Externment Order

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA, July 4.
Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, to-day dismissed the appeal preferred by Roch Phillip against the externment order passed on him by the Superintendent of the Bombay Suburban District Police on May 17 last.
The Judge observed:
"The order under Section 46 (2) of the District Police Act is an administrative order and the courts have no jurisdiction to cancel or vary it. If in consequence of the breach of that order, the appellant is arrested by the police and he feels aggrieved that the arrest is illegal because the order of externment is improper, then only he will have grounds to apply to the High Court."
The appellant's contention was that he being not a resident of the suburbs, the Police Superintendent could not extern him.

ALLEGED ABDUCTION OF MINOR GIRL

Father Withdraws Allegations Against Pathan

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 3.
On the application filed by Mr. W. P. Oka, Advocate for Mr. Chintaman Ramkrishna Sathe, requesting to immediately set at liberty his 13-year-old daughter Annie or to give her in his custody, Khan Bahadur Shaikh Yakoob Vazier Mahomed, District Magistrate of Thana, has ordered notices to be issued against R. Bheem alias Richard and Abdul Rahim Sammad Pathan, two motor drivers of Shahpur, to appear before the Court with the applicant's daughter.
The applicant, who is a Christian resident of Kalyan, alleges, that R. Bheem lured him and his two daughters to Shahpur by promising to secure a job for the applicant. Accordingly the applicant rented a room and resided there for about a month. Thereafter the applicant and his youngest daughter Mary were compelled to leave the place by R. Bheem, who did not allow Annie, the eldest daughter, to accompany the applicant.
It is further alleged that the girl is wrongfully detained in the house of Abdul Rahim Pathan, an accomplice.
PATHAN DISCHARGED.
When an inquiry was made Abdul Sammad Pathan, the second respondent, who appeared in person in the District Magistrate's Court, was ordered to be discharged by the Court on the applicant Mr. Chintaman Ramkrishna Sathe, father of the girl, withdrawing allegations of wrongful detention against him.
To trace the whereabouts of R. Bheem 'alias' Richard, the first respondent, alleged to have been absconding with the girl having not been served with notice calling upon him to produce the girl, the applicant's pleader asked for one week's time, which was granted by the Magistrate.

FINED FOR KEEPING GAMING HOUSE

Magistrate Disbelieves Defence Story

Antonio Perera, a Goa-lottery shopkeeper, was convicted and sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on Thursday to pay a fine of Rs 50 for having conducted a common gaming house.
The accused was arrested by the Esplanade Police when Sergeant Loveday carried out a raid on his shop at Lohar Street, Dhobi Talao, for alleged "sutta" gambling. A "punter" was sent to lay a bet on the American closing figure and was given 12 annas which were marked. After the bet was laid and accepted the premises were raided and several "sutta" betting slips were found and seized by the police.
The accused pleaded 'not guilty' when charged with having conducted a common gaming house. He stated that he sold "Goa-lottery" tickets in his shop. On the night in question a man came and purchased a "Goa-lottery" ticket and paid him Re. 1. The payment was made in change namely one eight-anna piece, one four anna coin and 2 two anna nickels. He denied that he accepted the bet as alleged by the punter and said that the chits which were found had been "planted" by the punter.
The Magistrate disbelieved the defence story and convicted him. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50. The fine was paid.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondent)

New Tram Numbers

Considerable confusion prevails in the minds of the public, regarding the new numbers now displayed on some of the tram cars. No. 4 tram car was originally scheduled to run between Victoria Gardens and the Fort Market. This route has been given up, however, for that particular car. It now runs up to Bori Bunder only and is again reverted to the Victoria Gardens, via Mahomedali Road. It is, therefore, urged that the Museum East route should have some more cars.
Another difficulty experienced by the tram passengers, is due to the fact that the routes on which these additional cars are run are not indicated at all, though the numbers are shown prominently. It would be a great relief if the routes were specified, as is done in the case of the old tram cars, such as No. 1, No. 5 and No. 6.

Housing For Parsis

The Parsi community deserves congratulations on the move to provide houses on cheap rent to about 600 families in the city, who are at present occupying houses which are considered insanitary and unhygienic. A plot of land at Parel near Sakarbai Hospital will be utilised for the purpose. The rent will range from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10. The expense of building the houses will be borne by the Wadia Charities.
Another scheme has been taken up by the trustees of Parsi Panchayat who will build an industrial colony at Tardeo. A chawl of two-room tenements will be built on a plot at Tardeo on a rental between Rs. 5 to Rs. 10. An Industrial Home will be attached to the colony to provide work for the Parsi unemployed.
This is, of course, for the benefit of a particular community. What the Bombay public wants is housing accommodation to be provided to thousands of middle-class people by co-operative societies or business syndicates on moderate rents, with prospects of ownership after a fixed number of years.

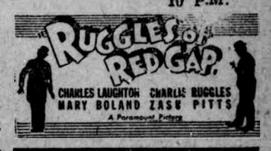
Bandra Muslim Ward Election Set Aside

JUDGE ON "PERNICIOUS" PRACTICES OF "BOGUS" CANDIDATES

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 3.
Having found that the corrupt practices were committed at the last general election in Ward No. 2 of the Muslim constituency of the Bandra Municipality, Mr. M. R. Meher, the Assistant Judge of Thana, today set aside the election of Mr. M. A. Pittalwala on a petition filed by Mr. Ismail Alarakhia, a defeated candidate, and another (a voter) against Mr. Pittalwala, Mr. Noorbhoy Jivaji, alleged to be a bogus candidate and an agent for the first opponent, and the Bandra Municipality.
JUDGMENT.
In the course of his Judgment, the Assistant Judge observed: "The system of certain candidates becoming bogus candidates really for the purpose of promoting the election of other candidates appears to me to be though not illegal a pernicious practice. This practice seems to have been devised in order to circumvent the municipal rule which allows a candidate to have one agent. It seems to me desirable that on the analogy of the Legislative Council election a deposit should be taken from each candidate, which should be liable to forfeiture if the candidate does not pull a certain percentage of votes in the constituency."
ELECTION SET ASIDE.
"The result of my findings," continued the Judge, "is that the corrupt practice having been committed by a person acting under the general or special authority of Mr. Pittalwala for purposes of election, the corrupt practice is deemed to have been committed by Mr. Pittalwala himself within the meaning of the proviso to section 15 sub-section 4 of the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act. I set aside the election of Mr. Pittalwala, who was elected in Ward No. 2 of the Mahomedan constituency of the Bandra Municipality."
PITTALWALA DISQUALIFIED.
The Judge disqualified Mr. Pittalwala for the election that will be held in consequence of this order.
Mr. Noorbhoy Jivaji, the alleged bogus candidate and agent of the first opponent, was called upon to show cause why a declaration under section 15 (6) of the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act should not be made disqualifying him from being a candidate in Bandra or any other municipal borough or district for a term of four years.
The Assistant Judge further ordered that the first opponent should bear his own cost and the second opponent besides his cost should pay costs of the applicants and the municipality.
Mr. Pardiwala appeared for the applicants and Messrs. P. V. Patil, P. V. Joshi and M. S. Rangnekar for the opponents.

ARMS ACT CASE APPEAL FAILS

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA, July 4.
An appeal preferred by Khatib Ahmed Fajal Ahmed (20), a tailor of Islamnagar, who was convicted by Mr. D. B. Varerkar, First Class Magistrate, Panvel, on a charge (under Section 19 (e) of the Indian Arms Act) of having a dagger in his possession without a license in the morning of January 8 last when the Madras Mail arrived at Karjat Station, and who was sentenced to six months' hard labour on May 20 last was dismissed by Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, to-day.
The prosecution alleged that a Ticket Collector, suspecting that the accused was travelling without ticket, demanded of the accused his ticket. When he could not produce one, he was asked to get down. The search of his person revealed that a dagger wrapped in black cloth was recovered from him.

PATHE TO-DAY ONLY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.


TO-MORROW
The picture you've waited two long years for
Gold Diggers Of 1935
POSITIVELY THE MOST STUNNING, SURPRISING,—SPECTACULAR ENTERTAINMENT THE SCREEN HAS YET ACHIEVED
Book Now. Phone 41561 or S. Rose & Co.

"MY FACE IS MY FORTUNE...."
Few women to-day can face their mirrors with confidence—and assure themselves—like the pretty maid of the old English nursery rhyme—"My Face is My Fortune."
Yet every woman acknowledges the power of beauty, she knows that the possession of a fair, velvet-smooth complexion invites masculine admiration and attention. Indeed, if a census could be taken in this country of feminine opinion upon the most prevalent beauty bane, women would unanimously bewail their complexions. Sallow sun-scorched skins with premature lines and wrinkles do not make for beauty—and the women who suffer from these afflictions have themselves to blame. In this trying climate Nature very often needs a helping hand in *removing* the dead cuticle. Insufficient exercise or wrong diet may hinder her in performing her duties and then the complexion suffers. If your natural beautiful complexion lies concealed beneath a swarthy shrivelled skin, then you can assist Nature by using a fragrant wax to remove this outer skin invisibly. Ask your chemist for Mercolized Wax—and smooth a thin film of this beauty magic over face and neck nightly. In a very short time you will observe a vast improvement in your complexion, for the wax absorbs the faded outer skin with all its blemishes—revealing the natural beauty that lies beneath. Give this treatment a brief ten-day trial, and you will be delighted with the improvement in your appearance.

Telephone No. 22031. Telegrams "Chronicle"
Post Box No. 232. Registered No. B-1032.

The Bombay Chronicle

Bad House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1935

INDIRECT ELECTION

It is rather intriguing that, while the House of Commons accepted the Government proposal of indirect election for the Central Upper House in India, the House of Lords has recommended direct election. Other things remaining the same, direct election is rightly regarded as far better than indirect. But for that very reason it is surprising that a body, known to be far more reactionary than even the present House of Commons, should have recommended the reform. A few facts about the subject may be recalled before we note the significance of the Lords' decision. The White Paper recommended direct election for the Central Lower House and indirect one for the Upper one. There was naturally much opposition to the very principle of indirect election. But despite that fact the Joint Committee recommended indirect election for both the Houses. The Government accepted this recommendation, as did the House of Commons. Why then has the House of Lords, of all bodies, plumped for direct election for the Upper House even against the recommendation of the White Paper but with the full approval of Government's representative, Lord Zetland?

Check On Democracy

In answering this question we should particularly bear in mind that Government did not accept the more sensible proposal of Lord Reading and Lord Lothian recommending direct election for the Lower House, as was suggested by the White Paper. That proposal was some concession to real democracy, especially because of the necessarily lower franchise for the Lower House. Lord Zetland, who accepted Lord Linlithgow's proposal of direct election for the Upper House, clearly enough indicated Government's mind when he stressed the fact that the Upper House would consist entirely of members elected by electors with a high property qualification. In other words, direct election, though dreaded as too democratic for the Lower House, is considered harmless enough for a body whose composition is sufficiently reactionary and the franchise for which is meant to be sufficiently high to keep out democratic influences. Even a Conservative Member of the House, Lord Hastings, felt the anomaly of Lord Linlithgow's proposal and, while stressing need for giving the constitution "an all-India emphasis", indicated his preference for direct election for the Assembly since it was wiser to give the emphasis to the Lower House than the revising Second Chamber. But Government had not the consistency to accept direct election for the Lower House also.

What Gandhiji Said

It is necessary in this connection to say a word about the champions of indirect election often quoting Gandhiji's support to indirect election on certain conditions. The reference is to Gandhiji's view expressed at the second Round Table Conference that he was not indiscriminately opposed to indirect election as such. What he meant was that if the election of primary electors was on the basis of adult suffrage or a close approximation to it and if the electoral college so elected was sufficiently large, he would not oppose such a proposal to begin with, as it would give an early chance to universal suffrage in some form. He hoped that once it was seen that universal suffrage was practicable for the purpose of a primary election, much of the present opposition to it would lose its strength. It is certainly not fair to ignore the conditions on which Gandhiji allowed indirect election and attempt to make out that he unconditionally approved of the system. Indians will continue to oppose indirect election as a rule but may, like Gandhiji, give it a temporary life if it is coupled with universal suffrage.

Straightforward Signor

Italian Imperialism, while aiming at the same objective and through more or less the same methods, differs from the orthodox in being on occasions very bluntly outspoken. Signor Gayda, who faithfully echoes Signor Mussolini in the "Giornale d'Italia," declares in clear terms that Italy is seeking "productive fields" and wants the addition of fertile territory regardless, of course, of morality and other people's rights. Then, Signor Gayda frankly declares why Italy is opposed to a sea-port being given to Abyssinia. The latter, thereby, will not only be able to import arms but will also have "the opportunity of becoming a sea-faring State against Italy." Abyssinia must not be allowed to progress—indeed she should be reduced to a vassal—lest Italian expansion be prejudiced thereby. Every Imperialist country argues and acts along these lines, but it does not openly say so.

Signor Gayda also declares that the sea-port of Zeila will be of economic advantage to England and of economic loss to Italy. No doubt the honest and straightforward Signor must have subjected Captain Eden's proposals to a fuller and more complete critical analysis in terms of Britain's own interest, but Reuter has not favoured the world with that. The Italian objective is, however, clear. So is the Italian programme. A large force is already on the spot. A larger is being prepared at home. And Signor Mussolini is understood to have discussed with the Admiralty Committee "important naval matters in connection with the colonial expedition." All this is a clear indication that Italy does not only regard treaties and covenants as "scraps of paper"—she has in fact been doing so all this time—but is also going to blow them up. The question again arises: What are the League Powers going to do about it?

Quetta Collections Day

To-day, Bombay is observing Quetta Collections Day. It is the day of an opportunity, the opportunity to every man, woman and child to respond to the call of humanity. It is an opportunity because the call of misery comes from destitute men, forlorn widows and helpless children. It is a call of duty, humanitarian as well as national, which demands response from the richest to the poorest of the fellow-countrymen of the stricken people. And we appeal to Bombay to prove by its generosity that it is neither deaf to cries for help nor blind to what is nothing less than solemn and urgent duty. We specially appeal to the readers of the "Bombay Chronicle" to contribute their mite towards the relief of our unfortunate brethren and sisters. Our readers are not unaware of the extent and urgency of the misery that the Central Committee has to deal with at once. They are also not unaware of the fact that lakhs are needed for the purpose. Knowing all this, will they fail their helpless fellow-beings, the Central Committee, and their own sense of duty which they vindicated so splendidly when Bihar called for succour?

Liberals And Reforms

The report published in a contemporary about the Liberals entering the legislatures and working the reforms "with a view to getting a larger instalment" seems a case of the wish being father to the thought. It is, indeed, difficult to credit such reports when only last week Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru reiterated his very strong opposition to the coming constitution. The decision of the Liberals, the report avers, is based upon the idea that "there is an overwhelming opinion among Congressmen in favour even of acceptance of office." This is only tendentious propaganda. There is, howeves, as we wrote some time ago, much in common between the Congress and Liberals and the initiation of the "reforms" will provide a welcome opportunity of co-operation among all Nationalist parties as at the time of boycott of the Simon Commission. The Western India Liberal Federation, it is further understood, proposes to launch an intensive propaganda by starting study circles in Bombay and outside. While we are sceptical about such steps being very helpful to the decadent fortunes of old time Liberalism, we heartily welcome the scheme as extending Adult Education in the country.

NOTES FROM MOSCOW

Opening Of Leningrad Art Festival

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

MOSCOW (By Mail).

Guests and visitors from 15 countries, including the United States, England, France, Poland, Turkey, and Czechoslovakia, have arrived to attend the Leningrad Arts Festival which opened in the State Philharmonic Auditorium of that city. Among the guests are included such well-known personalities as Paul Gzelle, general secretary of the International Theatre Society, Ashley Pettis, American musical critic; Leopold Godovski, pianist; and Professor Neyedly, chairman of the Czechoslovakian Society for Cultural Relations with the USSR.

American Authority's Tribute

At the opening ceremonies, Arosev, chairman of VOKS (Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries) sounded the key-note of the Arts Festival when he stated: "The Leningrad Arts Festival will present an opportunity to our foreign guests to study our achievements in this sphere more closely, and will facilitate the further cultural rapprochement among nations and among their accomplished masters in letters, music and the stage."

The Leningrad Arts Festival is the latest of a number of music, arts and theatre festivals successfully held by the Soviet Union during the past few years. All of the festivals have gained favourable comment, and even admiration, of those viewing them, and it is a fact that the importance of these festivals is felt far beyond the borders of the USSR itself. The well-known American authority on drama, Professor H. Dana, after visiting last year's theatre festival, held in the autumn or 1934, expressed his admiration of the Soviet Theatre and claimed it to be the best in the world at this time. After comparing it with European and American theatres, he said he was becoming more and more convinced that nowhere in the world is the theatre art so highly developed as it is in Moscow.

Refuelling Dirigibles In Mid-Air

Soviet fliers and engineers have succeeded in solving a problem long presenting difficulties to airship designers, that of supplying fuel and other products to airships in the air.

After considerable experimentation the following successful method was developed. The ship descends to a height of 50 to 60 meters above land, or water, and lets down a rope which trails along the surface for 40 or 50 meters. The rope is automatically caught by a clamp attached to the freight to be hoisted. To prevent breakage, the freight is kept in a pneumatic bag which prevents jolting and acts as a shock-absorber.

The Soviet dirigible "V-1" recently completed a successful test of the new method of refuelling in mid-air. With a 10 hour fuel supply the dirigible spent 13 hours in the air, picking up food and fuel in flight three times, and returning to the airport with the original amount of fuel without having released a single cubic meter of gas.

The solution of this problem is of great importance. Heretofore, dirigibles on long flights have been forced to carry huge quantities of fuel, which reduces the useful load of the ship, and making necessary to release some of the gas to maintain ballast. This gas, which is quite expensive and can only be furnished at those terminal stations near which are special factories producing hydrogen or helium, must be pumped back into the ship later. In addition, every time the dirigible lands to deliver or receive freight a land crew of 150 to 200 men is required to hold it, or a mooring mast.

(Continued on page 7.)

KUNZRU AND UNITED FRONT

Will Liberals Accept His Lead?

By K. F. NARIMAN. I.

If Pandit Hirdayanath Kunzru, as President of the Indian National Liberal Federation, represents and echoes the views, on the constitutional issue, of his entire depleted flock—the Liberals, Moderates and Constitutionalists—in the country, then we may frankly admit a considerable improvement in political outlook in the country, and the radical elements in the 'extremist' political groups may be tempted and encouraged to take steps and measures, suggested in his recent speeches against the proposed reforms.

Repeating Congress View

This belated expression of views on the part of the Liberal leader, is only a repetition of the Congress view-point, that it would be preferable to carry on the struggle for Swaraj under the present constitution, than suffering this fresh imposition, which will be a sort of perpetual and permanent obstructive halter round the neck of political India, hindering and retarding future progress. The demand for a United Front, to face this crisis is also a reiteration of the Congress appeal—a country wide appeal that it has been making from a thousand platforms and through the Nationalist Press, particularly since the suspension of Civil Disobedience. The Liberal leader rightly wants the Congress, as the premier political organisation in the country, to take and give that correct lead to the country. But before the Congress could make that move, is it not necessary that the President of the Liberal Federation should endeavour to bring about a complete unity and consolidation in his own rank, so that the Congress and the country may be able to accept his pronouncements as representing the formal resolve of the non-Congress political parties in the country.

Will They Agree?

As it is, several of the Pandit's associates and close colleagues dissociate themselves from these views, as they consider them to be too radical and extreme for Liberals and Constitutionalists. If he has sufficient hold and influence on his followers, and can persuade a combined Liberal, Moderate and Constitutionalist conference to accept the Congress Working Committee's resolution on the subject then he could with better emphasis and effect appeal to the Congress to take the next step of consolidating Political India to show a United Front in the face of the crisis. I believe the first and the most serious obstruction to such a move will come from the halting and hesitating politicians of his own group. I am certain that this frank utterance and bold suggestion from their President must have already caused a good deal of flutter in the dove-cots of his camp. He must be looked upon, by many, as a political runaway from the Party, spoiled by his association with the Congress and its influence and we should not be surprised, if these panicky ones who must have been shocked by such a 'rash' and "unconstitutional" statement, should make a serious move to absolve the Party from the supposed 'blame' and 'discredit' due to such 'rebellious' opinions of their head. The Anglo-Indian Press, their usual supporter and constant ally, is already furious and demands a clear and unambiguous official announcement, from the Liberal Party disavowing the President's views and once again declaring its faith in the old puerile methods.

Difficult Task

Thus the task before the Pandit seems to be very difficult. However, if with his commanding personality and silvery tongue, he can succeed in performing the miracle, if, that is, he is able to persuade his colleagues, to accept his views, then he may be assured of a quick and ready response from the Congress, and the political unity of at least the Nationalist elements in the country can become a practical and attainable proposition. I do not think it is a question of prestige, higher political status or "superiority complex," as is sometimes uncharitably suggested, with the Congress: the Congress, would in all probability welcome such a move and would go a great way to achieve it. For during the lesser crisis of the Simon Commission, it was mainly due to the Congress efforts that political unity amongst all parties was achieved even for the time being with remarkable and successful results. But even then, if the Liberal friends will pardon my frankly stating it, the response from them was not entirely due to patriotic or nationalist considerations on broad principles alone; the 'personal pique', due to their exclusion from the commission, was more responsible for driving them to the Congress fold temporarily. Their main objection was not to the pernicious principle of foreign judges deciding or shaping our destinies; they rather resented the "all-White" colour of the Commission: one or two brown 'patches' in that Imperial setting would have quite satisfied them, and they would probably have then offered all their co-operation and assistance for even forging new chains for India.

(To be Concluded)

Frankly Speaking

ADMIRABLE PRINCIPLE, BUT—

As a sequel to the Anglo-German agreement there will, says a London message, be an exchange of naval programmes of Britain, France and Germany, and the British Government is diplomatically sounding the others as to the procedure. The world is also told—incidentally, for the first time—that "British intention has always been that when they have obtained the information from the Germans there would then be a pooling of the information on the German, French and British programmes." The pooling of such information, not only among three but all Powers, is a principle that should be most welcome. But in this case we doubt if it will succeed. The very circumstances of the conclusion of the agreement are different. And even if there should be the desired pooling it will not make up for the blunder committed by Britain, nor will it serve what ought to be the main objective of those who profess concern for peace: the limitation and drastic reduction of armaments. The move is based on an Agreement which itself is seriously objected to. Any way, if it indicated consciousness on the part of Britain that she had blundered, then it could be welcomed only as a beginning of something substantially conducive to peace and internal understanding.

OPPOSE IT.

Our Simla correspondent believes that Government are determined to give a fresh lease of life to the Criminal Law Amendment Act, which expires this year. Whatever need there might have been for such a measure three years ago, there is none now as normal political conditions have been restored and as normal law is more than enough to deal with them. It is no justification for such abnormal measures to argue that they will be enforced only when absolutely necessary. This has always been the plea of an executive not responsible to the people but the very existence of abnormal powers tempts it to rely upon them even when it is not necessary to do so. The needless use of drastic powers can only aggravate public discontent and thus set up a vicious circle which bodes little good either to the people or the Government. However, whatever Government may propose to do in this matter, it is the imperative duty of the Legislature to oppose unreservedly the re-enactment of a Bill which has already done much mischief to the country.

FOREIGN PROPAGANDA.

According to a message from Lahore, Babu Rajendra Prasad wishes to establish Congress organisations abroad for the propagation of the Congress programme and also to serve as an information bureau. This is good news, indeed if it is accurate, because the impression has long been abroad that Congress is indifferent about foreign propaganda. We have always pleaded for such propaganda as, without it, it is not possible to create sufficiently strong world opinion in support of India's struggle for freedom and India cannot ignore world opinion in her non-violent struggle, which in the last analysis is effective only to the extent the conscience of the world is roused in support of her rights. Even free and strong nations realise the need for foreign propaganda and spend millions over it, India cannot afford to ignore it any longer.

DEPLORABLE.

It is highly deplorable that the Mysore Legislative Assembly should have rejected the non-official motion asking leave to introduce a Bill to restrain child marriages in the State. In doing so they have acted contrary to the commendable example set by another State, Baroda, which banned child marriages long before the Sarda Act was passed in British India. The practice of child marriages, which is particularly common in South India, has been conclusively proved to be injurious to national health and it is imperative that checks be placed on it. We are surprised that the Assembly of an enlightened State like Mysore should not have realized the urgency of the measure that was proposed. What is more surprising is that the officials should have all voted against the reform. We used to think it was only the officials in the Indian Legislative Assembly who specialized in opposing popular proposals for social reform.

-PRESS VIEWS-

Colour Prejudice

An amazing instance of colour prejudice prevailing in England has been sent to us by our London correspondent. Dr. Katial is a prominent Indian resident in England and is the first and only Indian member of a London Borough Council and the story centres round him. It appears that Dr. Katial rose to oppose a motion moved by the leader of the opposition at a meeting of the Council and made a humerous speech to which exception was taken by the Tory leader of the opposition, who made the offensive remark that the "gentleman (Dr. Katial) should be blushing, but no doubt we could not see his blushes because of his colour." The Mayor called upon the member to withdraw the remark saying that Dr. Katial's speech was apparently made in lighter vein, but the arrogant member did not condescend to withdraw it. On the contrary he and his henchmen of the opposition group left the meeting presumably as a protest against the Mayor's action in calling upon him to withdraw the remark he made. What we wonder at is whether Alderman Richards (the member in question) is the ghost of the late Lord Salisbury who once harangued the British voters not to vote for the black Dadabhoy Naoroji of hallowed memory.— "National Call."

An Unnecessary Luxury

The Secretary to the High Commissioner in the Education Department returns to the old question, which he has discussed in previous reports, of the necessity for so many students going abroad for the pursuit of higher studies. In the first place, the standard in Indian Universities is now very high and they are providing for higher studies and research work in all branches of knowledge. Openings for students returning from England, however well-equipped they may be, are becoming fewer and fewer either in Government service or elsewhere. In these circumstances, Dr. Quayle observes: "It is for Indian parents to ask themselves whether the exodus of so many students from India is either necessary or desirable." One remedy suggested by him is "the growth in India of a sound and strong public opinion that the young Indian student can best serve his own interests and that of his motherland by staying in his own country unless and until there is a very real need for him to go abroad for further study or training."—"Hindu."

DEMOCRACY NOT DEAD

Sir Ramaswami On Dictatorships

—"Hindu."

Hail the new Messiah!

* * * *

In an illuminating article in "Daily Telegraph," Sir Frederick Sykes, ex-Governor of Bombay, says:—

"Working together on a common platform may ultimately lead to the solution of that most difficult task—the evolution of national unity in the vast Sub-Continent of India."

The ex-Satrap has stated a truth. We agree with him.

But he wouldn't agree with us. Oh! no.

* * * *

While ex-King George of Greece is waiting to be re-united to his people, his consort ex-Queen Elizabeth has petitioned in the Bukharest Court for divorce.

The choice of time, by her ex-Majesty, for this unkindest cut of all could not be more cruel.

* * * *

WAR ON CONGRESS BY JUSTICE PARTY

Beggar Problem Again

—Bori Bunder headlines.

It is becoming a regular nuisance.

* * * *

"Loud cries for help proceeding from the direction of the Railway line opposite to the residences of the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police, West Godavary, were stated to have attracted the attention of both the above officers, who were having a chat in the latter's garden.

An orderly was sent to enquire into the disturbance ....."—Press Report.

A characteristically "law and orderly" reaction to loud cries for help.

* * * *

An Australian stow-away journalist who had planned a world tour to gather material for a book on world travel, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment at Colombo. At the end of the sentence he will be repatriated to Australia.

He seems to be doing the job in instalments and easy ones too.

* * * *

We read in a contemporary:

"An unclaimed suit case left at the railway station, Paris, on October 66 ....."

No wonder it attracted attention.

* * * *

A Kurla citizen was prosecuted by the Railway because the booking clerk had recorded his wife's name instead of his own on a season ticket. The man proved that his wife had been away to her native place for the last four months, and was acquitted.

Moral.

But we desist.

* * * *

"Lord Snell expressed his opinion that Lord Lothian had presented an unanswerable case for the abandonment of indirect election."—Lord's Debate.

And, therefore, it went the way of all unanswerable cases.

* * * *

Question: How can a short line be lengthened without touching it?

Answer: By drawing a shorter one beside it.

But let us explain.

Our alter ego is highly critical of the Mysore Government's attitude towards child marriages. As a matter of fact, we personally regard its unwillingness to restrain such marriages as an act of Imperial patriotism.

Mysore, like other States, owes a duty to the Empire and through the Empire to British India. And, of course, it is a service to show off superiority of others by contrast even at your expense. Why, it is the height of self-sacrificing service to—

* * * *

A WELL-MERITED TRIUMPH

England's Batting Failure

—"Pioneer."

This is body line, brother!

* * * *

Visitor: "And don't you ever say prayers before your meals, Dennis?"

"Precocious Child:" "Oh, no—Dad says our cook's pretty reliable.!"

AUSTRIA TO REVERT TO MONARCHY?

Archduke Otto To Return To Fatherland

Preparations In Progress For Restoration Of Confiscated Property

Ex-Archduke Otto's Return To Throne Should Checkmate Nazi Activities, Declare Supporters Of Hapsburgs

VIENNA, July 3.

The Cabinet has decided to abolish the law by which Hapsburgs were banished from Austria.

RETURN OF CONFISCATED PROPERTY

VIENNA, July 3.

Another move towards the restoration of the Hapsburg Throne is indicated by reports from the semi-official Press that the Austrian Government intends shortly to abolish the Hapsburg Expropriation Laws and return millions of pounds of property to the former Imperial Family. This would mean that two famous museums in Vienna, twelve castles and a large number of country estates confiscated by the Republican Government in 1918 will be returned to Archduke Otto.

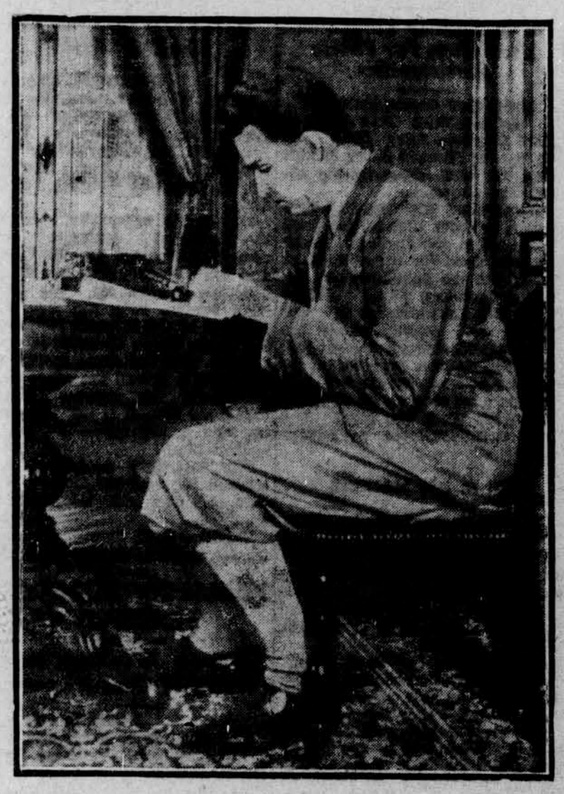
It is believed that the first result of such a move by the Austrian Government would be the return of Archduke Otto to Austria, ostensibly as a private citizen, but followed by intensification of propaganda in favour of the restoration of the Hapsburg Throne, which influential circles regard at the best means of checkmating Nazi agitation.—Reuter.

BILL DRAFTED TO GIVE EFFECT TO DECISION

VIENNA, July 4.

A bill has been drafted giving effect to the Cabinet's decision, the approval thereof by the Bundestag, which is a mere formality, is expected to be given on July 9. Political circles are most sceptical regarding the Government's statement, "no far-reaching plans are intended." It can be taken for granted that unless something unforeseen occurs the monarchy will be restored this year.

Meanwhile the Secretary of State Herr Karwinsky and Baron Wisener are going to the Belgian resort of Steenokerzeel where Archduke Otto is staying, in order to negotiate concerning the return of the confiscated property, and also it is reported concerning the return of the Hapsburg.—Reuter's Special.



Ex-Archduke Otto, who it is presumed will be restored to the throne of the Hapsburgs.

American Helens To Meet In Finals

TEAMS FOR WIMBLEDON CHAMPIONSHIPS

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, July 4.

The sky was overcast and Fran Sperling was wearing in a long white frock and Miss Helen Jacobs workmanlike shorts.

Fran Sperling maintained a sphinxlike countenance throughout the game. With underhand service and tremendous reach she replied to the defensive retrieving tactics of Miss Jacobs, chopping forehand and executing flat horizontal and backhand drives. The American taking the initiative and driving towards the wings with varying speed and spin won four games in a row for the set after Fran Sperling had been 3—2. The American continuing to serve magnificently and dashing up towards the net every opportunity carried as a sequence, winning games for victory. The match lasted 45 minutes. I was Miss Jacobs' best centre court performance.

CRITICS EAT UP THEIR WORDS.

Last year when she reached the semi-final stage, critics said that Miss Hartigan was the worst semi-finalist for many years. Today they ate up their words. The fragile—looking Australian put up a great fight against Miss Moody. The crowd cheered her immense pluck and charm of sportsmanship. The Australian with 3—1 in the first set hitting forehand drives with immense power even surpassing Mrs. Moody but she was weaker in backhand and inferior in second service. In the second set the Australian went on 3—0 but the American though not possessing the overwhelming speed and service drives as in bygone days rallied strongly.

Miss Jacobs Beat Mrs. Sperling

In the Wimbledon semi-final Miss Jacobs beat Mrs. Sperling, 6—3, 6—0.—

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

In women's doubles quarter-final Haylock and Kirk beat Dearman and Lyle 2-6, 7-5, 6-4.

In the Wimbledon semi-final Mrs. Wills Moody beat Mrs Hartigan 6-3, 6-3.

In the quarter-finals Allison and Vanryn beat Bertram and Musgrove, 6-1, 10-8, 6-0.

In the quarter-finals Hughes and Tuckey beat Andrews and Rogers 6-3, 6-2, 6-3.

TWO HELENS TO MEET

The two American Helens, Mrs. Wills-Moody six times winner of the Wimbledon title and Miss Jacobs, thrice finalist, but who never won, will meet again in the final. Their last meeting in American championships was in 1933 when Miss Jacobs won Mrs. Moody retiring.

In the Wimbledon quarter final Stammers and James beat Jedzrejowska and Noel 6—3, 6—3.—

MIXED DOUBLES

In the mixed doubles of quarter-finals Perry and Round beat Malfroy and Heeley 7—9, 6—3, 6—1.

Von Cramm and Sperling beat Trunbull and Valerio 6—4, 3—6, 6—1

In mixed doubles quarterfinals, Hopman and Hopman beat Wilde and Stammers 2—6, 6—1, 9—7.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

In the quarterfinal of Men's Doubles Budge and Mako beat Maier and Wood, 6—3, 6—4, 7—9, 3—6, 6—3.

In the Wimbledon tennis quarter-final Crawford and Quist beat Bernard and Boussos, 6—2, 6—4 6—4.

TEAMS FOR THE FINALS.

The official British teams for the Davis Cup are Perry and Hughes Austin and Tuckey.

For the Wightman Cup:—Miss Round and Miss Stammers, Dearman and James, Llye and King.

WOOLLEY MAKES 1,000 OF SEASON

Worcester's Disastrous Start In County Cricket

LONDON, July 4.

Following are the results of first class cricket matches which commenced on Wednesday:—

LEICESTERSHIRE vs. NOTTINGHAMSHIRE: Notts won by innings and eighteen runs. Notts 284. Leicester 113 (Larwood four| 60) following on 153 (Arthur Staples four|44).

LANCASHIRE vs. NORTHAMPTONSHIRE: Lancashire won by innings and 65 runs. Lancs 287 for eight declared. Northants 91 (Phillipson four|11) following on 131 (Bakewell 64; Parkinson four| 6).

WORCESTER'S DISASTROUS START.

Worcester made a disastrous start losing the first two wickets for three in 10 minutes Sinfield being the bowler in each instance. Worcester 55 for five lost last five for 26. Goddard's analysis 19, 8, 25, 5. Parker's 7.4, 4, 4, 73. The wicket was of perfect run getting order and could scarcely be blamed for Worcester's debacle.

WOOLLEY MAKES 1,000 ROUNDS.

Bowes again was in magnificent form though bowling slower his figures were 33.3, 11, 58, 7. Woolley completed his 1,000 of the season. He stayed at the wicket for 215 minutes hitting two sixes and 17| fours in innings and ended with lifting a drive to deep midoff Melville taking an easy catch.

"OXFORD'S" MERITORIOUS VICTORY

Oxford won a most meritorious victory before the forthcoming match against Cambridge. The victory was due to the fine bowling of Baliance 19, 6, 30, 5; Darwall Smith 20.2; 1; 62; 4 in the first innings and Legard 12.2; 3; 21; 5; Darwall Smith 17; 3; 49; 3, and Singleton 2 for 44 in the second innings.

Read in one spell had an analysis of 5; 2; 8; 3. The M. C. C. included Abell, who made 24 in the first innings and nil in the second innings and Hosie who captained the M.C.C. 17 for 10 respectively.

Hosie had to retire early in the day having strained his leg.—Reuter's Special.

OXFORD BEATS M.C.C.

M.C.C. versus Oxford University: Oxford won by five runs. Oxford 184 and 178 (Walker 50 Read five for 28). M.C.C. 194 (Ballance five for 30) and 163 (Lyon 78, Leggard five for 21).

Worcestershire versus Gloucestershire: Gloucester won by an innings and 117 runs. Gloucester 434 for eight declared. Worcester 81 (Goddard five for 25) following on 236 (Warne 70) Sinfield four for 53) Parker four for 65).—Reuter's Special.

CALL TO CLOSE UP RANKS

American Association's Appeal To Irish Republicans

NEW YORK (By Air Mail.)

An appeal by the Irish Republicans in America to the Irish people to close up their ranks and unite once again for the Irish Republican aim, has been issued. The appeal is headed by John J. Rilly, Chairman of the American Association for the recognition of the Irish Republic and "inter alia" states:

Irish Republicans in America view with grave concern the present development, which if allowed to continue, will lead to hostility between Republican sections in Ireland. We believe that Ireland has reached the critical stage when the Republican enthusiasm of the people can be used to re-establish the Republic or may be dissipated in civil strife.—United Press.

SECOND CHAMBER FOR PUNJAB?

LONDON, July 3.

The House of Lords finally agreed that the amendments of Lord Linlithgow, Lord Lothian and Lord Peel on the question of direct and indirect election to the central legislature should be withdrawn. The clause was passed in the present form on the understanding that the matter would be dealt with on schedules, and Lord Zetland would make his proposals available as soon as possible.

Lord Faringdon, proposing deletion from clause 26 sub-paragraph E sub-section, 1 and also sub-section 2, said, the clause would exclude the masses and honest people who were involved in the civil disobedience.

Lord Zetland pointed out that no distinction was made in India between criminal and political offences. He said the question had been carefully considered by the Select Committee, and he was unable to accept the amendments, which were defeated by 98 votes to 9.

Lord Faringdon's amendment to clause 60 abolishing the provincial second chamber, was negatived without division.

Lord Peel proposed second chamber in the Punjab.

Lord Zetland replied that second chamber was not established in the Punjab because the question was viewed mainly from a communal aspect. He had inquired since he became the Secretary of State, and if the reply showed that a desire for an upper house existed he would reconsider the matter sympathetically.

The amendment was defeated by 76 votes to 20.—Reuter.

INDIAN RECRUIT TO CHURCHILLISM

LONDON (By Air Mail.)

Sir Malik Omar Hayat Khan, until recently a Member of the India Council and an A.D.C. of His Majesty the King has joined the India Defence League (Churchill's organisation). It should be noted that the India Defence League will shortly be renamed Imperial Defence League and its main object will be to look after the affairs involving the integrity of the Empire as a whole, with special reference to India under the new constitution.—United Press.

WHY HER HUSBAND WAS NOT CONSULTED

"It Was Our Duty To Fight His Cause," Says Ranganayaki's Father

PROSECUTION IN "ENTICEMENT" CASE CLOSES

"I had not the face to go and ask the husband for consent. He had entrusted her to us and it was our duty to fight his cause, which we are still doing. I am doing this through my son who had the care of her at the time when the offence was committed."

This was the answer given by Mr. S. Krishnamachari, father of Mrs. Ranganayaki, on Thursday to the defence Counsel's question whether he had the consent of her husband when filing the complaint.

Passages-at-arms between the witness and Defence Counsel marked the proceedings when the case in which R. N. Kapoor is charged with enticing and detaining a married woman, to wit, Ranganayaki, came up for further hearing before Mr. L. S. Haji at the Mazagaon Police Court on Thursday afternoon.

At the outset Mr. Acharya examined Rao Sahib D. V. Karnik. He said that Deputy Commissioner Wilkins introduced Mr. Krishnamachari to him during February. He was given to understand that his visit to the Commissioner's office was in connection with his daughter's stay in the Agripada section. He was told that he wanted the custody of the girl.

Mr. A. R. Gadkari then continued his cross-examination of Mr. S. Krishnamachari.

"THERE WAS NO NECESSITY"

Witness stated that his son-in-law who was 24 at the time of marriage was not prepared to live separately with Ranganayaki. Counsel asked whether two months after this he inquired of his son-in-law whether he had completed the arrangements for a separate stay. He replied that he did not inquire nor did the husband write to him because "there was no necessity".

Ranganayaki, witness stated, returned to his place in September when her husband was away from home. She left the place because of her husband's mother.

In his examination-in-chief, witness had stated: "I and the complainant got charge of Ranganayaki from her husband".

The defence counsel asked witness to explain this.

Witness in reply said that after Ranganayaki's return to his home, her husband had sent word to them to the effect that she could stay with witness and his son "safely, as he was unable to make arrangements for her separate stay, all of a sudden". The arrangements, witness explained, could not be made early as his son-in-law lived in a rented house where there was not sufficient accommodation."

The husband advised her stay with her father as, witness continued, he did not relish the idea of Ranganayaki staying with his uncle, Mr. S. P. S. Raghavan.

"AFRAID OF ANOTHER RUPTURE"

Sometime after this, the husband sent word to him asking the girl to stay with his mother. This was between October, and November, 1932. The husband's uncle who conveyed the message had several hours' talk with the girl who, however, in the end did not approve of the proposition. This was, witness explained, because she was afraid of another rupture.

To a question witness replied that he had not seen his son-in-law after the Pondicherry incident. He did not want to go to the husband's house because of the presence of the girl's mother-in-law.

Witness resented the repeated questions of Counsel enquiring why he did not visit the husband's place, Counsel, however, persisted in getting an answer.

WHY HE DID NOT INFORM SON-IN-LAW

Court: You did not inform him (husband) about the incident?—There was nothing in that incident; so I did not report it to him.

In his absence from his house or from Madras, witness continued, the complainant (Mr. S. S. Raghavan) was looking after his daughters, and younger sons, and his mother. This was because the complainant was the eldest male member in the family. And when the complainant had gone to Calcutta in 1934, witness's wife looked after the affairs of the family.

WATCH ON RANGANAYAKI.

Witness had asked the complainant during December 1934 after the discovery of the letter to keep a close watch on Ranganayaki as their neighbour was coercing her.

Before his second marriage, the husband had cared for the girl "as a husband would." He, witness continued, expressed his reluctance at the second marriage which was imposed on him.

"NO FACE TO ASK FOR HUSBAND'S CONSENT.

Counsel: You did not file this complaint with the consent of Ranganayaki's husband?—I did not think it necessary and I had not the face to ask for consent. He had entrusted her to us and it was our duty to fight his cause, which we are still doing. I am doing this through my son who had the care of her at the time when the offence was committed."

When Counsel proceeded with his questions, witness has exclaimed. You are simply worrying me like this. I can not say what I have already said."

FALSE AND SCANDALOUS.

Asked whether the accused had paid him a sum of Rs. 200 when he visited him at the Lavendor Hotel, Bangalore, witness retorted: "Absolutely false and scandalous."

Counsel: In fact he gave you a cheque but you demanded cash?—It is all a creation of his brilliant brain.

Witness visited the girl and the accused at Lamington Road on days later when the efforts of his time "very much disgusted."

He filed the complaint three days later when the egorts of his friends to rescue her had failed.

Questioned about the girl's allegation of her father's demand for Rs. 5,000 from the accused, witness reiterated: "I never asked for the amount nor would I ever ask for it. No telegram was sent by accused in my presence."

This closed the cross-examination.

PONDICHERRY INCIDENT.

Re-examined by Mr. Acharya, witness stated that he did not think it necessary to inform the girl's husband about the Pondicherry incident because the husband's uncle was satisfied with the explanation he had given. Moreover, it was not a "praiseworthy circumstance." The uncle asked him to send the girl to her husband's house but she was not willing.

Asked what he meant by "separate living," witness said, "separate boarding and separate lodging." He had conveyed this to the husband and the latter had acquainted him with certain obstacles that stood in the way. He did not want to displease his mother in his own interest.

This closed the case for the prosecution.

The case stands adjourned to to-day (Friday).

Mr. N. C. N. Acharya appeared for the complainant while the accused was defended by Mr. A. R. Gadkari, assisted by Mr. M. G. Vyavaharkar.

Century Old Ship-Builders Close Down

LONDON, (By Mail). July 4.

The gates were closed to-day for the last time of the oldest shipyard in the upper reaches of the Clyde of Messrs. D. W. Henderson and Co. which in nearly a century of its existence built craft of all kinds from cutters to liners.

It was the cradle of King Edward's yacht "Brittania" and four of America's Cup challengers and the ex-Kaiser's yacht "Meteor."

The firm was voluntarily wound up owing to depression in shipbuilding.—Reuter.

ITALO-ABYSSINIAN DISPUTE

British Officer's Statement On Walwal Dispute Will Be Utilised

HAGUE, July 3.

After a further meeting of the Commission of Conciliation it was decided to hear the agents both of Italy and Abyssinia tomorrow. Professor Jeze will utilise the statement of Lieut.-Colonel Clifford, a British Officer who was near Walwal when the incident occurred leading to the subsequent dispute, and also produce Italian maps showing that Walwal was situated far from the Italo-Abyssinian border.

The Italian Delegation has increased to fifteen members, all of whom are specially guarded by the Dutch Police.—Reuter's Special.

DEATH ENDS ERRAND OF CHEER

AKRON, O. (By Mail).

G. D. Eicher thought he'd spend part of his 61st birthday calling on his little 3 year old granddaughter, ill in a hospital.

He plodded through the rain on his errand of cheer when a huge truck struck and killed him.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 35 Years).

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALESMANAGEMENT, BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION

ASPIRING STUDENTS OF COMMERCE SHOULD, therefore, give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as SALESMANAGERSHIP (A. I. S. M. A.); BANK OFFICERS (C. A. I. B.); INSURANCE MANAGERS (A. C. I. L.); COMPANY SECRETARIES (F. I. S. A.); & GENERAL COMMERCE COURSE (L. C. C. D.COM., I.M.C.) for which there is an unlimited FIELD and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (R.A., A. I. A. C.) may wherever desirable be tacked in as additional Course, as that Profession is overcrowded.

TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE.

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or apply for Prospectus giving details.

80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

NOTES FROM MOSCOW

(Continued from Page 6)

which entails a heavy expenditure.

New Railway to Black Sea

Construction is already going on on the new Black Sea Railway, which in addition to reducing the distance between Tiflis and Moscow by 700 km. and Batum and Moscow by 1,100 km., will provide a direct outlet for the coal, tea, timber, tobacco and other products of Abkhazia. When completed the new railway will run along the shores of the Black Sea, and will serve many of the beautiful and picturesque health resorts for which the region is famous. A section of 80 km. is already in operation, and plans and work for the remainder will be completed by this year.

In building the road many difficulties in the form of numerous mountains, ravines, and rivers are encountered. Large tunnels have been constructed in the northern section, and over 60 bridges built in the Ochemchiry-Sukhum section.

Science Solves Soil Problems

The entire May session of the Academy of Sciences was devoted to the question of how the Academy of Sciences can help socialist agriculture, particularly by means of chemistry. At the sessions soil science and plant immunity were the central subjects of discussion. Typical of how the Academy of Sciences is involved in the solution of problems affecting industry and agriculture of the Soviet Union were the contributions of Professors Prosolov and Kostov, the latter a Bulgarian scientist. Professor Prosolov has already completed 20 sheets of his map of the present state of the soil of the USSR. The map covers three million square kilometers of the soil of European Russia, and is on a scale large enough to give details helpful to collective and state farms in planning agricultural production. Professor Kostov read a paper on the natural immunity of plants to disease, with special reference to breeding of immune varieties. Professor Oparin read a paper on the immunity of beet roots to micro-organisms. The mathematics and natural science sections are engaged in the problem of ameliorating the dry land of the lower Volga region by means of changing the chemical composition of the soil by the addition of artificial fertilizers.

LONDON (By Air Mail).

The name of H. H. the Aga Khan to succeed Lord Headley, as Chairman of the Nizamiah Mosque Trustee Fund is considered in Muslim circles.

It is probable that his name will be forwarded to His Exalted Highness the Nizam for final sanction.—United Press.

Claims Of Homeopathy

OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL-INDIA HOMEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter appearing in the issue of 4-7-35, regarding Homoeopathic degrees beg to say that Homoeopathic system of medicine is the most scientific in modern times. A Vienna Homoeopath is more cost-ly than an Allopath of that place for the plain reason that the former cures diseases, which the latter fails to treat. Unfortunately in India this system of medicine is not receiving proper attention for the menace of the present-day diploma wills, which brings into discredit some of the eminent Homoeopathic Colleges of Bengal, the Kingdom of Homoeopaths. But truth is truth. A true Homoeopath needs no diploma but for world's sake he has to get one. A quack cannot get on for long?—Yours, etc.,

HARI PRASAD GUPTA.
65, New Hanuman Lane,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

II

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of date 'A Doctor' has asked some pertinent questions about the Homoeopathic University at Dadar. The subject has already been worrying the minds of many people. As it has now been brought in forefront, I hope, those interested will thrash it out thoroughly so that the public may arrive at the right conclusion.

Here is an opportunity for the All-India Homoeopathic Association to come forward and prove their worth. I know that the Association has nothing to do with the University in question.

But they have now to make a strong move to get Homoeopathy recognised by the State and chalk out a proper course of studies and examinations. Advanced Indian States like Baroda and Travancore have given due recognition to Homoeopathy as Medical Science. Unless such a recognition is obtained in British India and a proper course of studies and examinations laid down by Law, there is no other remedy by which such unauthorised diploma mills can be stopped.—Yours, etc.,

D. S. SABNIS.

Bombay, July 4.

"Prophet's Day"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your issue of the 25th, June, there appears a letter from Mr. D. C. Williams inquiring the object of the visit of the Christian deputation to which reference was made by "Nargiss" in an article pubished in your issue of 4th June, and by Mr. K. F. Nariman in his speech in the Town Hall on Prophet's Birthday as well as in his subsequent article published in your issue of the 21st June.

The incident is related at length in that monumental and authoritative work of Moulana Shibli, "Seerat-un-Nabi" (Prophet's Biography).

It runs thus: "At a distance of about 70 miles to the south of Mecca, there is a district named Najran which was inhabited by Arab Christians. They had a big church there which they called "Kaaba" and considered it equal in sacredness to "Kaaba Harem" at Mecca. Renowned bishops and religious scholars flourished in Najran and they were known as "Sayyads" and "Aquibs." The Lord Bishop. Abu Harisa, was highly respected and was directly appointed by the religious head at Rome.

"In the year 10 A.H., Prophet Muhammad wrote them a letter inviting them to accept Islam. Thereupon 60 leading Christians, including dignitaries of the church, came to Medina. The Prophet lodged them in the mosque. When the time for prayers came, the visitors wanted to offer their prayers in the mosque but the Muslims objected. The Prophet, however, directed that they should be allowed to offer their prayers. Then the Christians faced to the East and offered their prayers in their own way."

The deputation discussed many religious questions with the Prophet and the Prophet's final reply was given through a Divine Revelation, and extract of which I have given below:

"But whoever disputes with thee about this matter after what has come to thee of knowledge, say (to him): Come! let us call your sons and our sons and our women and your women and our people and your people then let us be earnest in prayer, and invoke God's curse on the liars. This is the true explanation and there is none that may be worshipped but God; and surely God is the Mighty, the Wise. But if they turn back, then God truly knows mischief-maker.

Say: O followers of the Book! Come to an equitable proposition between us and you that we shall not serve any but God and (that) we shall not associate aught with Him, and (that) some of us shall not take others for lords besides God; but if they turn back, then say: Bear witness that we are Muslims."

(Holy Quran Ch. III 60 to 63).

It would be of interest to know for the result of the deputation's visit and I give it as stated by Moulana Muhammad Ali M.A., LL.B., of Lahore in his commentary foot-note appended to these Quranic verses quoted above in his translation of the Holy Quran. He says: 'The reference is here to the Christian deputation from Najran that came in 10 A.H. and whose members were lodged in the mosque. The Holy Prophet advanced arguments showing that Jesus Christ was no God but a man and a prophet. After having argued the question fully, and finding them still insisting on their belief in the divinity of Jesus, he invited them as the last resort to pray earnestly that the curse of God might overtake the party tha insisted on falsehood. They wanted respite for a day to consider the matter, and the next day they told him that they had decided not to pray against him as suggested. Thereupon they were given a pledge by which they were free to practise their religion: "Their authority and right shall not be interfered with, nor anything that is customary against them, so long as they conducted themselves peaceably and uprightly.."

For any further information or literature on Islam Mr. Williams may write and obtain free of charge at the office of Al-Haj Qassim Ali Jairazbhoy, Rehem Mansion, Causeway, Fort ,Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

A. H. Dalvai, B.A.

Bombay July 1.

"Match Workers Down Tools"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We refer to the article from your Correspondent which appeared in your paper of yesterday under the heading of "Match Workers Down Tools" and have to say that the information given therein is quite incorrect and therefore injurious to our cause. If the Correspondent would have taken the trouble to consult us before rushing into the press with one-sided and wrong information much of the unpleantness would have been saved. Will you therefore be good enough to publish the following explanation to put the matter right:—

In the first place, with the exception of a small department consisting of some 70 men, the wage-cut has been much below 25 per cent. The notice for the wage cut was duly put up and the workers had not shown the slightest resentment to it. Had it not been for a small number of discontents, backed by the Labour Union representatives nearly 95 per cent of the operatives were willing to abide by the decision of the Factory management, as they are fully alive to the kind and sympathetic treatment always accorded to them and the circumstances which compelled the management to effect a wage-cut.

In the circumstances the allegations about the dismissal of operatives are unfounded and untrue; and the same might be said of "some of the departments being intermittantly opened and closed without any specific reason." If your representative will be good enough to call at the Works, he will be apprised of the true position and the mischief done by wire-pullers.—Yours, etc.,

ABDOOLALLY EBRAHIM
SALEHBHOY EBRAHIM.
Proprietors, the Bombay Match Works.

July 3.

Matriculation English Texts

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to "A School-master's" letter in Wednesday morning's "Chronicle," dated the 3rd July 1935, the statement in the notes of the Matric Text is, of course, incorrect. The Editors are sending out a correction slip through the publisher's. They acknowledge with thanks "School-master's" correction.—Yours, etc.,

M. T. VYAS.

July 4.

Plague At Shiroda

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Shiroda has been infected with plague for the last two years and dead rats are being still found.

No practical steps beyond playing with paper are taken to eradicate the root cause of the disease viz the extermination of rats.

The President, Taluka Local Board, Vengurla, seems reticent in the matter as he does nothing beyond issuing a general notice detailing therein the causes of the outbreak of plague and making suggestions as to how to combat the plague.

Does he think that his duty ends here? Even the Mahalkari is not sparing in his efforts to help the people.

The late Mahalkari of Vengurla called a meeting last year to confer with the people as to the advisability of appointing a Sanitary Board, but the proposal though it was mooted a year ago has, it seems remained unattended.

The Collector of Ratnagiri has paid a flying visit to Shiroda with a view, it is presumed, to satisfy himself with the local conditions. Does he not still think the appointment of a Sanitary Board as necessary for Shiroda having a population of about 5,000 souls? If so, will he kindly see his way to expedite the appointment?—Yours, etc.,

Shiroda. G. A. N.

Is It Scientific

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With regard to the controversy in your columns between Congressmen and Socialists on the question of production, I would like to point out that the question of realising Capitalist or Socialist schemes ("planned" or other) hinges upon the possibility of selling i.e. finding potential buyers with money in their pockets. Both Capitalist and Socialist production requires finding more and more buyers, ever absorbing solvent markets. For neither the capitalists nor the Socialists can sell all goods at their cost price. But they are trying to sell them for more money than they pay others to produce—hence both fail, since all people in all countries including Russia, "new" Russia, do not earn as much money as the private or State owners want for their goods. Both try first to convert money into goods and then to convert goods into more money than they put into them. Whether this is attempted centrally or decentralistically, by hand or by machines, by agriculture or industry, the problem of getting more money for less affects both, with or without planned production. Never mind the misery of the producers and the unemployed. The very system of production cannot be maintained and with it the organisation or individuals, directing production.

I do not wonder if the Capitalists fail in Capitalism but how the Socialists will work their own Socialism on the same principles as Capitalists try, only in slightly other forms, cannot be proved to one who is not biassed, in their favour. Can getting power i.e. dictatorial authority, work miracles and make 2 plus 2 equal to 3 or 5? They have no solution to their own problems—at least so far as they know, and preach.—Yours, etc.,

"ALSO FOR SOCIALISM."

LOST WORK THROUGH RHEUMATISM

After 30 Years on Railway

HOW HE GOT BACK TO HIS JOB

It was little short of a tragedy to this railway worker to have to give up his job after 30 years. But his rheumatism was so bad that he had no choice—he could only walk with a stick. The advice of a friend led to his taking Kruschen Salts—and he went on taking it until he was able to go back to work again. This is the story in his own words:—

"For three years I had arthritis very badly and had to walk with a stick. Also I had to give up my job as a railway shunter, after 30 years in the Yard. I was advised by a lady to try Kruschen Salts, and I took bottle after bottle to give it a fair trial I found it was doing me good, and continued until it cured me. If it had not been for Kruschen, I am sure I should not be here now. A lot of people used to tell my wife I was going home fast, but to-day I am in the best of health and am back at work again. I cannot praise Kruschen Salts too much."—W.T.

The pains and stiffness of rheumatism are caused by deposits of needle-pointed uric acid crystals in the muscles and joints. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your liver and kidneys to healthy, regular action; assist them to get rid of the excess uric acid which is the cause of all your suffering.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

NIZAM'S JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS

Week's Holiday Throughout Dominions For Public Participation

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Dn.) July 4.

The following press note regarding the Nizam's Silver Jubilee Week has been issued by the Information Bureau:—

"His Exalted Highness has been pleased to order that as one week (to be called the Jubilee Week) has been fixed for the celebration throughout the Dominions of His Exalted Highness, Silver Jubilee (from 28th December '35 to 3rd January '36). Public holiday has been given on account of Id-ul-Fitr from 28th to 31st December '35 and may be extended for two days for this year only so as to cover the Jubilee Week and allow the public conveniently to participate in it."

SIR C. P.'S MISSION.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer broke journey on his way back to Trivandrum and had an interview with Maharaja Sir Kishen Pershad Bahadur, President, Executive Council and Sir Akber Hyderi. The visit it is learnt, is in connection with the Reforms.

Justice Siddiq Yar Jung Bahadur of the Hyderabad High Court, died yesterday at 3 p.m. after a short illness. The deceased who comes from a high family was born in Hyderabad in the year 1862 and joined the State Service in 1907 as a Munsif. In 1919 he was transferred to the Hyderabad Criminal Court where he soon became the Chief City Magistrate. From the Post of Sessions Judge he became the High Court Judge in 1932. The funeral took place yesterday evening.

GLOWING TRIBUTES TO LATE HIGH COURT JUDGE

Hyderabad Mourns Death Of Nawab Siddiq Yar Jung Bahadur

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 4.

Nawab Mehdi Yar Jung Bahadur, president, Hyderabad Corporation, moved a resolution at a meeting of the Corporation expressing the deep sorrow of the House on the unexpected demise of Nawab Siddiq Yar Jung Bahadur, High Court Judge, who served the corporation for ten years as an ordinary member and as vice-President for three years. In a short speech the president recalled the services rendered by the late Nawab for the Corporation. The meeting was adjourned as a mark of respect.

Feeling references were made on behalf of the Bar by Mr. Syed Askeri Hasan Barrister, this morning before the High Court Bench which represented eight judges including the Chief Justice and Mr. Alam Ali Khan, Inspector-General of courts. The court room of the Chief Justice was completely packed by members of the Bar and others. Mr. Askeri Hasan recalling services of the late Nawab, paid high tributes to the Nawab's legal acumen. He said that the Nawab's grandfather was the first Chief Justice of the Hyderabad High Court.

Nawab Mirza Yar Jung Bahadur, Chief Justice, replying joined the bar in expressing sorrow at the demise of a co-worker who was an asset to the Bench and Bar.

The High Court was closed today.

A condolence resolution was passed expressing grief at the sudden demise of Nawab Siddiq Yar Jung Bahadur, Judge, High Court by the members of the Bar Association to-day. Mr. Askeri Hasan, barrister, President of the Association presided.

SECURITY DEMANDED FROM "MAZDUR DUNIA"

CALCUTTA, July 4.

A security of Rs. 1,000 has been demanded under the Press (Emergency Powers) Act from the Editor and Publisher of "Majdur Dunia" a Labour weekly for publishing in its issue on April 16 last, articles in connection with the detenus' grievances and Government notification declaring 13 Labour Organisations in Calcutta illegal.

The money will have to be deposited by July 17.—United Press.

SEDITION CHARGE AGAINST RUIKAR

A. I. T. U. C. President Bailed Out

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Mr. R. S. Ruiker, president of the All-India Trade Union Congress appeared before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day to answer the charge under Section 124 (A) (Sedition) Indian Penal Code.

The Public Prosecutor informed the Court that he intended to proceed with the case against Ruiker and Tyab Shaikh, another Trade Unionist, together, in the joint trial, because both had delivered speeches at the Calcutta session of the Trade Union Congress in connection with the same resolution. one moving it and the other supporting it. He further stated that Tyab Shaikh is still absconding and a declaration is issued against him.

The Magistrate accordingly adjourned the case till July 18, and ordered Ruiker to be bailed out on Rs. 1,000.

Barrister J. C. Gupta appeared for Mr. Ruiker.—United Press.

POSSESSION THROUGH PEACEFUL MEANS

Lahore Muslims And Shahid Ganj Dispute

LAHORE, July 4.

The situation in connection with the Shahid Ganj Gurdwara still causes anxiety.

A crowded public meeting of the Muslims of Lahore was held outside Mochigate, Maulana Zafar Ali Khan presiding.

M. Zafar Ali Khan, Mr. Farrukh Hussain, Bar-at-law, Khwaja Ghulam Mustafa and Mian Ferozuddin Ahmed, Municipal Commissioners, Dr. Mohd. Alam, M. Syed Habib, Malik Lal Khan of Gujranwala and Malik Mohd. Amin of Landa Bazar made speeches, in the course of which they declared that they would try to secure possession of the mosque in the Gurdwara by peaceful and constitutional methods. The Government were requested by the meeting to stop the demolition of the tomb and to hand over the same to the Mohammedans.

The meeting resolved to take legal proceedings with a view to obtain an injunction under Section 144, Criminal Procedure Code prohibiting the Sikhs from demolishing the mosque.

Four sub-committees were formed, the first to take legal proceedings, the second to collect funds, the third to take a deputation to high officials and the fourth to do propaganda. The Government were requested to exempt sword from the Arms Act in all the districts of the Punjab in the case of Muslims.

The meeting lasted for four hours and terminated late at night.—United Press.

PATTABHI WRITES CONGRESS HISTORY

Will Publish Book In Honour Of Jubilee

MASULIPATAM, July 3.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, a prominent Member of the All-India Congress Committee, has just finished a piece of classic literature, "The History of the Indian National Congress."

It is learnt that this work will be published by the Congress itself in commemoration of the ensuing Golden Jubilee of the Congress.

If the Congress does not find it possible to undertake the task, Dr. Pattabhi will publish it on his own initiative.—United Press.

ALLEGED CONNECTION WITH TERRORISTS

Young Woman Arrested

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Sudharan Devi, a young married girl was arrested this morning by the Special Branch Police from her house on Surendra Banerjee Road in connection, it is believed, with terrorist movement.—United Press.

DR. I. N. SEN GUPTA JAILED.

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Dr. Indra Narain Sen Gupta was sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of sedition by the Additional District Magistrate, Alipore to-day.

Dr. Sen Gupta is the general secretary of the Congress Nationalist Party, Bengal and was president of the last Bengal Provincial Conference at Dinajpur.

The prosecution was in connection with a speech delivered by Dr. Sen Gupta as president of a public meeting at Deshbandhu Park on April 6, to celebrate the National Week.—United Press.

"One Bright Spot On Agricultural Horizon"

Central Committee Urges Govt. To Provide Funds For Sugar Research Out Of Excise Duty

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 4.

Review of research work done on sugar cane both on its agricultural and manufacturing side since the passage of the Sugar Industry Protection Act in 1932 is understood to have been made by the Sugar Committee of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research which concluded its brief session on Tuesday.

It will be recalled that this Act is fixed first for a period of seven years in which not only protection but the rate of protection is guaranteed.

On a review of research work done till now the Sugar Committee is said to have arrived at the conclusion that the progress made had not kept pace with the anticipations and that the present rate was not accelerated. India would not be able to stand on her own legs within the period of protection. Two chief reasons adduced to slow down the rate of progress were firstly the paucity of funds for sugar research and the fact that the Central Research Institute had not been started earlier

TARIFF BOARD'S RECOMMENDATION.

The Committee drew the attention to the Tariff Board's recommendation that a sum not less than 10 lakhs be set apart as the annual grant to the Imperial Council for Research and that the Select Committee of the Assembly did not press for the statutory inclusion of such provision in the Act because it was pointed out by Sir George Rainy the then Commerce Member, that the more satisfactory arrangement would be for the Government to grant to the Council year after year as much money as was required for sugar research instead of a rigid figure. This statement was followed by the assurance given in both the Houses of Legislature that, in the absence of extraordinary financial conditions, they would give money to the Research Council for all approved schemes of sugar cane research.

PLEDGE NOT KEPT.

The Sugar Committee, it is learnt, noted with regret that there were many sanctioned schemes of research which had been held up for want of implementing of that pledge. The Committee expressed the opinion that a definite and growing source of revenue should be provided for sugar research and, therefore, to assign two annas out of the Sugar Excise Duty for the purpose of promoting research both on the agricultural and on the manufacturing side.

One prominent non-official member of the Committee is reported to have mentioned with considerable force that sugar cane was the one bright spot on agricultural horizon and that from the point of view of the finances of the Government it was expedient that research work should be kept at the highest possible pitch.

"DIVINE PURPOSE BEHIND CALAMITY"

Lahore Debate In Aid Of Quetta Fund

LAHORE, July, 3.

"There is divine purpose behind every calamity" was the subject of a debate held in the Lajpat Rai Hall yesterday evening at 5-30. under the auspices of the Punjab Students' Brotherhood.

The entry to the Hall was by Ticket and the debate was organised to help the Quetta sufferers and the proceeds of the debate were contributed to the Central Quetta Relief Fund. Babu Rajendra Prasad was in the Chair.

Prof. Diwan Chand Sharma opened the debate, supporting the proposition. He was at one with Mahatma Gandhi and Reverend Andrews on this question. He belonged to the school of thought that in every little thing that happened there was to be seen the hand of God.

Prof. Brij Narain who opposed the proposition enumerated the various scientific causes which were responsible for the earthquakes.

Prof. Abdul Majid, Mr. Shiv Sharma, Acharya Kripalani and Maulana Tajwar also participated in the debate.

Babu Rajendra Prasad winding up the debate said that this controversy of divinity was going on from the very inception of the world. It was not a matter to be decided in debates. Arguments have always been advanced from both the sides. They must possess power of understanding and ability before coming to a conclusion.—United Press.

CHARITABLE DISPENSARY FOR CHINSURAH

CHINSURAH, July 3.

The Hoogly district Board, Chinsurah has thankfully accepted the offer of Mr. Jatindra Mohan Dutt of Gooti for a charitable dispensary there. He offered Rs. 42,000/ in 3-1/2 per cent Government promissory notes, the interest on which should be utilised for the recurring cost of running the dispensary. The donor agreed to pay an additional grant of Rs. 1,000/ in cash to meet the cost of running the dispensary in the current year, besides an offer of Rs. 5,000/ more for the initial cost. The donor also offered sufficient lands with a building situated thereon.—United Press.

LONDON MOVE FOR QUETTA RELIEF

Collections For Congress Fund

LONDON (By Air Mail).

Messrs. James Maxton, M.P., Alex Gossop, Harry Pollitt, Fenner Brockway, Ben Bradley and R. Bridgeman are amongst the signatories for a Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund, the collections of which will be sent to the Congress Relief Fund, through Mr. Nariman the Mayor Bombay. Cable exchanges have taken place between Messrs. Bridgeman, Bradley and Gossop on the one side and Mr. Nariman on the other side. Mr. Nariman acknowledging replied:

"Thanks cable. Remittance to the Congress Fund will be gratefully accepted."

The appeal 'inter alia' states that it has become necessary to raise this fund to help the people most in need.—United Press.

"WESTERN INDIA LIFE" QUETTA RELIEF

Donates Rs. 500 To Rajen Babu's Fund

SATARA, July 4.

A contribution of Rs. 500 has been made by the management of the Western India Life Insurance Company of Satara to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Central Quetta Relief Fund.

The Company also announces certain concessions to the policy holders of Quetta, who have suffered owing to the 'quake, regarding the payment of premiums, claims settlement, etc.—United Press.

Life Insurance
IN FORCE
ALMOST DOUBLED IN 2 YEARS

On 31-3-1932 the total insurance in force was	Rs.	1,46,45,000
On 31-3-1934 the total was..	Rs.	2,88,00,000
New Business in 1934-35 ..	Rs.	1,41,00,000

These figures prove the popularity and steady growth of the

NEW INDIA
ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

20,000 People: Faced With Destitution

Lord Zetland's Appeal To Swell Quetta Fund

A meeting called by the Lord Mayor in support of his appeal for the Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund was held on Monday June 24 in the afternoon at the Mansion House. Lord Zetland and other speakers made it clear that the need for help arising out of the disaster is urgent, and it was stated that 20,000 people are faced with destitution unless the aid granted by the State can be supplemented by private charity.

Lord Willingdon, the Viceroy of India, sent a message to the meeting in which he expressed thanks to the Lord Mayor for so generously and promptly starting the Mansion House Fund to assist them in India in repairing the very heavy personal loss and damage which had been caused by the earthquake.

"The response to my appeal in this country (India) from Indians and British alike," the message continued, "has been already splendidly generous, for since the fund opened a fortnight ago I have received over £150,000. The survivors from the earthquake have suffered very heavily indeed. The majority of them have lost everything they possessed. There are many widows and many orphans among them. I am sure that my fellow countrymen will hold out the hand of friendship and sympathy to them and will help them in their hour of need."

BURIED UNDER DEBRIS.

The Lord Mayor, who presided said that the disastrous consequences of the earthquake were still scarcely appreciated. Seventy years ago the British assumed administrative control of this mountainous frontier tract containing Quetta. Quetta guarded the route to Kandahar. It was the headquarters of one of our largest European garrisons and the headquarters of a division of the railway. Apart from the British, the inhabitants of the city were largely Hindus, shopkeepers of a friendly type who had unbounded faith in the British soldier. British energy and organisation had erected many important buildings, but the homes of the people were in the main built of unshaped stone, mud-bricks, and plaster. Thus when the terrible two minutes of trembling took place during the night the town collapsed, burying all those inhabitants beneath its debris.

Never in the past had a disaster made such a clean and terrible sweep in so limited an area. The inhabitants had lost their all. They had sunk everything in a town of our making. They were the people who followed the flag and chose to settle around a British outpost of Empire. As was known the ruins of the city, with its thousands of dead, would be sealed for a year.

The Lord Mayor added that he had approached the Lord Mayors of the important cities in the provinces with the hope that, in spite of the many appeals that had been made this year, they might be able to help, and he had not had one refusal.

AN EMPIRE TRAGEDY

Lord Zetland, Secretary of State for India, said he supposed the Quetta earthquake was the greatest calamity which any country of our Empire had suffered. The impression created on his mind of Quetta was of a city built firmly on a rock, but in the twinkling of an eye not only Quetta, but other cities and a hundred villages within the zone of the railway, which extended over 2,500 square miles, had been blotted off the face of the earth.

He went on to express admiration of the orderly manner and the rapidity with which the situation was dealt with by the authorities on the spot; and the foresight and wisdom by which the risk of epidemic disease had been avoided. He also read a letter from an Englishwoman who was in the earthquake and took an active part in the work of relief, in which the writer said they were all wakened at three minutes past three by the unspeakable noise of the shock. She did not know how she got there, but she found herself in the garden, and while there Major-General Karslake came by in a car and said that all the town had gone. She described in the letter work at the British hospital, and also at the native hospital, to which 2,500 people were taken in one day.

The letter, said Lord Zetland, bore striking proof of the belief he had always entertained that when faced with a real emergency human nature rose to its full stature and displayed the highest qualities with which humanity was endowed. The need in the stricken area was great. The Government of India had provided 10 lakhs of rupees and the generous gifts of the Government of this country and the Commonwealth of Australia had been welcomed gratefully in India, but some 20,000 people were faced with destitution unless the aid granted by the State could be supplemented by private charity.

The Viceroy had received an immediate response, but much more was still required. In calamities of this kind all questions of race or of creed fell into abeyance. There was a common tie of sympathy which combined the nations of the earth in face of human suffering. The International Relief Union, realizing this, was appealing for funds in other countries. He felt sure that the appeal the Lord Mayor had issued would meet with a response which would come up to the greatest traditions of the humanitarian feelings of the British people.

THANKS TO GOVERNMENT.

The Aga Khan said that, belonging to the faith of the vast majority of the sufferers in the disaster, he desired to express his thanks to the British Government and to the Commonwealth of Australia for the immediate way in which they had shown their sympathy by coming to the aid of India. It had been suggested that since the horrors of the War the public were less sensitive to terrible catastrophes that came to mankind, but here they had a case in which nature had outdone all that man had done in terror and aggressiveness.

Quetta was one of the greatest disasters of modern times. Forty thousand people woke from sleep either to be hurled into eternity or to suffer death under conditions making rescue impossible. Others escaped as by a miracle to suffer through life disablement, incapacity, and poverty. They would die of starvation unless there was help. He asked that it should be remembered that his country had unfortunately not yet arrived at that stage of political and social development where people could fall back on such services as insurance, old-age pensions, and other alleviations which existed in Western countries.

Many perplexing questions presented themselves to authority, and the answer to them could not be given yet, though they might be assured that Lord Zetland and Lord Willingdon would handle them with courage and vision. Meanwhile there was one individual question which every one at that meeting could answer. It was not, "Should I give?" but "What and when shall I give?" He appealed for an immediate and generous response, which would go further to unite the various nationalities of the subjects of the King.

Addresses in support of the appeal were also given by Sir B. N. Mitra, High Commissioner for India, Sir Denys de S. Bray, member of the Council of India, and General Sir Torquhil Matheson, who left Quetta on leave before the earthquake.

"Quetta Day" In Sind

(From Our Sind Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Sind), July 1.

The "Quetta Refugees' Day" was celebrated yesterday throughout Sind.

Hyderabad celebrated the Day in a fitting manner. Prayers were offered in the morning in all Mandirs, Tikanas Arya Samaj and Brahma Samaj.

Sadhu T. L. Vaswani, offered special prayers for the departed souls at Quetta. Guru Sangat Hyderabad had "Ardas" in honour of the dead and also prayed for granting power of suffering to those who are yet suffering.

A special Guru Granth Sahib Path is being kept in honour of Quetta Refugees and Bhogh ceremony takes place on Sunday week. In the evening a public meeting was held at the Holmstead Hall under the Presidentship of Sadhu T. L. Vaswani.

A meeting of citizens and merchants of Sanghi convened by the Diwan last night. Rao Bahadur Thombare read a detailed version of the Market Bill (Amendments) and showed that the bill as approved by the Raja Sahib was meant to redress the grievances of merchants and to remove their difficulties.

"G-3's" EXTRA GRIP KEEPS YOU GOING...

—costs US more to build
—costs YOU no more to buy

ON BAD roads you need traction to keep going—and the new "G-3" All-Weather by Goodyear gives you more of that than any other tyre!

In slippery mud, in shifting sand, those big, sharp-edged blocks of rubber in the CENTRE of the Goodyear tread bite down—grip and *hold*—gaining extra traction to pull you through.

And when you want to stop that same mighty grip will halt your car quicker than any other tyre. 8,400 tests prove it!

Remember: this new "G-3" gives 43% longer non-skid mileage—keeps its grip TWICE as long as any tyre tested against it—yet costs no more. So why buy any tyre that offers less?

FATAL ATTACK ON DACCA INTERNEE

Stabbed On Way To Police Station For Recording Attendance

DACCA, July 3.

Paresh Chandra Sen, a home internee under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act, was fatally stabbed this afternoon by two Bengali youths.

Sen was passing Government House en route to the Sutrapur police station to record his usual attendance, when he was attacked from behind. Three Muslims who were passing by chased the alleged assailants and captured one. The other escaped.

Sen was immediately taken to the Mintford hospital, where he died shortly afterwards.

HUNGER STRIKERS IN JAIL TO BE ISOLATED

Mass Refusal To Take Food May Amount To Mutiny

New rules have been framed to deal with prisoners who go on hunger strike, says the Ootacamund correspondent of "The Madras Mail."

According to these rules, jail authorities have been asked immediately to isolate hunger-strike prisoners from other prisoners.

They are also asked to warn prisoners that hunger-striking is a major offence in a jail and mass hunger-striking amounts to mutiny.

No redress of grievances will, in any circumstances, be given so long as they continue on hunger-strike.

Whenever prosecutions are instituted, the proceedings will be held within the jail and will be begun and completed with as little delay as possible.

A statement with the rules points out that it is the duty of the jail authorities to do what they reasonably can to keep the prisoners in their charge healthy and to save them from death. The exact time at which artificial feeding should be resorted to in each individual case will be left to the discretion of the medical officer.

"Quetta Day" At Ajmer

(From A Correspondent.)

AJMERE, July 2.

The Nagar Congress Committee observed the "Quetta Day" in accordance with the appeal issued by the Congress President by holding prayers at 7-30 a.m. at the Provincial Congress Committee's Office. After the singing of prayer the National flag was hoisted over the Office.

In the evening under the presidentship of Syt Jeet Mall Lunia, a public meeting was held. First a resolution offering condolence to the relatives of the victims of the earthquake and sympathy with the sick and wounded was adopted. In another resolution the meeting condemned the Government's action in prohibiting the entry into Quetta by the Congress President, and Mahatma Gandhi.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Proposed Addition To Convention Adopted By I. L. O.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 2.

The Government of India have made reference to the Local Governments on the subject of action to be taken on the draft Convention adopted by the International Labour Conference regarding the Workmen's Compensation for occupational disease.

OBJECTS OF NEW CONVENTION.

This convention which revises and supplments the Convention regarding Workmen's Compensation for occupational and similar diseases adopted in 1925, proposes to add certain occupational diseases included in the Convention which are not already covered by the Indian Act which are (1) Silicosis (2) Arsenic Poisoning (3) Poisoning by Thxhalogen derivatives or Hydrocarbons of the Thxaliphatic series (4) Pathological manifestations due to Radium and other radio-active substances or to X-rays and (5) Primary Epithellomatous Cancer of skin.

SILICOSIS.

Of these the most important is probably silicosis, which is a dangerous lung disease often associated with the frequently confused with tuberculosis. The Government of India observe that the disease is associated in other countries with gold mining and with many common industrial processes of which sand blasting, manufacture of China glass and pottery and stone-cutting are examples.

They ask that enquiries may be made as to the incidence of diseases of the lungs among workers engaged in operations mentioned above or other "dusty" trades. They observe however that Silicosis cannot ordinarily be definitely diagnosed except by exports equipped with Radiological apparatus and inquire if there are in any area sufficient facilities of this character.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES.

They also refer to the possibility of preventive measures in some factories, E. G., railway workshops. Special measures are already taken to protect workers from dangers incidental to sands blasting and it is possible that application of suitable regulations might have a substantial effect in reducing the incidences of disease and it is suggested that regulations could be made under the Factories Act to protect from exposure to the risk of Suicosis and arsened poisoning.

The letter also asks for information bearing on the incidence of other diseases mentioned. It is suggested that Oxide of Arsenic may be used in Hide and Skins trade and in tanneries in India and that enquiries might be made accordingly as to incidence of arsenic poisoning.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

Prosecution Against Mrs. Van Der Elst Fails

Mrs. Violet van der Elst, who has been carrying on a campaign against capital punishment, was summoned at Westminster Police Court in mail week, together with Robert Charles Adams, of Queen's Road, Norwood, for "hindering by misbehaviour the free passage of divers carriages on the highway at King's Road, Chelsea, on April 16." Mrs. van der Elst, whose address was given as Addison Road, Kensington, was further summoned for "causing vehicles to be driven in a scheduled thoroughfare—within three miles of Charing Cross—mainly for the purpose of advertisement, contrary to the London Traffic Regulations, 1934."

Mr. Norman Parkes, for the police, dealing with the case of Adams, said there came from the direction of Beaufort Street into King's Road a procession of two vans and two motor-cars, and a number of sandwich-board men. The leading vehicle was driven by Adams. From the two vans there came sounds of hymn tunes from loud-speakers, and passers-by were harangued—also through loud-speakers—in support of the movement for the abolition of capital punishment. Police officers asked Adams and others to move more quickly because the cars and the number of followers caused obstruction for some 300 yards behind. In spite of several requests Adams did not accelerate at all.

The Magistrate (Mr. Kenneth Marshall) said he did not think he could convict under the section of the Act referred to. There must be wilful obstruction, by negligence. He did not know that driving slowly was either negligence or misbehaviour. Had process been taken for wilful obstruction that might have been another matter, but he did not think there were any grounds on which he could possibly find Adams guilty of misbehaviour. No one was prevented from passing, and he would dismiss the summons.

Mr. A. H. Marlowe (for Adams) said the police had racked their brains to know what sort of an offence they could summon these people for. As they had chosen the wrong section he asked for costs.

The Magistrate declined saying Adams could consider himself fortunate in not having been summoned for obstruction. He agreed to state a case.

Mr. J. O. Malley, for Mrs. van der Elst, said he took it that the first summons against her would also be dismissed. She was unable to attend the court, being now in a nursing-home following an operation.

Mr. Parkes said the case for the police as to the second summons was that Mrs. van del Elst caused the vehicles to be driven mainly for the purposes of advertisement.

The Magistrate said it seemed to him that there could not be a clearer case of advertisement, but it was obviously not for the purpose of gain. A campaign was going on, and he thought Mrs. van der Elst had been misled, and that in the circumstances he could dismiss the summons under the Probation of Offenders Act. He ordered the payment of £5 5s. costs.

With reference to the New Delhi message regarding the arrest of Mr. Niranjan Singh Talib, Editor "Daily Deshdarpan", the statement that he had been the Private Secretaruy of the ex-Maharaja of Nabha, is repudiated. On behalf of Maharaja Gurparan Singh of Nabha, we are informed that he (Niranjan Singh) was never his Private Secretary.

"I have examined many so-called 'difficult and cross' children and could prove that in most instances the children suffered from lack of calcium in the body," writes a well-known specialist.

For irritable Children

In the "Strand Magazine" of March 1933, the well-known food expert, Miss Kathleen Dane, writes:

"Many children of the irritable, nervous type, owe their state to a deficiency of organic salts, particularly calcium, notwithstanding the fact that the dietary appears to be properly balanced. Such youngsters do well when the diet is reinforced by a well-retained mineral food, such as 'Kalzana' which medical men all over the country are now recommending."

It is so easy to prevent these troubles in your child. A few Kalzana tablets a day will give the child what is needed and soon your boy or girl will be a happy, healthy youngster again.

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

Kalzana

229 The Mineral Food for Better Health

Post this Coupon for a free sample and booklet.

Name_____

Address_____

Send to Dept. B.C. 32.

MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Rowlette Building, Prinsep Street, CALCUTTA

Contemplated Stoppage Of Swadeshi Mills

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, (By Mail).

It will be remembered that the right shift of the Swadeshi mills was closed down sometime back and the management has notified of its intention to close down the day shift as from Monday. Eleventh-hour efforts, reported to have been made by some influential parties, may yet avert the contemplated stop to close down the mills.

Latest Commercial News

RISE OF ONE POINT IN LIVERPOOL COTTON

Upward Movement In Cross Rates

GOLD EASY AND SILVER UNCHANGED

Wheat Weak But Tin, Jute And Rubber Steady

BOMBAY, July 4

On Thursday, cross rates moved upward to-day.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET CLOSED

The New York cotton market was closed to-day, on account of a holiday. Liverpool cotton closed one point up.

GOLD EASY AND SILVER UNCHANGED

London gold was easy and silver remained unchanged.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT WEAK

Liverpool wheat was weak owing to the lack of confidence.

TIN AND JUTE STEADY

Tin was steady. Jute and rubber also ruled steady.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES NEGLECTED

The London Stock Exchange was quiet in the absence of speculative interest. Giltedged securities were neglected but prices kept fairly steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

New York, July 4

Previous closing	11.78

The market was closed to-day.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1935.

Liverpool, July 4

Previous closing	6.25
To-day's opening	6.26
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	6.26
Difference	+.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 222-8

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 4

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.98/11.98) closed
October (11.65/11.64) closed
December (11.64/11.63) closed

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 4

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American July (6.55) 6.37
American October (6.25) 6.27
Egyptian July (7.88) 7.90
Egyptian October (7.88) 7.89

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 4

Broach New A-M moved between Rs. 222-12 and Rs. 222-4 at night. The rate at night was Rs. 222-4 with Liverpool closing futures 1 point up.

JUTES STEADY WITH LITTLE BUISINESS

But Coals More Or Less Neglected

CALCUTTA, July 4

In share market jutes ruled steady with very little business passing. Coals were more or less neglected. Teas were dull. The miscellaneous section revealed no outstanding features. Government securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent new loan 1941 101/4; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/2; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 106/14.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1573 small lot; Conty 394; Reserve Bank 130.

Railways: Berasatbashirhat Light 46/8; Howrahsheakhala Light 60.

Cottons: Kesoram 3/4; Mohini Mill 10/8.

Coals: Burradhemo 3/3; Equitable 39/5; New Manbhoom 61/4; Samla Colliery 1/13; Talcher 1/2; Union 16/4.

Jutes: Anglo India 479/8; Belvedere 425/8; Budge Budge 304; Fort William 333; Howrah 56/11; Hastings pref 120/8; Kamarhatty 585; National 24/10 small lot; New Central 387 small lot; Reliance 75/8; Union 509 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Bengal Iron 3/11; Indian Iron and Steel 7/9; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 58; Calcutta Insurance Rs. 8 paid up 8/4; Concord of India Insurance 11/10 Prem; Indian Wood Products 19/12 small lot; Balrampore Sugar 19/8 small lot; Buland 11/12; Cawnpore pref 156/8; Champaran 18/12, Murree Brewery 181; Samastipore 9/14; Teas: Jutlibari 14; Codlabari 27/8; Tukvar 15 ex div small lot;

Rubber: Pajam 1-67 cts;

Debentures: 7 per cent 1930/40 Calcutta Jute 112.—A. P

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES

Figures Of Gross Earnings

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd., Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies report that the gross earnings of the said Companies for the month of June 1935 and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, subject to adjustments, were as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co Ltd for the month of June 1934 Rs. 3,58,771; for the month of June 1935 Rs. 2,80,341

Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. for the month of June 1934 Rs. 4,21,433; for the month of June 1935 Rs. 3,51,052

Tata Power Co. Ltd for the month of June 1934 Rs. 4,23,891; for the month of June 1935 Rs. 7,60,004.

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co Ltd for fiscal year upto June 30, 1934 Rs. 44,83,085; for current fiscal year upto June 30, 1935 Rs. 50,15,448

Andhra Valley Power Supply Co Ltd for fiscal year upto June 30, 1934 Rs 54,06,937; for current fiscal year upto June 30, 1935 Rs. 55,68,675.

Tata Power Co. Ltd for fiscal year upto June 30, 1934 Rs. 59,04,450; for current fiscal year upto June 30, 1935 Rs. 73,05,417.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 4

Previous closing	4.94 1/8
To-day's opening	closed
To-day's closing	closed

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 4

Previous closing	4.94 1/16
To-day's opening	4.94 1/8
To-day's closing	4.94 5/16
Difference	+.00 1/4

FRANC RATE

London, July 4

Previous closing	74.47
To-day's opening	74.47
To-day's closing	74.76
Difference	+29

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 4

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94-1/8 and then rose to 4.94-5/8 subsequently the rate receded to 4.94-7/16.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.94 5/16.

Franc opened at 74.47 and improved sharply to 74.69 thereafter movements were quiet and narrow.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.76.

LONDON SILVER

London, July 4

The market was quiet.

	Last price	To-day's price
	31d.	31d.
Forward		
Spot	31 3/16d.	31 3/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, July 4

Gold per ounce (£7-1-6) £7-0-11

DISCOUNTS

London, July 4

3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (13/16 to 7/8 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, July 4

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1.6 1/8)	**1.6 1/8**
Paris on Bombay (5.61 7/8)	5.63 7/8
New York on Bombay (37.37)	37.30
Berlin on Bombay (0.93)	**0.93**
London on Shanghai (1-7 1/4)	1-7 3/16
London on Milan (59.53)	59.75
London on Kobe (1-2 1/8)	**1-2 1/8**

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, July 4

Silver opened steady at Rs. 73/4, 73/8 and 74. The market showed some slight activity on better overnight advices from abroad and with London showing steadier tendency improved on scattered buying and some covering and closed steady at Rs. 73/8, 73/12 and 74/4.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/15/6, 35/0/3 and 35/1/6. Prices eased under liquidation and local selling influenced by weakness of franc and closed quiet at Rs. 34/14, 34/14/9 and 34/15/3.

BHAWNAGAR MARKET

Bhavnagar, July 4

Groundnut oil Ashad Tejimandi settlement Rs. 5-6-6.

Closed at Rs. 5-6-9.

Bhadarvo opened at Rs. 5-7-3.

Bombay groundnut (strong) closed at Rs. 5-8-9.

Helo Badlo at Rs. 0-2-0

Jotta at Rs. 0-10-3, sold 125,000 tons.

Groundnut Rs. 3-0-3. Ashad Rs. 2-10-6.

Sutar Goldmahor 107-4.

Sugar Rs. 4-13-3.

Corrugate Rs. 9-7.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 4

Liverpool wheat opened easy with July at 60 3/4 and October 62. Prices fell due to the lack of confidence and disappointing advices from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 4

The market was closed to-day.

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 4

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£230 1/4 buyers £230 1/2 sellers. Steady) £230 3/4 buyers £231 sellers. Steady.

Linseed Calcutta June July (£13 3/4 buyers £13 7/8 sellers. Barely steady) £13 11/16 buyers £13 3/4 sellers. Quiet.

Electrolytic Copper (£33 3/4 to £34 1/4) £33 3/4 to £34 1/4

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9
Indian Pekoe higher (1-0 3/4) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/4) 0-10 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 1/4) 1-6 1/4

JUTE

July August New Crop (£19 1/4 paid and sellers) £19 5/16 sellers
Dunlop August (£23 3/4) £23 1/2
Lightning August (£22) £21 3/4

RUBBER.

Spot (5 15/16) 5 15/16 paid and value Forward (6 1/8) 6 1/8 paid and buyer.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay July August (£11 5/8) £11 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July August (£11 3/8) £11 3/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£9 1/8 sellers) £9 1/8 sellers
Groundnut Coromandal July (£13 3/8 sellers) £12 15/16 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, July 4

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6 10 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	6 10 9
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	—
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	—
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	—

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 4

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 4 9
Linseed September	6 10 6

The tone was quiet.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

July 4.

S.S. Golden Gate, Captain J Fagerland, Agents Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Arrived from Rangoon and Cochin.

S.S. Barala, Captain J W Milne, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Arrived from Basra via Karachi.

S.S. Mote Piana Captain G Prossen, Agents Lloyd Triestino, and Co., Arrived from Trieste via Karachi.

S.S. Corfu, Captain E M Coater, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Arrived from London via Aden.

DEPARTURES

July 4.

S.S. Corfu, Captain E M Coates, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Sydney via Colombo.

S.S. Barala, Captain J W Milen, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Calcutta.

S.S. Varela, Captain A L Beytagh, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Sailed for Basra via Karachi.

LOADING

July 4.

S.S. Chitral, for Europe Ports.
S.S. Sumatra Maru for China, Japan Ports.
S.S. Varsova for Persian Gulf Ports.
S.S. Behar, for China, Japan Ports.
S.S. Gambada, for Rangoon and Coast Ports.
S.S. Somali for Europe Ports.

A review of mango export from Ratnagiri harbour reveals the interesting fact that 60,704 mango parcels were exported this year. The above number is 1¼ times as much as last year's. It is expected that the number will increase every year.

Business In All Sections Very Quiet

SHARP FALL IN WHEAT

Bank Of France Discount Rate Reduced

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, July 4

On the Stock Exchange business in all sections was very quiet mainly owing to the approaching end of the account and markets were featureless.

In commodities wheat slumped fairly sharply on adverse news from Canada, Argentina and France.

French franc weakened owing Leonblum's attack on government's financial policy. Reduction in the Bank of France discount rate had no effect on the market.

Wall Street was closed.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 4

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £98 3/4.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, June 26, £97 1/2
Thursday, June 27 £97 3/4
Friday, June 28 £97 3/4
Monday, July 1 £98
Tuesday, July 2 £98 3/4
Wednesday, July 3, £99

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 4

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were inactive and featureless. Giltedged securities and industrials were generally quieter and rather irregular, owing to the lack of fresh support.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£86 1/2) £86 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£112) £112 1/4

4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 1/2) £118 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 7/8) £106 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£117) £117

INDUSTRIALS.

British Homestores 7 per cent Preference cumulative (29-9) 29-9

Marks and Spencer Splits share (4 1/2) 4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 3 3/4) dol 3 3/4

Musical Industries (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2

Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9

Imperial Chemical (36-4 1/2) 35-9

Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (112-7 1/2) 112-1 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£80 3/4) £81 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (43-7 1/2) 43-7 1/2

University Ordinary (30-0) 29-9

Ford Motors (36-3) 35-6

Cables and Wireless (£9) £9

British American Tobacco (121-10 1/2) 121-10 1/2

Camera A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (140-0) 140-0

P and O S N Company Defd (18-10 1/2) 19-1 1/2

Distillers (94-6) 94-6

Bred and Dyers (9-3) 9-0

British Celanese (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (61-6) 61-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (58-10 1/2) 58-10 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (7-3) 7-3

Westerns Limited Ordinary (13-7 1/2) 13-7 1/2

Inter Nickels (£27 3/8) £27 3/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 6-0

Tata Iron and Steel (£107) £105

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 4

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£86 1/2) £87

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £93

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£113 1/2) £113 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£116 1/2) £117

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£115) £115

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£110) £110

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-9) 19-4 1/2
Donaro Tea (38-1 1/2) 38-9
Empire of India and Ceylon (30-0) 30-0

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£13) £13

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-9) 22-9
Gula Kelampong (23-9) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-3) 32-0

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (58-9) 58-9
Burma Corporation (9-9) 9-6
Rio Tintos (£16 1/2) £16 1/2
East Rand Proprietory (51-6) 51-6
Rand Mines (156-3) 157-6

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (268-9) 269-6
Goddar New (210-0) 210-0
Moddar New (76-3) 76-3
Sub Nigel (260-0) 260-0
Spring Mines Split Shares (42-6) 42-6
Union Corporation (170-0) 170-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (46-10 1/2) 46-3
Anglo Dutch (60-7 1/2) 60-7 1/2
Burma Oil (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (5-6) 5-0
Shell Transport (71-3) 70-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (25 5/8) 25 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£50) £50
L M Ford (£20 1/4) £20 3/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Southern Dutch (£23) £23
London Paris 5 per cent (£135) £134 1/2
London Board G Stock (£98 1/2) £99 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 4

The following were the opening rates

General Motor (dol 32 5/8) closed
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 14 5/8) closed
U S Steel Common (dol 33 1/4) closed
U S Steel Preference (dol 87 1/2) closed.

HARIJAN ENFRANCHISEMENT

Sub-Committee's Plans For Representation On Bombay Council

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries of the Harijan Sub-Committee of the B.P.C.C. write:—

A meeting of the Harijan Sub-Committee was held on Saturday last in which important issues arising out of the forthcoming elections of the Provincial Legislatures under the new constitution were discussed and a special committee to consider the present position and draw up a suitable scheme to be put before the B.P.C.C. has been appointed.

In this connection, Sjt. P. R. Lele's letter written to the Harijan Sub-committee was read and the question as to what could be done by the Congress to awaken the conscience of the people was discussed. The political aspect of the question is that hereafter ten per cent of the Harijan population will be enfranchised and in the presidency of Bombay, fifteen seats will be reserved for Harijans on the Bombay Legislative Assembly. Mere literacy may be held sufficient to enfranchise Harijans.

The Committee has to consider this important problem and a scheme of activities in this direction drawn up by it will be presented to the B.P.C.C. for consideration and adoption

The members of the Sepcial Committee are:—

1. Sjt. V. R. Dighe (Convener)
2. Sjt. P.R. Lele
3. Sjt. F. M. Pinto
4. Sjt. B. J. Deorukhkar
5. Sjt. Khimji Rathod

With the general secretaries of the B.P.C.C. as ex-officio members.

This Committee will soon meet to draw up a scheme and those who take interest in it and have any suggestons to make are requested to write to the Hon. Secretaries, Harijan Sub-Committee, B.P.C.C. Congress House, Bombay 4.

SEPARATION OF ORISSA

Problem Of Financial Adjustment

RANCHI, July 2.

As recently reported in the Press Mr. J. C. Nixon, I.C.S., came to Ranchi to discuss with the local Government the problem of financial adjustment arising out of the separation of Orissa. The object of the discussions was to arrive at an agreement regarding the correct principles to be adopted in distributing the assets and liabilities of the present province between the two provinces of Bihar and Orissa and to find the best method of giving practical effect to these principles, as, for instance, on the question of apportionment between the two provinces of the liabilities for pensions of the Government officers in the service of the local Government. A considerable measure of agreement was reached.—A. P.

RAJBHOJ VISITS ARRAH

Satisfied With Progress Made By Harijan Sevak Sangh

ARRAH (BEHAR), July 4.

Sjt. P. N. Rajbhoj the Harijan leader of Poona, and General Secretary of the All-India Depressed Classes League who is on a propaganda tour, arrived at Arrah, after visiting Cawnpore and Allahabad.

He was the guest of Babu Jug Jiwan Ram, Secretary of the All-India Depressed Classes League, and visited the local Harijan School started by the Harijan Sewak Sangha at Jawahartala, accompanied by Mr. Ram. He was glad to see a large number of Harijan boys reading there and expressed satisfaction at the progress made by the local Harijan Sewak Sangha.

After visiting other places where the Sangha's activities are being carried on he left for Patna with Mr Ram.

While in Patna Mr. Rajbhoj will see a number of prominent members of the depressed classes in order to organise a provincial depressed classes league and leave for Calcutta after making these arrangements.—United Press.

ALLEGED THEFT OF PASSENGER'S TRUNK

Woman Arrested And Enlarged On Bail

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, July 3.

Sundarabai Lalsing Patel, a young woman passenger, who is alleged to have stolen a trunk belonging to another woman copassenger on the up Madras Mail while the latter was alseep at Kalyan early yesterday morning, has been arrested by Sub-Inspector M. V. Kaisare of the Kalyan Railway Police, who is investigating the charge of theft against her brought by Mrs. Urmilabai Joshi of Medha in the Sholapur district.

The loss of trunk was reported by the complainant at Byculla.

The suspect, who was sitting in the same compartment, is alleged to have removed the trunk at Kalyan station, where she alighted and got into an up electric train. The young woman was found in possession of the alleged stolen property at Dombivli by the railway police.

The woman has been enlarged on bail, pending trial before the local Resident Magistrate.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE CONCERT

Members To Meet For Quetta Relief

There will be a Musical Concert (Vocal) by Bal Shrimatibai Narvekar on Saturday the 6th July, 1935 at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Laxmibaug, New Bhatwadi, Sandhurst Road, Near N. Powell & Co.

A meeting of the members and their friends will also be held at the same time and place to express sympathy with the thousands who have perished in the recent Quetta Earthquake and also to collect funds for the relief of the survivors. A charity box will be sent round in the meeting and members and their friends are requested to subscribe liberally towards the fund. All the amount thus collected together with the amount collected on the day as guest fee will be sent to the Quetta Quake Relief Fund.

STEADY PROGRESS OF IRISH PRESS

DUBLIN (By air mail.)

The annual meeting of the Irish Press Ltd. recorded the following steady progress in daily net paid sales:

1931 (last quarter)	56,821
1932	87,374
1933	94,944
1934	103,237

The Irish Press was originally started by Eamon de Valera (President of the Free State) towards the end of 1931. He retired from the active management of the paper when he was elected president. His place was taken by his son Vivian de Valera, who was again elected this year as one of the Directors.—United Press.

"Indian Nation" To Issue Morning Edition

PATNA, July 4.

The authorities of the "Indian Nation, the only English daily of Behar, have decided to bring out a morning edition of their paper from July 9 next, in addition to the usual evening edition, which they are having at present.—United Press.

An Ootacamund message says that Mr. F. E. James, M. L. A., met with an accident at his residence where he slipped down last evening and dislocated his elbow slightly.

ROYAL ARMY VETERINARY CORPS

Progressive Extension Of Indian Cadre By New Scheme

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 4.

Some years ago the Secretary of State approved the policy of replacing British officers of the Royal Army Veterinary Corps in the Indian continuous service cadre, as wastage occurred by Indian commissioned officers' normal rate of wastage involved a period of about 21 years before the last of 22 British officers of this cadre was replaced by an Indian commissioned officer.

The Secretary of State has now approved the new scheme of Indianization by which there will be progressive extension of the Indian cadre to a total of 60 Indian commissioned officers.

This policy will provide every Indian mounted-unit with the services of trained M. R. C. V. S. (Member of Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons) for the proper application of modern veterinary science to th problem of reducing animal wastage.

The following information may be of help to the parents who are considering the Indian Army Veterinary Corps as a career for their sons.

(1) To obtain commission in I. A.V.C. a candidate must first obtain the diploma of M. R. C. V. S. which can only be obtained in the British Isles after 5 years study at a recognised veterinary college.

(2) Conditions of service of I. A.V.C. are (a) the candidate must be under 28 years (b). He must pass competitive entrance examination (c). He will serve 3 1/2 years in the rank of Lieutenant before promotion to Captain (d). He then serve 8 1/2 years in the rank of Captain before promotion to Major (e) promotion above the rank of Major is by selection.

There will be about four vacancies a year during the next 11 years. Subsequently, vacancies will occur to replace normal wastage which is estimated at two officers a year.

This reorganization gives great encouragement to the youth of India to study veterinary medicine and to join the interesting and scientific branch of the army.

'FIGHTING PESTS' ON SUGAR CANE

Central Committee Prepares Scheme

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 4.

It is understood that the Sugar Committee of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research discussed the problem of dealing with insects which in the last sugar cane season in Western U.P. and Eastern Punjab alone attacked and damaged about 40 per cent crops.

At the request of the Council the Imperial Institute of Agricultural Research (now on transfer from Pusa to Delhi) has prepared a scheme of research to tackle this pest and the Sugar Committee is understood to have approved of the scheme and further suggested that research work should be extended to the provinces with the help of provincial schemes.

ENTOMOLOGIST COMMITTEE

Mr. Isaac, the second Imperial Entomologist at Pusa who was deputed by the Imperial Council to study the latest methods of dealing with the pests in the United States Central America and Havaii is returning to India some time in November and will take charge of the central scheme and it is learnt that in accordance with the suggestion of the Sugar Committee a Committee of Entomologists from all over India will assemble to prepare schemes for dealing with the disease in the provinces.

IN AID OF QUETTA

Muslim Circle's Successful Concert

There was bumper attendance at the Variety Concert organised by the Bombay Muslim Circle under the presidentship of Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mayor of Bombay, in aid of the Quetta Relief Fund, at the Royal Opera House on Thursday night.

The programme consisted of several items of dancing and singing which were so well rendered that the appreciative audience repeatedly applauded the performers. The tiny tots on the stage were a marvel and won the admiration and approbation of those who had the good fortune to see them render in rhythm the ancient classics so dear to the Orient.

The organisers were hard at work finding accommodation for the large numbers that sought admittance, thanks to their efforts and the co-operation of the public, the Muslim Circle's quota to the Quetta Relief Fund would be a fairly large sum.

Further Rise In New York Cotton

TRADE AND WALL-STREET BUYING

Increasing Resistance To Processing Tax

ACREAGE ESTIMATES RANGE 28½ TO 29 MILLIONS

Bombay, July 4.

On the eve of the "Indepen dence Day" the New York Cotton futures market was cheerful on trade and Wall-Street buying. Private acreage estimates run b etween 28 1/2 and 29 millions. The official Report will be relea sed on Monday.

There was no fresh news f rom Washington and operators are generally disposed to await the outcome of the increasing resistance to the Processing Ta x.

The official weekly weather report was favourable except East, where rain is needed but the market was mainly influenced by short covering and Ja panese buying on bullish private estimates.

On Wednesday the New York Cotton Market was easy during early part of the day on long liquidation, influenced by reports of favourable weather over the Cotton Belt.

The market opened at a decline of 4 points and a further drop of 3 points was recorded. Later on prices advanced on short covering and trade buying.

Private Acreage Reports were again bullish and the "Journal of Commerce" estimates of area under cotton cultivation was construed favourably and prices recorded a rise of 18 points from the lowest level.

Shorts were committing to remain with sales over the holiday and the market closed at a rise of 6 to 12 points.

Spot cotton prices were raised by 10 points to 12.45.

The New Orleans Cotton Market was also firm and closed at a rise of 9 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices improved 10 points to 12.45.

Liverpool Cotton Futures Market opened at a rise of 6 points with Oct. 6.25. There was short covering and London buying which met with scattered hedge-selling. Later on the Market was supported by straddle operations and trade buying.

The market closed at a rise of 6 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 6.95.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Pirojshaw R. Vakharia and Co., have received to-day the following cables from their foreign friends.

New York.—"Trade and Wall Street buying mostly. Favourably weekly weather report offset by the fact that estimates of acreage are being reduced."

Liverpool.—"Market good on better trade demand Shortage of contracts and reduced private acreage estimates think steady markets indicated but expect no announcement loan policy until after August Bureau Report."

Liverpool.—"Straddle selling near positions met with fair trade calling. Closed quiet but steady."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends.—

Liverpool.—Trading more mixed. Some profit-taking on theory Pool will not buy further futures against spot sales if July is over 12.00. Looks like two sided market pending more definite crop developments.

New York.—After ruling steady during the forenoon advanced during the afternoon on local buying to cover, liberal buying by professional operators and active demand for near months from spot houses and trade. Do not think it advisable to follow the advance. Advise buying on weak spots. Cotton goods market—yarn market—no business of any importance.

New York.—Strength reflects local buying, scarcity of contracts and expectations of small Government acreage report. Private estimates 29 million acres.

New York.—Trade and Wall Street buying mostly. Favourable weekly weather report offset by the fact that estimates of acreage are being reduced.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:

Acreage Estimates running 28 1/2 to 29 millions.

Larger trade demand and covering; offers very few. Heatly weather favourable except East where rain is needed.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

Fairly favourable weekly weather report forced some early realising which was well absorbed by trade but later prices advanced on Japanese and wall Street buying. Latest weather reports are of a mixed character with scattered showers tending to increase weevil.

Official reports indicate spotted weevil infestation from Texas to N. Carolina. Smaller private acreage and crop reports combined with the hopes of 12 cent loan, have been responsible for the acute scarcity of contracts.

Uncontrolled spot cotton is rapidly moving into consumption and the Government holdings of nearly six million bales held up to February, 1936 are unlikely to come into the market unless the price reaches around 13 cents for spots.

Prospects of 12 cents loan will hold back Southern hedges on new crop unless the prices are very attractive. Messrs. Clement Curtis estimate the present crop at just over 10 million bales with the condition at 67 per cent.

There is a growing belief that as early in the year the world believed 12 cents was the 'ground' for cotton, now they consider the same price as the 'roof,' but Senator Bankhead states this belief may be disproved if the size of crop does not exceed 10 1/2 million bales, in consequence of the relatively smaller stock of outside growths and the U. S. A. Administration holding 75 per cent of the world's American carry-over.

WHEAT.

Uncertainty over the Canadian Pool holdings have offset the serious weather conditions in Argentine. The latest cable from Buenos Aires states "The drought continues unchanged. A quarter of the North is believed to have remained unseeded, becoming very late for seeding. Rainfall during the month of June averaged North 0.3 inches and South 0.5 inches."

COTTON

Official weather report issued to-day indicates that weather was more favourable than in the previous week, except in the East which needs rain and where there has been some premature blooming.

Progress in Texas was fair but parts of this section are favouring insects. In West Oklahoma, the growth was good but the crop in the East has deteriorated. Progress in the Central belt has been favourable except in the Northern lowlands where the plants are weedy.

The "Journal of Commerce" estimates the acreage of cotton at 28,690,000 acres.

HOLIDAY.

All the American markets will remain closed to-day being Independence Day.

New York October highest 11.80 plus 11 (2-41 p.m.)
Lowest 11.62—07 (12-34 p.m.)
Liverpool October highest 6.27 plus 08 (10-15 a.m.)
Lowest 6.22 plus 03 (3-15 p.m.)

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from their Liverpool Agents:

Acreage Estimates running 28 1/2 to 29 millions.

Larger trade demand and covering; offers very few. Weekly weather favourable except East where need rain.

New York: Steady market reflecting scarcity of contracts; unless speculative interest broadens we look for increased offerings on further advance.

Reynolds and Gibson, Liverpool, dated 3-7-35.

Cotton: For long run we still think present prices favour sales but immediate future owing to tightness of contracts and late start of the crop, purchases on declines for quick turn probably profitable.

Copper: Sentiment better but no news of American limitation of exports although generally believed will adhere to the Agreement. £30/11/3.

Rubber: Consumption good and expected shipments show heavy reduction, when confirmed we look for reaction. Jan/Mar 6 1/4; A/June 6 3/8.

Wheat: Don't expect much change unless we have crop scares. March 5/3 3/8.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 3

October 1935	11.78+09
December 1935	11.74+06
January 1936	11.76+07
March 1936	11.82+11
May 1936	11.87+12
Middling Spot	12.45+10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, July 3

July 1935	11.07+10
October 1935	11.74+11
Dec. 1935	11.72+09
Middling Spot	12.45+10

NEW YORK.

New York, July 3.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
October 1935	11.67
December 1935	11.64
New York, Noon Call—	
October 1935	11.63
December 1935	11.59

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, July 3.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	1,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	6,000

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 3.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of latest quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer Power and Light 5 p.c. P.A.	22
Amer Forn. Power Com	4
Amer Forn. Power Gold D	70
Electric Bond Common	9
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	56 1/2
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd.	63
Columbia Gas	8
Columbia Gas 6 p.c. Pfd. A	72
American Tel. and Tel.	127
Western Union Telg.	34 1/2
Radio Corp.	8
Chesapeake and Ohio	44
New York Central	16 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	11
National Distillers	27
Guaranty Trust	282
United States Steel	33 1/4
American Smelting	41
Int. Nickel of Canada	27
Anaconda Copper Mining	14 1/4
Cerro de Pasco Copper	57
Ford Motors of Canada A	28
General Motor	33
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	26
St. Oil of N. J.	47
Socony	12 3/4
Chase Bank	28
National City Bank	26 3/4
National Dairy	16 1/2

Total business 1 million.

Market closed on Thursday. Market practically unchanged and steady. Cerro de Pasco has declared a dividend of one dollar.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 4.

The local Silver Market ruled quiet to-day with scattered liquidation. Prices opened at Rs. 73/12 and declined to Rs. 73/7. At this level the Market was steady with a limited turnover.

The Gold Market was quiet but steady and business was restricted.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready Silver	73 5 0
First Settlement	73 8 0
Second Settlement	73 14 0
Ready Gold	34 14 6
First Settlement	35 0 6
Second Settlement	35 1 9

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, July 3

Spot silver prices were reduced to-day by 1/8 cent to 69 3/8 cents.

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, July 3

July 69.50 plus 10
September 69.95 plus 10
December 871.00—30

LONDON SILVER.

London, July 3

Market steady.
Spot 31
Forward 31-3/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, July 3

Gold Bars Fine per oz, £7-1/6

LONDON METALS.

London, July 3.

	£
Copper Braziers	43-3/4
Yellow Metal	36-3/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brands.	14-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge..	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F. O. B.	229-1/2

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL

Bombay, July 4

London market—
Standard Copper Cash (buyers) £30-7-6
Standard Copper Cash (sellers) £30-8-9
Standard Copper 3 months £30-15-0
Electrolytic copper £34-5-0
New York market—
Blue Eagle unquoted
Non-Blue Eagle 7 1/4 cents
Bombay market quotations
Yellow metal sheets Rs. 29-14-0
Copper sheets Rs. 35-2-0
Copper Asho Rs. 36-8-0
Yellow metal Asho Rs. 31 (nominal)
Tone: Firm.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, July 3.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels July sellers 23/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers 23/3
South Australian Wheat parcels July sellers 25/3

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, July 3

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.94
Fine (Good Staple)	6.09
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	6.24
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	6.04
Superfine (No. 1 Staple) ..	6.19
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	6.34
BENGAL.—	
Good	4.07
Fully Good	4.17
Fine	4.27
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	4.17
Fine	4.27
Superfine	4.37

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 3

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—

July 1935	7.87
October 1935.. ..	7.87
November 1935	7.88
January 1936	7.87
March 1936	7.85
May 1936	7.83
F. G. F. Spot	8.08

LONDON RUBBER.

London, July 3.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. sellers 6.

NARROW FLUCTUATIONS

LIMITED TURNOVER IN STEEL SHARES

Electrics Dull, But Mill Shares Very Steady

Bombay, July 4.

The local Share Bazar opened steady to-day and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. During the early part there was some liquidation, but increased short-covering imparted good tone to the Market, and prices recorded some improvement but the same was lost towards the closing.

Tata Steel Deferred shares fluctuated between Rs. 621/4 and Rs. 635 and closed around Rs. 627. Steel Ordinarys were firm at the start, but under steady selling pressure, prices declined from Rs. 149 to Rs. 147/8. Hydro-Electric shares were neglected owing to utter absence of any important business.

There was fairly good enquiry for Cotton Mill shares in sympathy with improvement in new cotton prices.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, July 4.

100	Ahm. Advance	297 8
500	Bom. Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	831 4
250	Bradbury	108 12
100	Century	268 12
100	Central India	310 10
100	Colaba	139 6
100	Coorla	95 0
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	365 0
1	E D Sassoon	0 3 3
100	Finlay	111 14
100	Gokak	198 2
1000	Hindustan	1,655 0
100	Indore	67 8
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	206 4
250	Laxmi	660 0
100	Madhavji	5 0
250	Madras United	45 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, July 4.

Century 270 268 271 268-12
Bom. Dyeing 830 827 832 831-4
Kohinoor 205 203 206
Central India 310 308 311 312 310-10
New Great 142 141 143
Simplex 77 78
Swadeshi 170 173
Bundi 38-4 38-14 39 38-12 39
I. Cement 427 432 431 431-14
Punjab 28-4 28-2 28-6
Shahabad 488 485 492 491-14
Andhra 1752 1746 1755 1751 1750
Tata Hydro 151 150-10
Tata Power 1620 1619 1622 1620 1617-8
Tram. Ord. 152-8 153-2 154-1 154-6
T. Steel Dfd. 625 621 635 633 635 632 630 627-8
T. Steel Ord. 149-8 147-8 148-12 149 148-8 147-8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 155-8 154-12
Bellapur 340 336 340 339 338-12
B. Steam 305 306
B. Burma 340 347 346 343-12

1000	Morarji	800 0
250	Model	49 6
50	Mysore	100 0
200	New Great	143 12
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	317 8
25	Sassoon Silk	38 0
1000	Sholapur	2,300 0
50	Simplex	78 12
100	Swadeshi	172 13
100	Swan	85 0
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1360 0
1000	Western	850 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	100 8
25-50	Central	39 0
500	Imperial	B 1580 0
125-500	Im. Con.	400 0
50-100	India	121 12
5	Union	5 7

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	39 0
70	Gwalior	131 14
160	Indian	431 14
40	Katni Dfd.	1655 0
100	Katni Ord.	428 12
75	Okha	261 4
10	Punjab	28 6
100	Shahabad	491 14
70	United	107 0

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	12 2
15-75	New India	45 6
200	Oriental	4460 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 12

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	157 8
100	Andhra Valley	1750 0
10	Ajmer	10 12
50	Bombay Tram	154 6
100	Bombay Suburban	177 8
10	Broach	11 2
100	Karachi	230 0
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	195 0
100	Tata Hydro	180 10
1000	Tata Power	1617 8

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	370 0
100	Amr. Patty	121 0
100	C. Province	86 14
100	Dhond Baramati	94 0
100	Gujarat	72 0
100	Mandra Bhon	94 0
100	Pachora Jamner	94 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	92 0
500	Tapty Valley	771 4

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	30 4
30	Tata Steel def.	627 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	147 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Alcock	165 0
50	Belapur Sugar	338 12
250	Bombay Steam	306 11
125	Bombay Burma	343 12
50	Bombay Burma Corty	113 12

8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-5-0
50	Bombay Telephone	112 8
100	Indian Bleaching	122 8
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	512 8
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	502 8
1000	Port Canning	600 0
15	Scindia	12 3
30	Premier Construction	83 8
25	Tata Oil	18 0

PREFERENCE.

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1355 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	286 4
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	83 0
5	p.c. Central India	507 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	135 0
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	143 12
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	141 14
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1397 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	176 4
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd X.D.	154 12
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13-0
7	p.c. Vishnu	850 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.

Bombay, July 4.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 95/5
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 95/5
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 106/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106/14
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/10
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/11

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 106/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 101/3
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/9
4 per cent 1948 106/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 113/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108/5
5 per cent 1940/43 109/14
5 per cent 1935 100/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/6
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 100/13

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1947 103/12
4 per cent M Deb 1974 103/4
5 per cent M Deb 1959 114/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 126/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 126/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper, despite better sterling advices did not move, opening at 95/4 touched 95/7, but declining to 95/3 closed as above.

COTTON CROP ESTIMATE

Messrs. Clement Curtis and Co. Condition 67 per cent. Crop 10,020,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

New York Silver Ready 69 3/8
Call Loan London 1/2
T. T. London on New York 4.94 1/8
3 per cent India Sterling Loan 86 3/4
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 99
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1954/59 106
4 per cent India Sterling Loan 1948/53 108 1/2
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1950/55 113 1/2
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1958/68 116 1/2
5 per cent India Sterling Loan 1942/47 115
5 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1936/38 104 7/8
6 per cent India Sterling Loan 1935/37 101 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols 86 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion 108 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 106 7/8

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, July 4

Castorseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 33/6/6; Highest Rs. 33/9; Lowest Rs. 33/2/6; Closing Rs. 33/6/6

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 6/9/9; Lowest Rs. 6/7/9; Closing Rs. 6/8/7½

Groundnut seeds Augustd elivery: Opening Rs. 29/4; Highest Rs. 39/10; Lowest Rs. 39/2/6; Closing Rs. 39/7

Groundnut seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 6/12/3; Highest Rs. 6/12/6; Lowest Rs. 6/11; Closing Rs. 6/11/9

Cottonseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 23/2; Highest Rs. 23/6; Lowest Rs. 23/1; Closing Rs. 23/8

Cottonseeds January delivery: Opening Rs. 2/14/7½; Highest Rs. 2/14/9; Lowest Rs. 2/13/10½; Closing Rs. 2/14

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 3.

Broach J/A. Op. 233 1/2; Highest 234; Lowest 232 1/2; Closing 233 1/2

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 220 3/4, Highest 221 1/2; Lowest 220 1/2; Closing 220 3/4

Oomra July Op. 211 1/2; Highest 212; Lowest 211; Closing 212

Oomra D/J Op. 199 1/4; Highest 199 1/4; Lowest 198 1/4; Closing 198 1/2

Bengal July Op. 144; Highest 144; Lowest 143 1/2; Closing 143 1/2.

Bengal D/J. Op. 142; Highest 142; Lowest 141 3/4; Closing 141 3/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 31 1/2.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-7-35) Rs. 7 3/4.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, July 3.

	10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day Closing
July 1935 ..	..	6.55+05
August 1935 ..	..	6.45+05
September 1935 ..	..	6.34+05
October 1935 ..	6.25	6.25+06
November 1935 ..	..	6.18+06
December 1935 ..	..	6.16+06
January 1936 ..	6.15	6.15+06
February 1936 ..	..	6.14+06
March 1936 ..	..	6.14+06
April 1936 ..	..	6.13+06
May 1936	..	6.12+08
June 1936	..	6.10+07
Middling Spot ..	..	6.95+06

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, July 4.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/16
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Ready Jan
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Feb-Mar.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/16 Mail.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 5/32 Nov.

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 271 1/2
Banks selling T T 269 1/2
Banks buying T T 266 3/4

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 559
Banks buying D D 569

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 1/4

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/4
Banks buying T T 77 5/8

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 149 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 107 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90 1/4

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.94 1/8 3rd inst.
Hongkong/London 2/2 7/8 4th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/7 3/16 4th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 4th inst.
Java/London 7.20 4th inst.
London/Paris 74.47 3rd inst.
London/Belgium 20.21 3rd inst.
London/Switzerland 15.06 3rd inst.
London/Italy 59.56 3rd inst.
London/Berlin 12.21 3rd inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 3rd inst.
London/New York 4.94 1/16 3rd inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.23 1/4 3rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £7-1-7 2nd inst. £7-1-6 3rd inst.
Silver London Ready 31 2nd inst. 31 3rd inst.
Silver London Forward 31 1/4 2nd inst. 31 3/16 3rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 69 3/4 2nd inst. 69 5/8 3rd inst.
London Discounts 3 mos 5/8 p.c. 2nd inst. 5/8 p.c. 3rd inst.
London Discounts 6 mos 7/8 p.c. 2nd inst. 7/8 p.c. 3rd inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 per cent.
3 Mos 2 per cent.
6 Mos 2 1/4 per cent
Tone: Easy.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, July 3

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-9/16 per cent to 0-5/8 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-7/8 per cent to 0-7/8 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 3

T. T. London on.—

New York Closing Rate	4.94-1/16
Paris	74.47
Berlin	12.21
Madrid	35.94
Amsterdam	7.24-1/4
Brussels	29.24
Milan	59.56
Berne	15.06
Prague	117.87

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 3.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent ..	70-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later ..	86-3/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	99
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent 1950/55	113-1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ..	86-1/2
Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1961	108-1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	106-7/8
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	118-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent ..	117
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	124-1/2
National Bank of India ..	43-3/8
P. & O. Banking Corporation	10

SEEDS.

London, July 3.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton July sellers £9/2/6.

Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £11/7/6.

Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £11/12/6.

Rapeseed Toria (Hull/Cont.) C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £13/0/0.

Castors 3d. Bombay Hull Cont C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £11/17/6.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

New York, July 3

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9-7/8.

LINSEED OIL

London, July 3.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. July/Aug. sellers 20/4-1/2.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt, Jan./Apl. sellers 20/6.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, July 3.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—
c and f Calcutta per cwt.
July-Aug. nomina 6/8 1/4
c and f Bombay per cwt.
July-Aug. sellers 6/5 1/4
c and f Karachi per cwt.
July-Aug. sellers 6/5 1/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 4.

Following a rise of 9 points, the local Cotton Market opened very steady to-day at Rs. 222 for Broach April/May delivery. There was active buying, which resulted in further rise and prices were quoted at Rs. 223/8.

At this level there was some realising and the Market was fairly steady.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point and later on was quoted 3 points up. The local market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

Broach J/A	234	4	0
Broach A/M	223	4	0
Oomra July	212	8	0
Oomra D/J	200	0	0
Bengal July	144	8	0
Bengal D/J	142	8	0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, July 4

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	...	158	153	149	146
Punjab	...	158	153	149	146
Rajputana	...	159	154	150	147
Oomra No. 3	223	220	216	212	...
C P No. 1	238	235	231	227	...
C P No. 2	229	226	222	218	...
Broach No. 2	...	248	243	241	236
Punjab-Ame	...	278	275	271	266
Surat	...	318	315	311	306
Rajpipla	...	318	315	311	306
Navsari	...	323	320	316	311

WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

East: Generally fair.
Central: Partly cloudy. Local showers in the South.
West: Partly cloudy.

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, July 4

150 P R Vakharia Broach 10 on
50 P R Vakharia Kurvan 10 on
400 P R Vakharia Broach 10 on
44 Madhavji Mulji Dhuri 127
51 Madhavji Mulji Digras 13 on
82 Langli and Co Kundla 24 off
26 Mithubhai Nathoo Hansi 144 1/2
32 Gold Mohor Mill Limbdi 40 off
21 Gold Mohor Mill Wadhwan 40 off
111 Langli and Co Bhilwara 190
54 Kamia Mill Jotana 199
50 Motiram Vaghji Mor 152
12 Motiram Vaghji Botad 165

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 4

Bengal Superfine	165
Bengal Fine	157
Bengal F G	149
Sindh-Punjab Fine	157
Sindh-Punjab F G	149
Wardha-Hingt	236
Nagpur/Savner	238
Pundhurna	223/224
Yeotmal	223
Arvi	220
Ellichpur	220
Berar	215/217
Khamgaon	217/219
Mulkapur	213/215
Khandesh	211/213
Jalna/Sailu	211/213
Burwah/Sanavad	213/215
Broach Fine	241/246
Punjab/American	275/280
Punjab/American mix	255/260
Cambodia	310/315
Coompta Good	270/275
Kampala	361
Busoga	358
Jinja	350

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 4

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	41	252,991
Central India	...	107,987
Barsi and Nagar	1	107,670
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	46,511
Berar	215	401,090
Central Provinces	146	94,923
Total Oomras	403	1,011,171
Dholera	6	188,923
N W Provinces	...	33,458
Rajputana	627	44,996
Sind-Punjab	1,374	315,074
Broach	...	131,372
Coompta and Dharwar	174	85,784
Westerns-Northerns	280	65,481
Cocoanada	...	326
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	102	73,381
Persian	...	2,644
American	...	69,598
Egyptian and African	...	332,131
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	717
Total	2,966	2,355,050

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 27th June

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	200	367,773
Japan and China	1,850	1,068,157
Coast Ports	...	27,783
Up-country by Rail	...	221,632
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	12,028
Total	2,050	1,697,373

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 3-7-35	4350000	7572000
Receipts yesterday 3-7-35	1000	6000
Exports to date 3-7-35	4799000	7405000
Stock at Ports 28-6-35	1313000	2564000
Stock at Interior Towns 28-6-35	201000	1223000
Stock at Liverpool 28-6-35	678000	990000
Visible Supply 28-6-35	3713000	5725000
Quantity in sight 28-6-35	7972000	11897000
Quantity out of sight 28-6-35	9577000	12725000

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 2nd July 2,242 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 2,352,084 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,247,161 bales
Increase 104,923 bales

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

REGD. NO. B. 1065

JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of
INSURANCE Business.
J2

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1935

Tariff Board To Go?

ANXIETY TO PLACATE BRITISH TRADE

Body Similar To Statutory Rly. Board To Be Set Up

BOMBAY, July 4.

The United Press understands that the question of changing the constitution of the existing Tariff Board has engaged the serious attention of the authorities in London and it is widely rumoured that Tariff Board is likely to be dissolved shortly, even before the expiry of its recently extended term and be replaced by what is called "Pact Tariff Board" which will have a similar footing as the Statutory Railway Board and Reserve Bank.

New President

It is surmised that as soon as the present Tariff Board completes the enquiry into the classification of paper industry it will be dissolved and the new Board will come into being.

The composition of the new Board is yet uncertain, but the name of Sir Allen Green, the Deputy High Commissioner for India in London, is freely mentioned as the possible president, in view of his extensive knowledge of Indian Industries and Trade.

Safety Of Mody-Lees Pact

It is also rumoured in commercial circles that the first thing the Board will be called upon to tackle is the Mody-Lees Pact which expires by the end of the year. In view of the present temper of the Legislative Assembly, the Government seem to be anxious to get the Mody-Lees Pact certified by the Board before it is presented to the Budget Session of the Assembly.

Britain Dictates

The proposed change in the Tariff Board is understood to be a sequel to the anxiety of the authorities to placate the Industrial group of the British Parliament who are opposed to conceding even the little fiscal autonomy hitherto enjoyed by India, and further strengthen the British Trade in India before the advent of the New Reforms.—United Press.

Pola Negri, who played the leading part in the new picture "Mazurka" shot in Berlin, attended a performance at the Berlin Wintergarten variety to see her Polish countrymen in the Polish National Ballet.

GRUESOME MURDER

Young Girl Done To Death And Packed In Box

CALCUTTA, July 4.

A sensational Trunk Murder Case has just been unearthed by the Muchipara Police.

It is reported that Suvadra Ooriya, a girl of 8 years was missing from her house in Madan Gopal Lane since last night. The police, on information, kept watch and secured a heavily loaded trunk, while being taken out of a neighbouring house, apparently for despatch to an unknown destination. On opening the trunk the body of the girl supposed to have been strangled to death, was discovered and two persons carrying the trunk were arrested. The girl's ornaments also had been removed.

The motive of the crime is not known.—United Press.

FIRE HAVOC AT ETAWAH

Protest Against Want Of Municipality's Arrangements To Fight Them

ETAWAH, July 4.

Etawah city was the scene of several fires during the last week in which about 30 shops and two motor firms were completely gutted. The loss is estimated to be over Rs. 150,000. There being no proper facilities in the local Municipality for extinguishing fire, they were controlled after several hours hard labour by the officials and the public.

Two well attended public meetings were held in which both Hindus and Muslims participated in large numbers, and resolutions were passed condemining the negligence of the Municipality in making no proper arrangements for controlling fires.

A Municipal Councillor admitted that the Municipality deserved censure for their negligence in making no proper arrangements to fight fires when they break out.

It was also resolved at the meeting to open a relief fund for the sufferers from fire.—United Press.

RESTRAINT ORDER ON DELHI YOUTHS

Three Asked To Quit Province And Two Others Interned

NEW DELHI, July 3.

The Chief Commissioner, Delhi Province, has served notice last night under section 3 of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act on half a dozen young men, who were recently arrested under section 18 of the Press Act in connection with the publication of Anti-Silver Jubilee red posters, restraining their activities.

Of the six young men, Chandika Prashad, Lakshman Pathik and Sachidanand were directed to leave Delhi Province within 24 hours while Kanhaya Lala was ordered to remain within the Municipal limits. Nand Kishore was ordered to leave the Municipal area and notified area. Narain Dass Garg was directed not to leave ward No. 3 of the local Municipality where he resides.

It may be recalled that cases under section 18 of the Press Act are pending against almost all of them and they are enlarged on bail.—United Press.

BODH GAYA TEMPLE COMMITTEE

Will Meet At Gaya On July 8

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, July 4.

The All-India Bodh Gaya Temple Enquiry Committee will meet at Rai Hariprasad Lal's house at Gaya on the 8th instant. The Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha will also meet at Gaya on the 10th instant.

Preparations are proceeding apace for the same. Guests who will be arriving by the 7th will be accommodated at Rai Hariprasad Lal's residence.

A Trivandrum message says it is understood that Mr. T. R. Raman Pillai, Assistant Superintendent of Police, (C. I. D.,) has been appointed acting Superintendent of Police, Traffic and C. I. D., in the vacancy caused by the promotion of Mr. R. Pitchu Aiyengar, Traffic Superintendent, as acting Police Commissioner, Travancore.

OLD WOMAN STABBED

Sequel To Demand Of Money Due To Her By Her Debtor

ELLORE, June 29.

J. Laxmamma, a 70 year old woman of Ellore belonging to the Vaisya community was saved from what would have been inevitable death by the timely intervention of the District Magistrate and District Superintendent of Police yesterday night.

According to her story her sister's son was in debt to her and she was pressing him for payment. She went to his village and demanded her dues. The man said that some person in another village four miles from Ellore owed him money and that if she accompanied him he would collect the money from his debtor and pay her.

Accordingly both of them proceeded to the village. The man passed sometime at the village and when it grew dark asked Laxmamma to accompany him to Ellore. They proceeded some distance along the railway line when the man whipped out a knife and attacked her. She received serious injuries and when she raised an alarm her assailant ran away.

Her cries attracted the attention of the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police who were talking to each other about 150 yards away at their residences. They rushed to the spot and rendered her first aid and a statement was recorded from her. She was carried to the Government Headquarters Hospital, Ellore in the District Magistrate's car when the Sub-Magistrate recorded her dying declaration.

The Police recovered a blood stained knife from the place where she was attacked. The alleged assailant has since been apprehended and investigation is proceeding.—A. P.

PIR MOTAMIYAN SAHEB OF MANGROL

His Holiness Pir Motamiyan Sahib Chisti of the Religious Gadi of Mangrol, after staying more than a month at Dumas, as a guest of H. H. the Nawab Sahib of Sachin, left for Surat on July 2, and was given a hearty send-off befitting his high dignity as the Raj Guru of the state.

During his stay His Holiness marked the keen interest taken by H. H. the Nawab Sahib in the general advancement of his subjects.

JAMNAGAR AND DWARKA RLY.

Special Facilities Offered For Transport To Cutch

JAMNAGAR, July 1

Recently special measures have been adopted by the Jamnagar and Dwarka Railway administration to increase the transport facilities to Cutch and a step in this direction is the introduction of the through booking of parcels to Cutch. Parcels can now be through booked to four Cutch Railway stations via: Bhuj, Anjar, Kukma and Bhachau from 1-6-1935 from any Railway station in India.

Upto now great hardships had been experienced in absence of this arrangement. The Cutchis had to spend heavy Postal charges by sending the things by post parcels or had to make some arrangement for re-booking at Jamnagar and Kandla which was a very difficult task especially for those who have no acquaintances or friends at Jamnagar and Kandla. This facility, it is hoped, will be greatly appreciated by the Cutchis who will now be able to send fruits, mangoes and other things to their friends and relatives in Cutch.

As a further attraction, the third class fare between Jamnagar and Kandla (Cutch) has also been reduced and the Railway administration are making strenuous efforts to study local conditions and to adopt as far as possible such measures as would afford an increased amount of comfort, safety and facility to the public travelling by this route.

This route being the Royal Mail Route for the whole of the Cutch Peninsula with a daily running all-weather steamer service, is already popular and these further facilities will enhance its popularity and are bound to attract traffic.

BENARES'S HEALTH PROBLEM SOLVED

Rs. 1,50,000 Provided For Proper Maintenance Of Sewers

BENARES, July 4.

The inadequate and inefficient drainage of Benares presents a very old and vexed Municipal problem from the point of view of sanitation and public health. Moreover, the discharge of sullage into the sacred Ganges has been a blot on sanitary administration and an offence to Hindu religious susceptibilities for many years.

It is now reliably learnt that expert examination has led to certain instructions and advice to the Benares Municipality. Briefly, it is reported that the existing sewers will in all probability suffice to meet all or nearly all the needs of the city if properly maintained. A provision of Rs. 1,50,000 has been made in the current year's budget of the Municipality for this important work.

It is also learnt that a sewage farm is under consideration but there are no definite plans regarding it at present.—A. P.

PUNJAB SIKHS AGITATED

Muslim Demonstrators At Lahore Gurdwara Dispersed By Lathi Charge

LAHORE, July 3.

The police resorted to a mild lathi charge this evening on a crowd of about 1,000 Muslim who collected in front of the Shahidganj Gurdwara, and made demonstrations. The crowd was dispersed but groups of Muslims are still loitering in the vicinity of the Gurdwara.

A fresh contingent of one-thousand Akalis arrived in the evening from different parts of the province, bringing the total of Akalis so far mustered in Lahore in connection with the disturbance to 3,500. The Central Akali Dal is holding a meeting to-morrow to consider the situation.

The Sikhs are greatly agitated and the Sikh leaders have taken up a strong attitude. They held a meeting to-day at Shahidganj. Even the press was not allowed entry to the conference.

A deputation of the Sikh leaders waited to-day on the District Magistrate, and placed their demands before him.

Sardar Bahadur Mehtab Singh, the well-known Sikh leader states that he is seeking the sanction of the S.G. P. C. to contribute a lakh of rupees, summon 1,000 bags of flour in the event of a morcha by the Sikhs for the sake of the Gurdwara.—United Press.

(Continued from Column 7)

tages to be gained by modifications in locomotive design and so enable us to decide to what extent the adoption of such modification is finally justified. During the past two years, 15 trials have been carried out. With the information obtained from the tests made by the car the Railway Board are also able to ascertain to what extent the increased capital expenditure on extensive modifications in locomotive design is really justified.

FULL-TIME OFFICER NEEDED.

The programme for 1935 provides for 5 trials and the Railway Board are convinced that the car will be fully occupied in future to justify the creation of a permanent post for an officer-in-charge of it. The concurrence of the Standing Finance Committee to the creation of a permanent Post in the junior scale of pay of the Mechanical Department is requested. The extra cost as shown in the proposition statement attached will be Rs. 425 or 675 according as the post is held by an officer entitled to the new or old scales of pay respectively.—United Press.

Rolling Stock For Indian Railways

Financial Commissioner Presents 3 Crores Programme To Committee

SIMLA, July 4.

The rolling stock programme of the various railway administrations for 1936-37 estimated to cost Rs. 3 crores, were placed before the Standing Finance Committee for Railways, which met to-day at Bangalore under the Chairmanship of Mr. P. R. Rau, the Financial Commissioner of Railways.

In course of a lengthy Memorandum by the Financial Commissioner, the approval of the Committee is sought to the programmes which have been drawn up on the form in which they will be presented to the Legislative Assembly in February 1936, as part of the budget for capital expenditure on open lines during 1936-37.

Giving a brief review of the programme as a whole the Memorandum states:—

I should at the outset explain to the Committee why the rolling stock portion of the capital programme is dealt with in advance of the rest. The reason is that delivery of rolling stock cannot generally be obtained till after some considerable time from the date on which orders are placed; this varies from about six months in the case of wagons to eighteen months in the case of locomotives. It has, therefore, been the practice to place the rolling stock portion of the programme before the committee early in the year about June or July, and after their approval, to call for tenders for items which they have approved, and place orders in anticipation of the formal approval of the Assembly.

The programme to which the Committee's approval is now asked may subsequently require modification in some respects for various reasons.

Any modifications of the programme that may be made will be placed before the Committee for approval at a later meeting.

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE

As members of the Committee are no doubt aware, all additions to rolling stock are charged to capital, renewals or replacements of existing stock are charged partly to capital and partly to the depreciation fund. On State-managed Railways the original cost of the asset replaced is charged to the depreciation fund and the balance to the capital. On Company-managed Railways a portion of the total cost representing roughly the cost of replacement by a like asset is charged to revenue (in Government accounts to the depreciation fund) and the balance to capital.

The total estimated expenditure to which the approval of the Committee is now asked is Rs. 300 lakhs, of which 73 lakhs will be charged to capital and 227 lakhs to the depreciation fund. The broad distribution of the total of 300 lakhs is as follows:—

(In lakhs of Rupees)

	Capital.	Dep. Fund.	Total.
Locomotives	19	53	34
Boilers	7	33	40
Carriages	66	113	179
Wagons	19	28	47
	73	227	309

COACHING STOCK

When stock is condemned and broken up without replacement, the original cost is, on State-managed railways, written off the capital account and charged to the depreciation fund. In the present programme, the amounts so transferred total 51 lakhs.

It will be seen that heavier expenditure than in the previous is involved in 1936-37 on account of coaching stock, but, in spite of this, large provision having to be made for necessary renewals the number of coaching units, which in 1936-37 will have been in service for 30 years and for which provision for replacement has not been made or asked for by railway administrations, amounts to no less than 3,065. This is due to the fall in our coaching traffic which has enabled us to reduce replacements to the minimum.

In addition to the 48 locomotives to be purchased, 59 old and obsolete type locomotives on the G. I. P. and N. W. Railways will be scrapped in 1936-37 without replacement. This will involve a transfer of Rs. 30 lakhs from the depreciation fund and will reduce capital correspondingly.

CONVERSION OF EXPENSES

A provision of 4.96 lakhs has also been made for a conversion of 5 engines to poppet valve gear on the G. I. P. Railway and the conversion of 11 broad gauge and 9 narrow gauge locomotives from saturated to superheat with poppet valve gear on the B. N. Railway.

The original demands made by Railways for departmental inspection carriages were for 61 units (34 broad gauge, 25 metre gauge and 2 narrow gauge). Of these 41 have been accepted by the Board. These include 30 units forming part of the programme already approved by the Standing Finance Committee last year.

Exclusive of broad gauge pooled general service wagons, which are dealt with separately, the total provision proposed amounts to a sum of Rs. 47 lakhs of which 19 lakhs will be charged to capital and 28 lakhs to the depreciation fund.—United Press.

DYNAMOMETER CAR

Need For Special Full Time Officer

SIMLA, July 4.

The following memorandum on the creation of a permanent post in the junior scale of the Mechanical Department, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, for Dynamometer Car, was placed before the Standing Finance Committee for Railways which met at Bangalore to-day.

The Dynamometer Car, being composed of extremely complicated and delicate instruments and equipment, much of which is electro-mechanical in operation and needs frequent and most careful calibration and adjustment, could not be entrusted to any officer of the Mechanical Department unless he had had special training in this work. For these reasons the Agent recommended the creation of a permanent post in the junior scale of the Mechanical Department.

REQUEST RENEWED

The Railway Board after careful consideration decided to defer their decision on the necessity of a permanent post till they had obtained full information about the results of the tests made by the Car and sanctioned the creation of an additional post, in the Junior Scale as a temporary measure for two years in the first instance. The temporary sanction expired on the 6th June 1935, and the Agent has renewed his request for making the post permanent.

The Dynamometer Car is intended for all the State-managed Railways. One of the principal uses of the car is to obtain definite knowledge of the advan-

(Continued in Column 5.)

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.